ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Fire Prevention Plan

Reference: EMS-FPP-01

Environmental Permit XXXXX

Ranch Farm Industrial Estate

Willis Lane

Four Marks

Hampshire GU34 5AP

DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET

Version Reference	Date	Reason for Change	Issued by

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document provides the Fire Prevention Plan for the waste facility at Ranch Farm Industrial Estate, Willis Lane, Four Marks, Hampshire GU34 5AP.

1.1 Purpose

The primary purpose of this Fire Prevention Plan (FPP) is to guide staff and contractors in the prevention of fire. This FPP also confirms the actions to be taken in the event of fire in order to minimise any impact on the environment and to control the fire where appropriate.

This FPP will be issued to the Fire Brigade in the event of a fire to aid with firefighting.

1.2 Scope

This FPP has been prepared in accordance with Environment Agency guidance.[1] It covers combustible wastes that are collected as part of the operator's business. No chemicals or aerosols are accepted at the site. If these are encountered, they will be treated as non-compliant and stored in the quarantine area.

1.3 Objectives

The objectives of the Fire Prevention Plan are:

- To minimise the likelihood of a fire occurring.
- To aim for a fire to be extinguished within 4 hours.
- To minimise the spread of fire within the site and to neighbouring sites.

1.4 Site Location

The site is located at Ranch Farm Industrial Estate, Willis Lane, Four Marks, Hampshire GU34 5AP.

The site is accessed through the industrial estate from Willis Lane. The access route is concreted. This is a small operation. The operational area is only 440m^2.

The site is remote. There are residential caravans adjacent to the site. These are occupied by the Site Manager and staff.

A map of key receptors within 1km is shown in Annex A.

The nearest fire station is at Alton, which is 4.7 miles from the site.

All waste will be received and sorted on a concrete hardstanding with sealed drainage. The operational area will have a perimeter kerb to contain all water. This will include a small ramp at the site access.

[1] https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/fire-prevention-plans-environmental-permits/fire-prevention-plans-environmental-permits

1.5 Roles and Responsibilities

The Site Manager has responsibility for ensuring these procedures are adhered to. The Site Manager is specifically responsible for:

- Ensuring the adequate training of staff and contractors working on site regarding the content of these procedures.
- Ensuring the adequate provision of resources such as personal protective equipment (PPE).
- Ensuring the provision and maintenance of hand held fire extinguishers and other firefighting equipment at the site is adequate.
- Ensuring that the Fire Prevention Plan remains accessible at the site at all times. For this, the plan will be kept in the site office.
- Undertake exercises to test the plan and ensure that all staff understand the procedures.

1.6 Training, Awareness and Visitors

All staff and contractors working on-site will be aware of this FPP and will understand its contents.

Through site inductions and on-going staff awareness and training, CH Waste will ensure that all relevant staff and contractors will:

- Understand what they must do during a fire.
- Know where the fire prevention plan is kept.
- Participate in an annual exercise to test how the FPP plan and to identify staff training requirements.

For visitors to the site:

- They will be escorted at all times.
- They will understand the no smoking policy for the site.
- Information on the fire exits and muster point will be provided.

In accordance with the Environmental Management System (EMS) all training and awareness raising will be recorded. Reporting forms are provided in Appendix B.

CH Waste will ensure staff and contractors follow safe working practices when undertaking all activities which pose a fire, health and safety and environmental risks, such as those set out in this Fire Prevention Plan.

Annex B contains a FPP staff training record form. This will be used for all site based staff and contractors. Visitors must be escorted on site by a member of staff who has received training on fire prevention.

1.7 Activities at the Site

The site will receive waste collected from the company's waste collection business. CH Waste is a small family run business, providing the following services:

- Skip Hire
- House Clearances

The company provide skips to business and houses that are carrying out renovation projects, as well as supporting local builders. The waste collected comprises a mixture of plastic, wood, metal, hardcore, concrete, UPVC window frames and garden waste.

On arrival at the site, the driver will reverse into the site and unload the waste in the reception area. At this point, the waste will be visually inspected to ensure that there are no non-conforming waste items in the load.

The waste will be sorted into different waste categories manually and mechanically. The machine will be used to load the different wastes into dedicated containers.

The waste will be manually and mechanically sorted to remove any materials such as metal, wood, plasterboard, cardboard and hardcore. These items will be placed in the designated skips.

The following mobile equipment will be used.

- Excavator

A site layout plan showing the fire prevention plan measures is shown on Drawing No CHW-RF-FPP-01.

2 Common Causes of Fire

2.1 Arson

The site is located at the rear of an industrial estate, which is quite remote. Willis Lane is not a major through road.

The site has lockable front gates, which are secured at the end of each working day. The Site Manager and operational staff live adjacent to the site. They are close enough to the site to be alerted to any attempts to access to the site.

Warning signs are provided on the site gates.

The following security features will reduce fire risks, particularly from vandalism and operational risks:

- The site is secured by lockable gates.
- The site manager and operatives live adjacent to the site.
- Guard dogs are provided for out of hours.
- The site is located at the rear of an industrial estate, which is remote.
- All functions of security will be checked on a daily basis and information recorded on the Daily Checks Form.

2.2 Plant and Equipment

Only one item of plant is used at the site. This is an excavator.

This plant is subject to routine planned maintenance in order to prevent breakdown and faults which may pose a fire risk.

The Site Manager is responsible for maintaining the plant. The company has staff on site who are able to carry out basic checks. For a more detailed service, the company will use specialist contractor.

The equipment is checked daily, before operations commence. The operator will complete a defect form, which is kept in the cab. Any defects identified will be reported to the site manager, to implement corrective action. The following items will be checked:

- Tracks
- Engine, water
- Lights and warning devices
- Hydraulic system and pipes
- Guards/glass
- Greasing points
- Fire Extinguisher present

2.3 Electrics

The site has low electrical requirements. There are lights around the perimeter of the site.

No electricity is provided for the waste operations.

2.4 Discarding Smoking Materials

No smoking is permitted within the operational area. This is reinforced with training and site notices.

2.5 Hot Works

As part of waste operations, hot works will not be needed. However, if hot works such as welding is required as part of building or equipment repair or maintenance, a suitably qualified person will be used and a fire marshal shall be appointed to oversee the works. Following completion of the works, the fire marshal will check to ensure everything is cooled and there is no fire risk as a result of the works.

2.6 Industrial Heaters

No industrial heaters are used at the site.

2.7 Hot Exhausts

During operations, site operatives will be vigilant for signs of ignition from operational hot exhausts such as those on vehicles used for transport and waste movement.

When vehicles are not being used, they will be switched off and parked in a dedicated area which is away from the combustible materials. When vehicles are switched off, they will be inspected by the operator to make sure that they are parked in the correct area and not likely to be affected by dust settling on the exhaust. At the end of the working day, the Site Manager will carry out a final check to make sure vehicles are parked in the correct place as part of the end of day fire watch.

2.8 Leaks and Spillages

Fuel storage will be in accordance with Oil Storage Regulations. Vehicle re-fuelling will be undertaken by fully trained staff.

Spillage procedure will be implemented in the event of a leak or spillage from site vehicles or waste delivery/collection vehicles. A spill kit will be kept in the site office. All staff will be trained in the use of the spill kit.

The entire site is concreted with sealed drainage.

2.9 Build-up of Loose Combustible Waste, Dust and Fluff

Good housekeeping will be maintained at all times to ensure dust and litter are prevented from accumulating on site.

As part of the daily checks, signs for litter and debris around the site will be recorded and action taken to remove such materials. The general cleanliness of the site will be checked throughout the working day. The following specific inspections will be carried out:

- At least twice a day - The Site Manager/Supervisor will carry out an inspection of all work and storage areas to ensure safe storage, access and egress. Particular attention will be required to identify any potential fire hazards when opening the site in the morning and prior to securing the site at the end of each shift. Any cleaning requirements will be implemented.

- Weekly – Detailed clean of the site including equipment.

2.10 Reaction between Wastes

The site does not store wastes which are incompatible.

2.11 Hot Loads

The following actions will be taken to prevent fire arising from a hot load:

- All drivers will be required before reversing into the site.
- The waste will be inspected on arrival. This includes checking that the waste and the paperwork, is compliant with the permit and is not hot.
- If the load is observed to be smouldering, the vehicle will not be allowed to deposit its load. Instead, it will be kept outside the site.
- The fire extinguishers will be used, or soils will be used to cover the waste. If necessary, the fire service will be contacted.
- If a load is found to be smouldering once it has been deposited within the waste sorting area, if deemed safe to do so, the machine will be used to move soils to smother the waste.
- No more waste will be deposited until the smouldering waste has been dealt with and the Site Manager has confirmed it is cooled and no longer a fire risk.

All staff will be trained to be vigilant for hot loads. All incidents of hot loads will be recorded on the Incident Form.

3 FIRE PREVENTION PLAN

3.1 Site Plan(s)

The current site plan is shown on Drawing No CHW-RF-FPP-01.

3.2 Material Receipt, Treatment and Storage

3.2.1 Waste capacity

The annual throughput will be 20,000 tonnes.

3.2.2 Waste Acceptance (Permitted waste receipt)

Prior to waste being collected, CH Waste will advise customers on the wastes that cannot be deposited in a skip, for example hazardous waste.

Waste acceptance procedures are as follows.

- **Documentation**. The driver will arrive at the site and provide Waste Transfer Notes to the site office and the load will be recorded.
- **Visual checks**. The vehicle will be directed to reception area. As the waste is unloaded, a visual check will be carried out to ensure that the waste is acceptable.
- **Exit from site**. The driver will then leave the site.

Any incidents of non-conformance will be recorded in the Non-Permitted Waste Form and corrective action taken. Any non-conforming waste will be deposited in the waste quarantine container. Any materials likely to react to other wastes will be placed in separate containers such as lidded drums, before its removal.

The incoming waste will be deposited within the waste sorting area. The waste will be subject to a manual and mechanical sort to remove cardboard, wood, plasterboard, hardcore and metal. The separated wastes will be deposited into separate storage containers.

The Site Manager will keep a record of the waste loads being delivered. As part of the site checks at the start of each working day, an estimate of the waste being stored will be maintained. This is provided on Form EMS-FR-01.

3.3 Waste storage times, Stock Management and Rotation

The waste will be received and processed for storage within the same day. The storage containers will be exchanged typically on a weekly basis. In any event, no waste will be kept on site for longer than 3 months.

Waste will be separated into skips which allows the Site Manager to monitor stockpiles sizes on a daily basis (see EMS-FR-01). When a container is 75% full, arrangements will be made to transfer the material off site for further processing at other authorised facilities.

The site has contingency plans in place in the event that outlets become unavailable.

The operations do not include shredding or chipping activities. The main operation is to separate materials for processing at other sites. The waste will therefore remain as larger units which reduces the likelihood of self-combustion.

The operations are based on a continuous process to maintain the operational capacity required for the incoming waste vehicles. The waste is sorted as soon as it has been emptied.

3.3.1 Stock Rotation

The waste sorting process starts as soon as the waste has been emptied. If a vehicle returns full at the end of the day. The skip will remain on the vehicle for processing the next morning. If for any reason, the waste pile is left at the end of a working day. The excavator will be used to turn the waste. The waste will be stored at the start of the next working day.

Arrangements will be made to empty any of the containers when they are 75% full. A replacement container will be provided immediately to ensure that the sorting process can continue.

Stock rotation will form part of the Daily Site Checks.

All staff will be trained in this procedure.

3.3.2 Reduce the Exposed Metal Content and Proportion of Fines

The site will store mixed metal in one container. Alloys will be stored in a separate container within the covered area. Other metals will be stored in a container in the covered area. Any cables will be extracted for separate storage in the covered area.

The site does not have a trommel and does not store fines.

3.3.3 Monitoring Temperature

The site will handle very low volumes of waste material. The waste will be visible and will not be stored in large stockpiles. The waste in these containers will not be stored long enough to justify temperature checking.

3.3.4 Controlling Temperature

During the Daily Checks the site manager will also check for any signs of combustion and hotspots. Hotspots are unlikely to occur given that:

- The wastes are stored within containers;
- Low volumes of waste will be stored; and
- The waste is stored for less than three months.

However, in the event that the Site Manager is aware of localised warming, it will be dissipated by turning the waste or applying a cooling water spray.

3.3.5 Hot Weather and Heating from Sunlight

Waste is stored in open containers. This reduces the risk associated with sealed containers becoming too hot. Some waste will be stored in containers in the covered area, which will prevent direct sunlight. During hot weather, the site manager will apply cooling water spray to the waste stored in the larger containers.

3.4 Waste and product storage stacks

The following storage limits will apply:

Table 1 – Storage Limits

Waste Type	Storage	Storage Area	Max. Height	Max. Volume	Storage Time (Maximum)
Waste Sorting Area	Pile	6mx6m	3m	$20m^3$ *	24 Hours
Rubbish (unrecyclable plastics, carpets)	Container	2.25m x 6.1m	2.4m	$27m^3$	1 Week
Metal	Container	2.25m x 6.1m	2.4m	$27m^3$	1 Week
Wood	Container	2.25m x 6.1m	2.4m	$27m^3$	1 Week
Hardcore	Container	2.25m x 6.1m	2.4m	$27m^3$	1 Week
Green Waste	Container	3.6m x1.6m	1.2m	$6m^3$	1 Week
UPVC	Container	3.6m x1.6m	1.2m	$6m^3$	2 Weeks
Cardboard	Container	2.6m x 1.5m	1.2	$4.6m^3$	1 Week
Plasterboard	Container	2.6m x 1.5m	1.2	$4.6m^3$	1 Week
Alloys	Container	2.6m x 1.5m	1.2	$4.6m^3$	2 Week
Cables	Bag	1m x 1m	1.7m	$1m^3$	2 Weeks
Non Ferrous Metal	Container	1m x 1m	1.7m	$1m^3$	4 Weeks
WEEE	Container	1.5m x 3m	1m	$4m^3$	4 Weeks
IBC x 6 (textiles)	IBC	1m x1m	1m	$1m^3$ - $6m^3$	4 Weeks
Gas Cage	Cage	1m x 1m	1.7m	$1m^3$	4 Weeks
Non-Waste Storage					
Tyres**		3m x 5m	2m	$20m^3$	

*The sorting area dimensions can hold the contents of the largest skip which would hold $10m^3$. A caged vehicle could hold $8m^3$. Only one vehicle can be emptied at any one time. Assuming a situation in which the waste could not be sorted before another vehicle unloaded, the maximum storage volume could contain the contents from two deliveries.

**Operator stores tyres for personal use.

3.5 Storage Bays/Separation Distances

The combined volume of waste that could be on site at any one time is $160m^3$. With the exception of the incoming waste, all waste is stored in containers and not in storage piles. The maximum pile sizes do not apply to waste stored in containers. The incoming waste is stored in one pile, which could hold $20m^3$.

The incoming waste will be emptied in the central part of the site and sorted into the different waste categories.

Waste will be stored in their largest form.

3.5.1 Waste Stored in Containers

Waste will be sorted and stored in separate containers. The container dimensions are provided in Table 1.

The containers will either be open topped rollonoff containers or open top skips. In addition, textiles will be stored in IBCs containers, which are plastic.

As part of the daily site checks, an estimation of the capacity of container will be made. This will allow the site manager to make the necessary arrangements for transferring waste off-site.

Each container is orientated to enable it to be lifted quickly and moved to the quarantine area if required.

The plant operator will move the container, if safe to do so.

3.6 Prevent Fire Spread

3.6.1 Separation Distances

Separation distances apply to waste piles. The only waste pile on site will be the incoming waste. This could hold up to 20m^3, which is a very small volume of waste. The waste is also sorted once it has been emptied and therefore the pile does not remain on site for long periods.

3.6.2 Fire Walls

Fire walls will not be used to separate waste storage piles. There is only one waste pile which is the deposited waste on arrival. This will be sorted manually and mechanically into different types of waste. The separated waste will be placed in different containers.

3.6.3 Storing Waste in Bays

No fire walls and bays will be used. Waste is not stored in bays.

3.7 Fire Quarantine Area

The Fire Quarantine Area is a dedicated area with a clear area of at least 6m around the perimeter which will be available at all times, see Drawing No CHW-RF-FPP-01. This area will be used to place any waste that is smouldering or alight until the risk to receptors has subsided and the waste is safe to remove from site.

There area has been sized to accommodate 50% of the largest waste pile, which would be the incoming waste. It is approximately 3m x 2m. It could hold 12m^3.

It is located 6m from the boundary, storage containers and covered area.

This area is concreted and is located within the sealed drainage catchment.

If waste within a container is smouldering or on fire, the excavator will be used to drag the container to the central area. This will allow the operator to tackle any fire with extinguishers.

Smouldering waste will be covered with inert material if necessary and when cool and safe to move, it will be disposed of using approved contractors. During this time, neighbouring receptors will be informed by the Site Manager, should the waste generate smoke likely to impact on receptors.

Any fire residues that are generated from this process will be placed into a separate container and transferred off site to a suitably permitted facility.

4 Fire Detection and Management

4.1 Detecting and Suppressing Fires

All staff are trained to be vigilant in terms of fire detection.

The site will be inspected daily by the Site Manager. This will involve a check at the start of the day and end of the day. The Site Manager is also present throughout the working day. Site operatives are based at the site during the operational hours. Their role involves waste sorting into the different categories. During this work, they will be observing conditions that may lead to a fire, for example, signs of smouldering, smoke or flames.

With reference to the guidance, the detection system should be proportionate to the nature and scale of the waste management activity. In this case, the volumes of material being handled are low and all the separated materials will be stored in containers.

Waste will not be stored in a building and no suppression system will be provided.

4.1.1 Suppression

Waste will not be stored in a building and no suppression system will be provided.

4.2 Fire Fighting Techniques

4.2.1 Active Fire Fighting

Fire extinguishers will be provided strategic points around the site. This includes the site entrance and office for ease of access to the extinguishers. A fire extinguisher will also be provided in the mobile plant and all waste collection vehicles.

The extinguishers will be for Class A fires (fires caused by materials such as paper, fabric, wood) and also Class B Fires (paint, petrol). The dry powder extinguishers can be deployed for Class A and B Fires. Powder extinguishers will also be used for the vehicles.

There is also a hose pipe available near to the site entrance.

There is an excavator on site which can be used to move a container that is on fire into the quarantine area. The excavator operator will be able to place hardcore and soils from another container on top of the burning waste. If there are not sufficient volumes of hardcore to do this, the container will be targeted with water and extinguishers.

During the normal working hours, in the event of a fire being detected, the following steps will be taken:

Fire Response Procedure		
Action		**Responsible Person**
1.	Raise the alarm.	All
2.	**Small scale fire –** Cordon off the area and direct employees to a safe area. Attempt to control the fire using the appropriate equipment kept on site (Extinguishers or water). If it becomes clear that the fire cannot be dealt with safely and effectively by site personnel, evacuate the site and contact the Fire Brigade on 999. **Large scale fire** – Do not attempt to control the fire. Evacuate all personnel from the site and contact the Fire Brigade on 999. Notify neighbouring properties.	Site Manager
3.	Report the situation to the Fire Brigade on their arrival.	Site Manager
4.	Once the fire has been extinguished, seek the advice of the Fire Brigade on future precautionary action.	Site Manager
5.	Clear up any fire water as necessary.	Site Manager
6.	Inform the Environment Agency of the incident.	Site Manager
7.	Record the fire using the Incident Record Sheet	Site Manager

The contact list of emergency numbers in Annex C will be retained in the Site Office and updated as required by the Site Manager.

4.2.2 Out of Hours

If a fire occurs during the out of hours, the site manager and operatives live adjacent to the site. They will therefore be available immediately to attend the fire, following the steps set out above.

4.3 Managing Fire Water

It is proposed to manage fire water using the site containment system. The entire site is concreted with a perimeter kerb. The entrance has a raised ramp for vehicular access. The entire operational area is contained. Any fire water would be held on the site.

Assuming a scenario in which the largest combustible waste pile was on fire, the following fire water management would be required:

Litre/min/1m^3 of waste (l)[a]	6.667
Largest combustible pile (m^3)	20
Litre per minute required (l)	133
Litres over three hours (l)	24,000
Site volume [b] (l)	40,500

[a] Based on EA guidance that 2000l /minute of water is required for a 300m^3 stockpile for three hours
[b] Site area approximately 405m^2 available with 100mm concrete surround.

The controls set out above demonstrate that fire water would be contained within the site boundary.

4.4 Water Supplies

Water supplies will supply the 133 l/minute required for firefighting from the following sources:

- **Mains Water**. A hose will be provided at the site entrance which is mains fed.
- **IBC Storage**. Two IBCs will be kept on site and filled with water. This will provide 2,000 litres of water.

For information, the nearest fire station is Alton, which is 4.7 miles from the site (a 9 minute drive).

4.5 Incident Management

In the event of an incident, all waste will be diverted to a third party operator. The operator will maintain a list of sites.

In the event of a fire related incident the Emergency Services will be contacted. When safe to do so the Environment Agency will be contacted. In addition, depending on the nature/location of the fire, the emergency contact details will be used to notify utilities providers such as gas supplier.

Once the fire has been extinguished and the site has been deemed safe to enter, an assessment of the fire damage will be made. Arrangements will be made to tanker away the fire water. Any fire residues will be loaded into containers and removed from the site for disposal. Both the firewater and fire residues will be transported by registered carriers to permitted facilities.

The plant will be checked by the manufacturer to ensure that it remains fit for purpose. The concrete and drainage will be checked and repaired as required.

The cause of the fire will be investigated to understand what occurred and what measures need to be in place to prevent a recurrence. Advice will be sought from the Fire Service and this Fire Prevention Plan updated accordingly.

4.6 Contingency

CH Waste recognises that even with well planned maintenance, contingency plans must be in place in the event of a serious breakdown.

In order to ensure all permitted waste quantities are adhered to and no amenity issues or increased fire risks are caused, before the operation commences CH Waste will ensure it has:

- Contacted relevant plant hire companies to source alternative equipment if required.
- Prepared a list of primary sites that will take the waste.
- Prepared a list of alternative facilities to take the waste.

The wastes managed by CH Waste are not subject to seasonality.

In the event of a fire at the site, the Site Manager will:

1. Notify all drivers to divert to another waste facility immediately via radio/mobile phone; and

2. Will contact the primary sites that will be used in the event of a fire to check their ability to accept the waste.

A list of alternative sites will be maintained. Every 12 months the site manager will contact at least 3 primary sites within the local area to confirm their contact details, opening hours and acceptable waste types are still relevant in order to ensure that waste could be diverted to permitted facilities in the event of a fire.

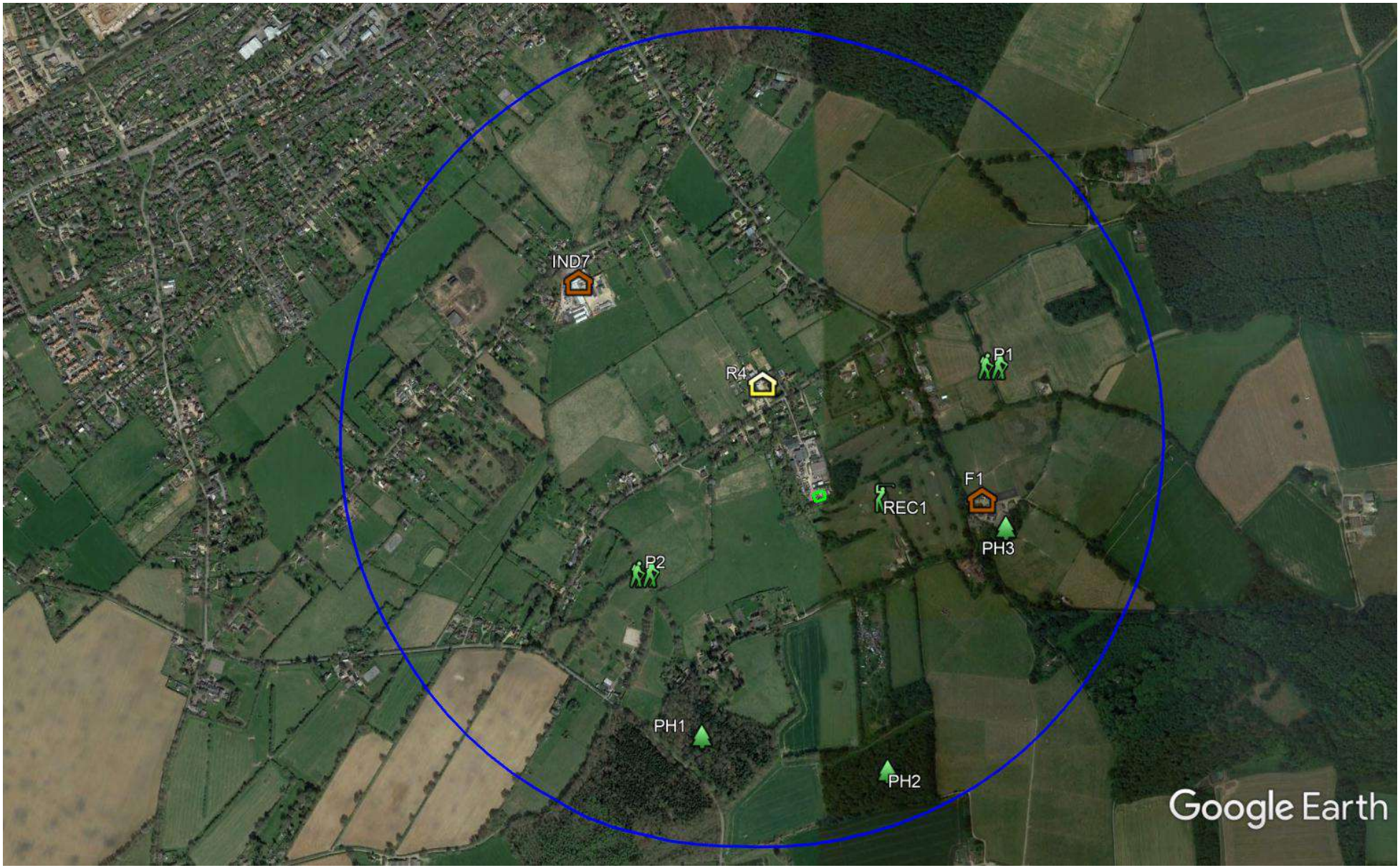
Annex A: Location of Key Receptors

The receptors shown below are within 1 km of the site. Drawing No CHW-RF-SET-01 shows the immediate site boundary.

Wind Direction

According to the UK Met Office, the prevailing wind direction in the area is South-Westerly[2].

[2] http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/climate/uk/regional-climates/so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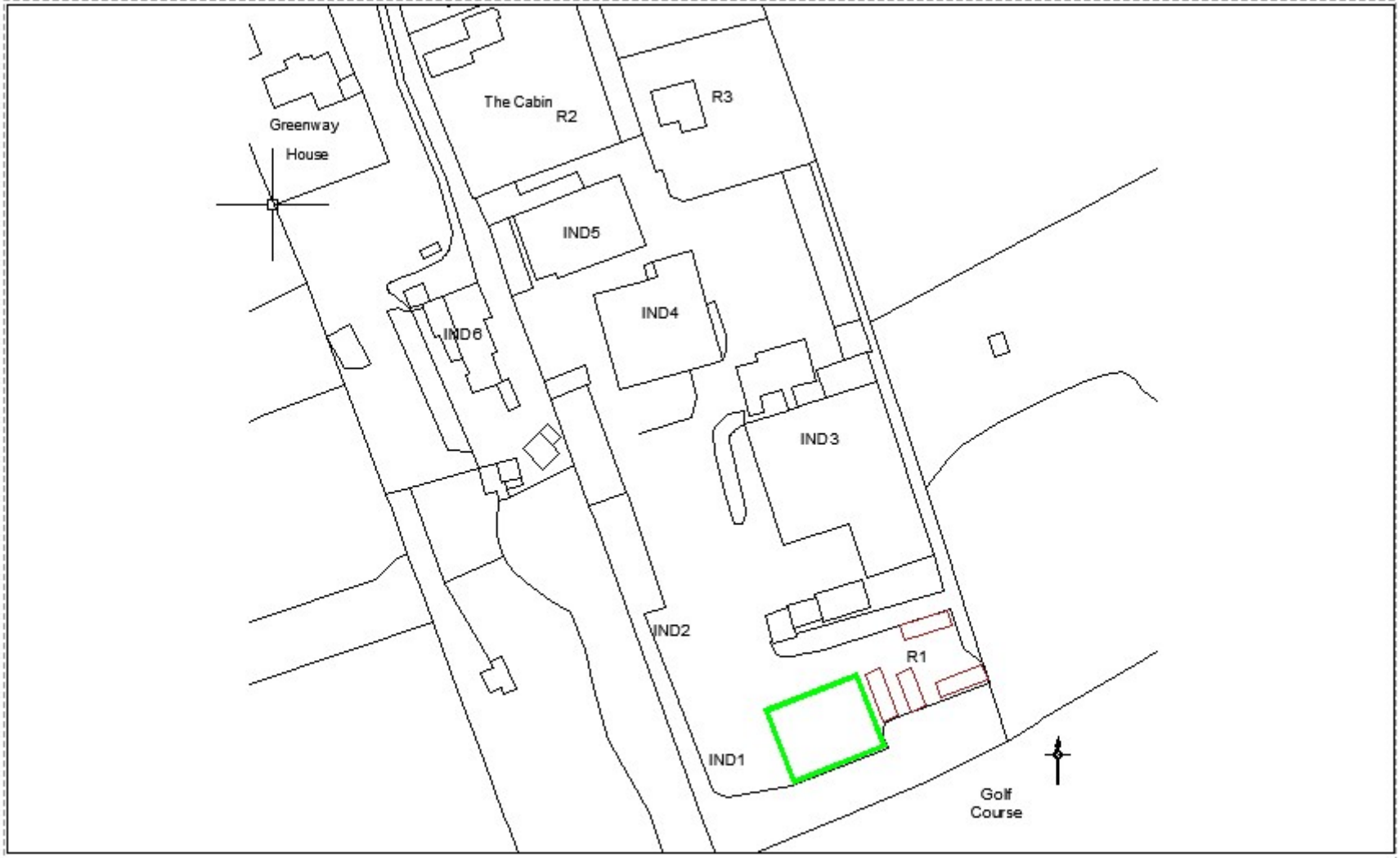
R4
P1
F1
REC1
PH3
P2
PH1
PH2
Google Earth



Client:
CH Waste Limited

Project:
Ranch Farm
Site Setting

Scale: 1:1250 @A4

May 2020

Drawing No: CHW-RF-SET-01

Annex B: Staff Contact and Training Register

Name	Job Title	Contact Telephone Number	FPP Training Received (Insert Date)	Signature

Annex C: Emergency Contact Numbers

Name & Address		Telephone Number
Emergency Services (Fire, Police, Ambulance)		999
Environment Agency	General Enquiries: Incident Hotline Reporting:	03708 506 506 0800 80 70 60
Electricity Supplier & mains switch location		
Gas supplier & shut off valve location		
Water supplier & shut off valve location		
Local Authority Emergency Services		
Insurance Company and policy number		
Nearest Hospital	Basingstoke and North Hampshire Hospital	01256 473202

Annex C: Local Contact Numbers

Name & Address		Telephone Number
Prestige Auto	Ranch Farm Industrial Estate	01420 587 237
ADD Signs	Ranch Farm Industrial Estate	01420 587 967
247 Autos	Ranch Farm Industrial Estate	07704 620 401
A G Automative	Ranch Farm Industrial Estate	07903 494 303
GRA Knight	Ranch Farm Industrial Estate	01420 588 514

Annex D Daily Checks Form

Date						
Checked By (Initials)						
Compliance (Y/N)						
Gates and Fences						
Access road (cleanliness)						
Signage condition						
Drainage system						
Litter						
Evidence of vandalism						
Capacity of Waste Quarantine Area (% full)						
Integrity of concrete floor						
Evidence of leaks or seeps						
Fire Watch check – storage capacities, Fire Quarantine area						
Fire Fighting Equipment						
Parked vehicles adjacent to hardcore bay						
Actions						

To Be Completed at the Start of Day and End of Day

RUBBISH
METAL
WOOD
HARDCORE

Each container hold $30m^3$

UPVC
GREEN
CARDBOARD
PLASTERBOARD
ALLOYS

Each container hold $4.6m^3$

G GAS CYLINDER CAGE
Q WASTE QUARANTINE CONTAINER
FQA FIRE QUARANTINE AREA - FOR $12M^3$
MPP MOBILE PLANT PARKING

ST SEALED TANK
PEDESTRIAN ACCESS
VEHICULAR ACCESS
PERMIT BOUNDARY
FIRE EXTINGUISHER
(H) Hose
x2 IBCs for Water
H FIRE HYDRANT
ACCESS FOR FIRE ENGINE
DRAINAGE TO SEALED TANK
ACO DRAIN

Client:
CH Waste Limited

Project:
Ranch Farm
Fire Prevention Plan

Scale: 1:250 @A4

Sept 2020

Drawing No: CHW-RF-FPP-01

Client:
CH Waste Limited

Project: Ranch Farm
Fire Prevention Plan _Wider Area
Emergency Services Access Route

Scale: 1:1500 @A4

Sept 2020

Drawing No: CHW-RF-FPP-02