



## **Bespoke Permit Application**

Poppyhill Water Recycling Centre

Anglian Water Services Ltd  
May 2022 (update November 2023)

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## [Bespoke Permit Application for Waste Operations at Poppyhill WRC](#)

### Non-technical Summary and Overview

This Environmental Permit application has been made by Anglian Water Services (AWS) Limited for Poppyhill Sewage Treatment Works (Water Recycling Centre; WRC) located at Poppyhill Water Recycling Centre, Cambridge Road, Biggleswade SG15 6GH (NGR: TL 19062 38503), hereby referred to as Poppyhill WRC. Poppyhill WRC operates under the Urban Wastewater Treatment Regulations (UWwTR) for the treatment of indigenous sewage sludge. The site’s operation is a non-hazardous waste activity which is currently carried out under a registered T21 exemption (WEX158318). The waste activity comprises of physio-chemical treatment of indigenous sewage, and the import and storage of wastes. Poppyhill WRC temporarily stores treated cake produced at other AWS sites before it can be deployed to land under Sludge Use in Agriculture Regulations (SUIAR). No hazardous waste is imported or treated at Poppyhill WRC. The site has a standalone Water Discharge Activity Environmental Permit which will remain an independent permitted activity.

The pre-application reference from the Environment Agency is EA/EPR/KB3603UB/A001.

AWS are applying for a bespoke waste operation permit for the WRC waste activity, due to the Environment Agency’s decision that waste operation sites that store and treat wastes must be permitted under Environmental Permitting Regulations (EPR), and should no longer operate under a T21 waste exemption. Poppyhill is within 200 metres of dwellings therefore a bespoke application is

required and is based on SR 2010 No 17 as the site only imports wastes for storage purposes. There will be no increases to the storage capacity on the WRC.

The bespoke permit is to operate the cake pad area of the site for the storage of biosolids wastes before they are deployed to land. The water recycling centre treatment process is not included in this bespoke permit as this operates under the Urban Wastewater Treatment Regulations. AWS is seeking to set the total quantity of imported waste accepted at the WRC as 100,000 tonnes per annum (tpa), in line with a T21 waste exemption. The maximum amount of cake stored to Poppyhill WRC at any one time is 1500 tonnes and will not be stored for more than 12 months.

No additional infrastructure or site operations will be changed or installed as part of this permit application.

### 1.1 Environmental Setting

Poppyhill WRC serves a population equivalent of 21,200 and receives flow from a catchment area of Arlesey and surrounding areas. The discharges are managed on an existing discharge permit, and this will remain a separate independent permitted activity.

The site sits outside 200m of an a European Site, Ramsar Site, or a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI). The closest designated site is Henlow Common and Langford Meadows (LNR), just over 1.7km to the north. The closest SSSI is Southill Lake and Woods, approximately 6km to the north west of the site.

The site is not within an Air Quality Management Area; the closest AQMA is in Bedford approximately 15km to the north west.

There are no point source emissions to land from the waste operation. There are no point or fugitive emissions to surface water or groundwater during normal operation.

Refer to the Environmental Risk Assessment and Environmental Management Plan for the risks and mitigation measures in place at Poppyhill WRC.

### 1.2 Document content and structure

The following application forms have been completed to support the application and have been submitted as stand-alone documents, as well as referenced throughout this supporting document:

- Part A: About You
- Part B2: New bespoke permit
- Part B4: New bespoke waste operation permit
- Part F1: Charges and declarations

The main body of the permit application document ('Poppyhill Non Technical Summary') includes all the supplementary information required in response to relevant questions within the Part A, Part B2, Part B4 and Part F1 application forms for which there was insufficient space on the forms to answer the questions in full.

This environmental permit application document ('Poppyhill Non Technical Summary') consists of four main parts:

- '1: Part A' provides information relating to Form A and contact details,
- '2: Part B2' provides the general information required to inform Form B2 relating to the application of a new bespoke permit,
- '3: Part B4' provides the more detailed information required to inform Form B4 relating the new bespoke waste operation permit; and
- '4: Form F1' covers the required financial information required for payment of the application fee

Additional information included as part of this submission and not as stand-alone documents, are found in the following appendices:

- Appendix A – Site location plan
- Appendix B – Site plan showing permit boundary

Stand-alone documents included as part of this submission, are detailed below:

- Environmental Risk Assessment
- Climate Change Risk Assessment
- Environmental Management Plan
- Odour Management Plan
- Certificates – ISO 9001, ISO 14001, CMS for technical competence
- Site Condition Report
- Letter of Delegation
- Habitats Screening (EA)
- Form B4
- Form B2
- Form A
- Form F1

## 1. Part A – About you

Anglian Water Services is a registered company. The company registration number is 02366656, registered 1 April 1989.

### Director details (question 5)

#### Director and Company Secretary contacts:

Barry, John Richard (Mr) – [REDACTED]

Buck, Steven John (Mr) - [REDACTED]

Ceeney, Natalie (Ms) - [REDACTED]

Chintamaneni Deepu Prasad – [REDACTED]

Courtice, Veronica Anne (Dame) - [REDACTED]

Hirst, John Raymond (Mr) - [REDACTED]

Matthews Colin Stephen – [REDACTED]

Nassuphis, Alexandros – [REDACTED]

Ogier, Batiste Thomas Degaris – [REDACTED]

Patel, Zarin Homi (Ms) - [REDACTED]

Phillips-Davies Paul Merton Alistair – [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (Ms) - [REDACTED]

**Directors dates of birth should be redacted wherever this application is made public.**

### Contact details (question 6, 7)

#### Application contact:

Name: Donald Haymes

Address: Anglian Water Services, Lancaster House, Lancaster Way, Huntingdon, PE29 6XU

Phone number: 07811 606787

Email: [dhaymes@anglianwater.co.uk](mailto:dhaymes@anglianwater.co.uk)

#### Operational contact:

Name: Lloyd Taylor (Assistant Treatment Manager)

Address: Poppyhill Recycling Centre, Recycling Centre, Cambridge Road, Biggleswade SG15 6GH

Phone number: 07976 819733

Email: ITaylor11@anglianwater.co.uk

## 2. Part B2 - General – new bespoke permit

### 2.1 Discussions before your application (question 1a/b)

This application follows on from pre-application advice, reference EA/EPR/KB3603UB/A001

The permit is for a permanent site not a mobile plant.

### 2.2 Site details (question 2)

Site address: Poppyhill Water Recycling Centre, Cambridge Road, Biggleswade SG15 6GH

Grid reference: TL 19062 38503

#### 2.2.1 Regulated Facility Type (question 2b)

This is a waste operation site

### 2.3 About the site (question 2d, 2e, 2f, 2g)

The application is for a waste operation permit, and no activities regarding treatment of batteries or ship recycling will take place.

### 2.4 Technical ability (question 3)

No relevant person in AWS relating to this permit application has been convicted of any relevant offence. Any information relating to previous AWS convictions is provided in the standalone document AWS convictions April 2023.

Operational management is provided by qualified individuals and considered to be technically competent. All staff on site are trained to manage and operate activities without causing pollution. Competency in terms of the requirements of the environmental permit will be ensured through the appropriate training of all staff, covering:

- Awareness of the regulatory implications of the Permit for the permitted activity and their own work activities;
- Awareness of all potential environmental effects from operation under normal and abnormal circumstances;
- Awareness of the need to report any deviation from the Permit; and
- Prevention of accidental emissions, and action to be taken when accidental emissions occur.

All staff are aware of the implications of activities undertaken including the operation of the site. Skills and competencies necessary to work on site are documented and records of training needs and training received for these posts are maintained.

Currently AWS uses the AWS developed technical competency course to demonstrate that personnel have the appropriate technical skills and knowledge to manage the activities undertaken. The AWS scheme is independently certificated as meeting the requirements of the Standard. The Competence Management System (CMS) enables Operators to demonstrate technically competent management on the basis of corporate competence and employees' individual competence. Individual competence remains a key component with each employee having the relevant technical competences required to carry out their role.

AWS engage a third-party certification body (LRQA) to audit and certify the CMS. The CMS certificate has been included in the application pack for reference.

#### 2.4.1 Details of the technically competent managers

Lloyd Taylor

James Litchfield

Kate Forshaw

All those listed are trained on the CMS system and deemed technical competent, or will be within 12 months of permit issue.

#### 2.4.2 Your ability as an operator, continued (question 3)

The technically competent manager, Lloyd Taylor, does not provide technical competence for any other waste permitted site at present. Lloyd is also assistant treatment manager for Chalton WRC, which is currently in the process of being permitted with a bespoke permit.

### 2.5 Management Systems (question 3b)

AWS's water recycling operations department has internal quality procedures for the operation, maintenance, and monitoring of its treatment assets. AWS continues to develop these standards, policy and procedures to improve environmental performance at its treatment plants.

An Environmental Management Plan (EMP) is in place, prescribing requirements for:

- establishing an environmental policy;
- determining environmental aspects and impacts of products / activities / services through a risk assessment process;
- planning environmental objectives and measurable targets;
- implementing and operating programs to meet objectives and targets;
- ensuring compliance with environmental legislation including the requirements of environmental permits;
- checking and corrective action; and
- management review.



The EMP allows for the auditing of environmental performance against given criteria and those within the Environmental Permit to demonstrate continual improvement as part of the Plan, Do, Check, Act methodology.

AWS has a site specific environmental management plan for each permitted AWS site, including Poppyhill WRC. The site specific environmental management plan (refer to EMP in application folder) was developed to identify potential risks of the activities carried out, manage and control these impacts. The EMP also acts as a signposting tool for staff to understand what plans and mitigation are in place for:

- risk mitigation,
- odour control,
- reducing impacts on biodiversity.

AWS has a number of policies and procedures covering the O&M and monitoring of wastewater treatment processes that include sludge treatment plants; these policies and procedures fall within AWS's overarching management systems. The key procedures are called POSWASTES, POSMAINT and POSTEL.

POSWASTES includes policies, procedures and standards covering all aspects of wastewater treatment operation and associated storage of biosolids, including day-to-day operation, training requirements for operators and sampling / testing. POSMAINT covers policies and standards for the maintenance of assets such as planned preventative maintenance and reactive maintenance. POSTEL covers AWS remote monitoring telemetry systems, including policies and standards for alarm action codes, response times and data collection.

### 2.5.2 Roles and Responsibilities

The Treatment Manager is supported and advised by experts within the Energy Team, Process Science team and the Environmental Regulation team. The Treatment Manager has a staff of works technicians reporting to them.

The Waste Permitting Scientist located within the Quality and Environmental team for AWS provides face to face CMS training to all appropriate AWS personnel and the Treatment Manager, and once issued, training will be provided in respect of the obligations of the Environmental Permit for the site.

ISO 14001 Environmental Management only covers the Water Recycling Operational Logistics (WROL) and Circular Economy (CE) teams activities on site and sludge and cake movements between AWS sites. The WROL and CE environmental management system manages the impact of the activities carried out by the team as detailed below:

- Cake storage on site and it's compliance to the waste permit
- Haulage of AWS sludge and cake to and from the WRC
- Spreading biosolids on land – the regulation of this activity is covered under a separate mobile plant permit.

The scope of ISO 14001 covers the activities that WROL and CE carry out, rather than the WRCs itself as the site's responsibility lies with the Water Recycling team (the site owners). Locations that are listed on the ISO 14001 certificate relate to the main office bases for the WROL and CE teams.

The Water Recycling team own and manage the permit and have operational control over the WRC, and work in conjunction with AWS's WROL and CE teams who oversee cake movements and storage of cake on site. Any complaints received proven to be specific to WROL and CE operations will be passed on to the WROL and CE Environmental Compliance Team for further investigation.

### 2.5.3 Compliance monitoring

AWS ensures compliance with both relevant legislation and appropriate standards (for example Environmental Permit conditions) by undertaking regular legislation reviews to identify updates to legislation and guidance applicable to the Plant and its management. The Strategic Waste Planner monitors waste imports into site to ensure they are below permitted limits.

The Treatment Manager is in regular contact with several colleagues regarding operational and compliance issues.

## 2.6 Supporting Information (question 5)

### 2.6.1 Site Layout

Refer to Appendix A for the Site location plans

Refer to Appendix B for the Site plan

### 2.6.2 Site Condition Report (question 5b)

A site condition report has been completed as part of this permit application. Refer to the stand-alone document entitled Site Condition Report for more information.

As this is a new permit application, only the relevant sections 1-3 inclusive have been completed.

## 2.7 Environmental Risk Assessment (question 6)

### 2.7.1 Introduction

Using the methodology outlined in with the EA's environmental management guidance 'Risk Assessments for your environmental permit', this section provides a revised assessment of the effects of releases from the WRC cake storage area on the environment. It also provides a justification that the measures in place for their control will adequately protect the environment. Emissions resulting in insignificant effects have been screened out; where further detailed assessments of potential environmental impacts are required this is also noted. A full description of the nature of the releases and measures to control them is provided in Section 3.2 below.

### 2.7.2 Summary of site and sensitive receptors

Poppyhill WRC is located to the south of Langford, and is an rural setting, immediately surrounded by farmland. The site is bordered by the railway to the east, and the closest residential property is 0.4km to the south east, across from the railway line.

Poppyhill WRC sits outside 200m of an a European Site, Ramsar Site, or a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI). The closest designated site is Henlow Common and Langford Meadows (LNR), just over 1.7km to the north. The closest SSSI is Southill Lake and Woods, approximately 6km to the north west of the site. Poppyhill WRC is not in Air Quality Management Area (AQMA; Figure 1). The Environmental Risk Assessment and Environmental Management Plan describe any potential impacts to sensitive receptors and mitigation measures to adequately control the impact on the environment.

A climate change risk assessment has been carried out as a part of this application, and additional information can be found within the Environmental Management Plan. A total screening score of 7 was found using the Climate Change Risk Screening in Part B2 Form; The site will be used for at least 40 years, the site has a very low or low risk of flooding, and mains water is used for site operations, although final effluent (FE) is used were possible. Therefore the Climate Change Risk Assessment was completed, and further information was added to the Environmental Management Plan.

The site is situated in an primarily rural area and there have been no complaints of odour therefore even where odour may increase with increasing temperatures, there is a very limited risk on sensitive receptors. If odours do become an issue in the future, this would be proactively managed in line with the odour management plan.

Flooding from surface water is shown to be a low risk to the sites operations as Poppyhill WRC <sup>1</sup>. Flooding from rivers and the sea was deemed a very low risk as the site is suitably above sea level. To the best of AWS's knowledge there has never been a flooding event at Poppyhill WRC

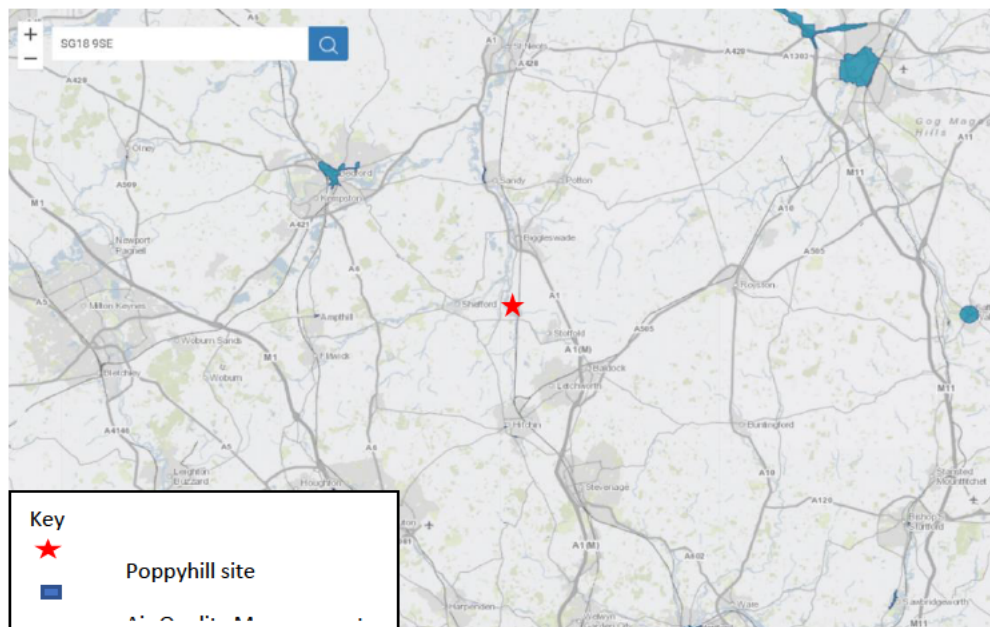


Figure 1: Air Quality Management Areas

<sup>1</sup>The government 'Check the long term flood risk for an area in England' tool: <https://flood-warning-information.service.gov.uk/long-term-flood-risk/risk>

### 3. Part B4 - New bespoke waste operation permit

#### 3.1 Waste Operations (question 1)

Poppyhill WRC waste operation is currently permitted to accept a total quantity of 100,000 tonnes per annum (tpa) (on a T21 exemption). This application proposes to vary the current waste operation to accept up to 100,000 tonnes per annum, in line with the T21. The pre-application advise reference is EA/EPR/KB3603UB/A001

Table 1a: Waste operations which do not form part of an installation

Name of the waste operation	Schedule 1 or other references	Description of the waste operation	Annex I (D codes) and Annex II (R codes) and descriptions	Hazardous waste treatment capacity	Non-hazardous waste treatment capacity
Poppyhill WRC	Storage	Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the Site where it is produced).	R13		Maximum 1500 tonnes at any one time
	Raw material storage	Storage of raw materials including treated biosolids			
For all waste operations	Total storage capacity				1500 tonnes
	Annual throughput <sup>1</sup>				100,000 tonnes

**1 This figure excludes flows through sewers and the treatment process as this is covered under UWWTD. Only cake imports should be considered as a throughput in the context of this permit.**

#### 3.1.1 Types of waste accepted (question 1 continued)

Only the following waste codes are accepted as imports to Poppyhill WRC. No hazardous waste is accepted. The total quantity of waste accepted will be no more than 100,000 tonnes per annum.

Table 2: Waste codes accepted at Poppyhill WRC

Waste Code	WM3 Description of waste	Anglian Water Description
19 06 06	digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste	Digested cake
19 08 05	sludges from treatment of urban waste water	Raw sludge

The code required is 19 06 06, to reflect the recent changes to the Environment Agency's interpretation of cake from a waste water treatment works. 19 08 05 has also been included as requested in the pre application advise.

A maximum of 1500 tonnes of biosolids (treated cake) will be stored at Poppyhill at any of time. Biosolids will not have cake stored for more than 12 months.

## 3.2 Point source emissions

### 3.2.1 Point source emissions to air (question 2)

There are no point source emissions to air, land, or water. There are no generators on site.

### 3.2.2 Point source emissions to water (other than sewer)

There are no point source emissions to water from the site. There are no point source emissions to water as part of the proposal. There are no soakaways on site.

### 3.2.3 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatments or other transfers off site

There are no point source emissions to water from the site other than sewer. There are no point source emissions to water as part of the proposal. Discharges are permitted under a separate permit as highlighted above.

### 3.2.4 Point source emissions to land

There are no point source emissions to land from the site. There are no point source emissions to land as part of the proposal.

## 3.3 Operating techniques (question 3)

### 3.3.1 Technical standards

The table below provides further information in relation to the activity at the site. The table lists the technical guidance relevant to the site, used to inform the techniques and measures proposed to prevent and reduce waste arising and emissions of substances and heat, including during periods of start-up and shut-down, leaks and momentary stoppage/malfunction.

The Environmental Management System and Environmental Risk Assessment (refer to documents in application pack) indicate that, given the current and continued use of appropriate management measures, there are not expected to be any significant risks to the environment arising as a result of the proposed continuation of site operations and imports of imported sludge to be accepted at the site. Where a risk has been shown in these documents, appropriate mitigation measures have been put in place to minimise the risk to the environment.

As there is technical guidance and standards and within the technical guidance there is no choice of standards and it is not proposed to use another standard there is no need to justify using the technical guidance or standards. Section 3.2 above indicates there will be no point source emissions

to air, water, land or sewer or other transfers off site. Diffuse emissions have been screened out in the environmental risk assessment provided as a stand alone document with this application.

## Technical Guidance

Table 3 Technical Standards

Description of the operation	Relevant Technical guidance	Document reference
<b>Poppyhill WRC</b>	Environmental management - guidance Developing a management system: environmental permits	<a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/develop-a-management-system-environmental-permits">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/develop-a-management-system-environmental-permits</a>
	Environmental management - guidance Control and monitor emissions for your environmental permit	<a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/control-and-monitor-emissions-for-your-environmental-permit">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/control-and-monitor-emissions-for-your-environmental-permit</a>
	Environmental management - guidance Risk Assessment for your environmental permit	<a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/risk-assessments-for-your-environmental-permit">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/risk-assessments-for-your-environmental-permit</a>
	Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities - Biowaste Appropriate Measure Guidance	<a href="#">Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities - Guidance - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a>

### 3.3.2. The Site Process (question 3 continued)

There are no proposed changes to the site activities as a result of this permit application. The processes are the same what operated under the T21 exemption.

Treated cake is only imported for temporary storage on the site's storage pad – no cake will be stored for longer than is necessary and will only be stored on the designated pad area. There is adequate site drainage around the pads to reduce the risk of pollutions, and this flows back to the head of the works for full treatment. If there is deemed an issue with the storage pad then cake is removed until further notice whilst the issue is fixed.

### 3.3.3 Acceptance of wastes

There will be no changes to the current waste acceptance procedure as followed under the T21 exemption. No hazardous waste will be accepted. Only wastes listed in Table 2 above are accepted at Poppyhill WRC.

Digested cake (19 06 06) is imported from other AWS sites for storage. Digested cake is BAS compliant and stored until it can be recycled to land.

The following acceptance procedures are in place:

- Quantity of waste delivered is measured
- Unloading is undertaken by trained operative
- Vehicle movements are managed by WROL.

Given all cake is from other Anglian Water sites, AWS is aware of the composition of the waste, handling requirements and the EWC codes to ensure that these are compliant with the EWC codes of waste that can be accepted as contained in the Environmental Permit. The reception area is regularly inspected to ensure that there are no cracks or damage to the integrity of the impervious areas. The reception area has drainage to ensure that any spillages are collected and contained and transferred to the head of the WRC for treatment.

### 3.3.4 Management of Cake Storage

Digested cake is imported from other AWS sites after going through a treatment process as detailed in the relevant site's HACCP plan. All cake is compliant with BAS (biosolids assurance scheme). Any requirements for quarantining stock is detailed in the HACCP plan. Sampling is done at the relevant treatment site, not at Poppyhill WRC.

The cake pad is concrete pad with walls and a roof.

The only handling of the waste is done by the excavators, operated by WROL /contractor's technically competent people.

The CE Recycling and Environmental Compliance Team inspect the site at regular intervals. In addition there is a framework of AW employees and contractors (drivers) who will monitor cake stocks and flag any potential compliance issues to the Recycling and Environmental Compliance Team as needed. ISO 14001 accredited Environmental Management System for WROL and CE manages the impact of the activities carried out by the team as detailed below:

- Cake storage on site and it's compliance to the waste permit
- Haulage of AWS sludge and cake to and from the site
- Spreading biosolids on land – the regulation of this activity is covered under a separate mobile plant permit.

The scope of ISO 14001 covers the activities that WROL and CE carry out, rather than the site itself as the site's responsibility lies with the Water Recycling team (the site owners). Locations that are listed on the ISO 14001 certificate relate to the main office bases for the WROL and CE teams.

The Water Recycling team own and manage the permit and have operational control over the site, and work in conjunction with WROL and CE who oversee cake movements and storage of cake on

site. Any complaints received proven to be specific to WROL and CE operations will be passed on to WROL and CE Environmental Compliance Team for further investigation.

Due to the wet form of the biosolids stored on the site, they do not pose a fire risk. Therefore an Fire Prevention Plan is not required for the site.

### 3.3.5 General requirements (question 3b)

The site has been constructed and operational for a number of years. All elements of the site have been constructed to appropriate standards and are maintained by the existing management systems outlined.

The revised Environmental Risk Assessment and Odour Management Plan indicate that, given the current and continued use of appropriate management measures, there are not expected to be any significant risks to the environment arising as a result of this permit application. There are no emission limits for operations at Poppyhill WRC.

Passive controls were considered within the design process of the WRC; The tanks, pipes and valves are designed to appropriate industry standards at the time of the build (WIMES) (Note this is outside of the permit boundary). Regular checks on cake storage area integrity are undertaken as part of the ongoing monitoring regime.

### 3.3.6 Fugitive Emissions - Odour

The scope the permit application does not directly impact on odour risk. Odour modelling was not done for this permit application as odour has not been shown to be an issue on the surrounding area. Since this application does not propose to change the site operations, the situation will not change. Therefore it was determined that odour modelling was not required, and an odour management plan is not required.

Poppyhill WRC has no history of odour complaints in the last 8 years and therefore, it can be concluded that the continued sludge processing on site has not negatively affected the air quality around the WRC. On the site, regular site inspections and sniff tests are undertaken as part of the daily inspections.

### 3.3.7 Fugitive Emissions - Noise

Noise modelling was not carried out as part of this application as the current normal operation of the site has not resulted in any noise complaints. As such it is taken that the continuation of the site's activities will have minimal impact on the noise levels of the surrounding area and no noise modelling is required.

Refer to the Environmental Management Plan for further guidance; due to the very low noise impact on the surrounding area a Noise Management Plan has not been created. Despite this, appropriate measures have been considered for noise as all equipment on site is maintained under the AWS internal management system, POSMAINT, and there is an existing complaints procedure in place in case there are any complaints in the future.

Furthermore, the control measures implemented for fugitive emissions to land and water were considered during the construction of Poppyhill WRC. Spillages on site are appropriately dealt at the



time of the incident, and all cake storage is conducted on impermeable surfaces with drainages which flows to the head of the works for treatment.

#### 4. Monitoring (question 4b)

The site currently does not have requirements for any monitoring of activities, emissions or the environment. This is a waste permit application for a site with no point source emissions, therefore there is no monitoring proposed.

#### 5. F1 Form – Charges and declarations

##### Working out charges (Question 1)

The pre application advise confirmed that this application is listed as 1.16.12 on the Environment Agency's charging scheme.

Break down of fee: New permit application 1.16.12 £7,930 + Odour Management Plan £1,246

The total application fee is £9,176

##### Payment (Questions 3)

Payment will be by BACS payment.

Unique reference number for the application: PSCAPPANGLI013

Who is paying: Anglian Water Services Ltd

Fee paid: £8,709

Date PO order sent: 11/05/2022

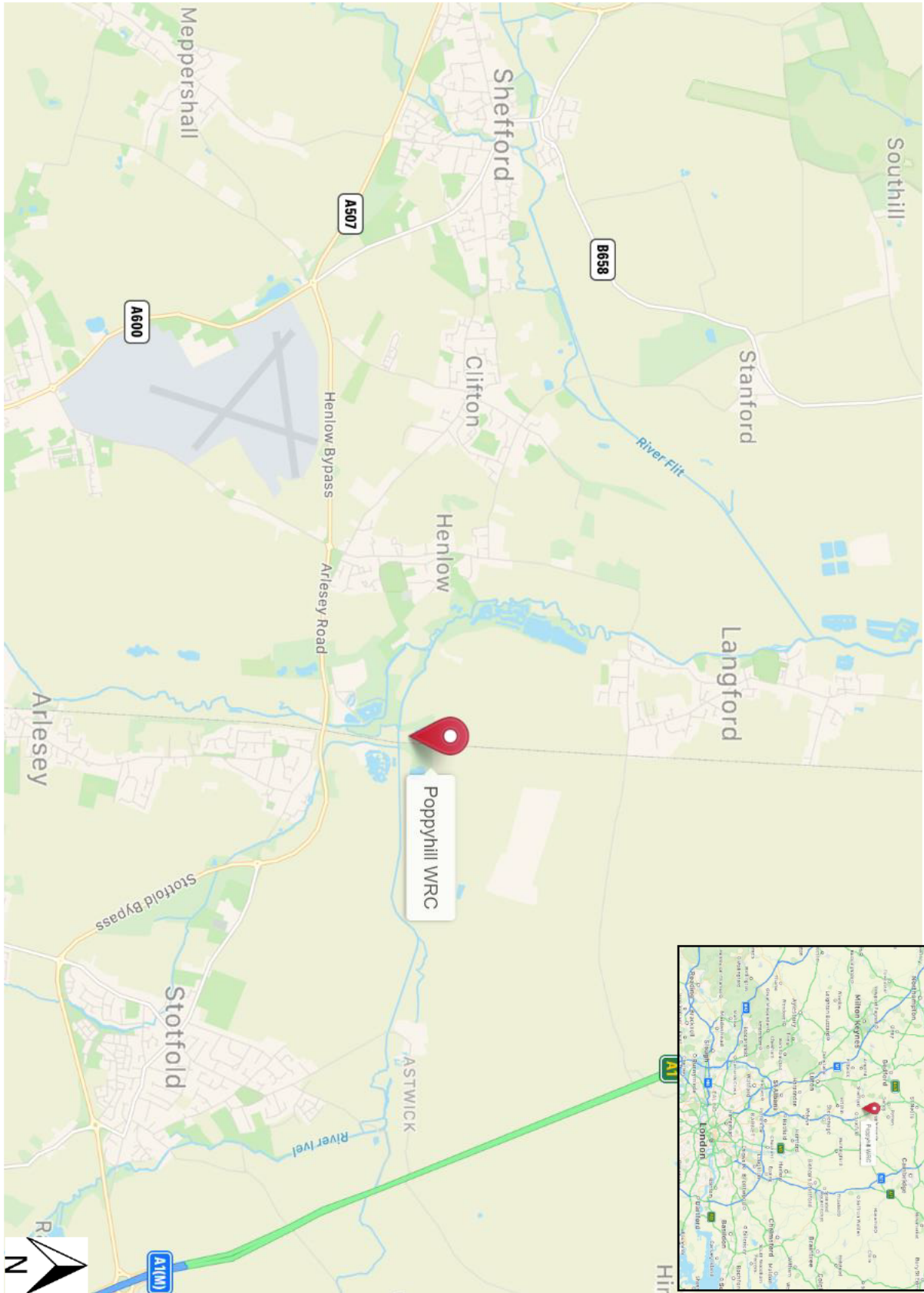
Remaining fee £467 paid by credit card 02/11/2023 - Payment reference: 330714020618302 and Order Code: EPR/WAS/A.

##### Confidentiality and National Security (Question 5)

AWS do not wish to claim confidentiality with this application. **Directors dates of birth should be redacted wherever this application is made public.**

A full list of stand-alone documents which form part of the application can be found in section 1.2 above. References to all other questions are found in the MSD which makes reference to the question in the subtitle. Specific sections to the MSD are identified in the relevant forms.

# Appendix A – Site Location Plans



# Appendix B – Site Plan

