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| **Accident type** | **Anticipated consequences** | **Action(s) to be taken (listed in order of priority)** |
| 1. **Overflow or failure of:**  * Below ground dirty water tank * Generator fuel tank   Chemical spillage  Spillages during loading, unloading or internal transport operations  Surface water flooding from adjacent land/nearby watercourse  Off-site pollutants at risk of entering site  Contaminated surface water from firefighting or other emergency activity | Potentially polluting liquids flow over yard to:   * Clean drain inlet * Ditch/stream/pond * Surrounding land | * If possible, quickly stem source of liquid * Assess route of discharge and identify easiest method and location to prevent further discharge. Key points identified:   Drain inlets (positions shown on Accident Management Site Plan):   * Cover top with sandbags kept by diesel tank * Insert drain bung (if safe to do so) * Close diverter valve   Runoff from edge of yard, stem flow:   * Use sand bags kept by diesel tank * Use loader to push soil into dam * Excavate sump to contain flow   • Contact office or Duty Manager (*this may be while any of the above is being carried out*)  • Consult Product Data Sheets (COSHH), if appropriate  • If necessary, contact Environment Agency 0800 807 060 or on local office number  • If possible, stop further additions to tank  • Use vacuum tanker or pump to clean up spillage and dispose of safely either by:   * Land spreading providing no further pollution risk, or * Place in another appropriate storage vessel   • Reduce tank contents to a safe level  • Make temporary repairs, if appropriate  • Clean up yard/land/contaminated areas  • Dispose of contaminated materials safely  • Assess cause and take action to prevent repeat  • Record incident, measures taken and to be taken. |

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| **Accident type** | **Anticipated consequences** | **Action to be taken (listed in order of priority)** |
| **2. Power outage** |  | • Start emergency generator   * Contact energy provider |
| **3. Fire**  • Livestock  • Fuels and oils  • Chemicals  • Bedding  • Feed | * Spreading between buildings and stores * Toxic and polluting smoke, wind dispersion of pollutants, surface runoff from firefighting water * Surface runoff from failed tanks, stores or pipework * Exploding fuel canisters/containers * Increased number of dead animals for disposal | • Raise alarm on site  • Ensure all persons are evacuated from danger area  • If safe to do so, turn off electricity/fuel supplies  • Ensure all staff on farm are alerted  • Call fire brigade and other emergency services necessary  • Contact office or Duty Manager  • If necessary, contact Environment Agency 0800 80 70 60 or on local office number  • Post member of staff at the end of the farm road/gate to direct emergency services  • Liaise and follow instructions of emergency services, making them aware of risks and hazards, provide a copy of the Accident Management Plan  • Consult Product Data Sheets (COSHH) if appropriate  • Do not enter or permit others to enter affected area unless it is safe to do so to evacuate persons/livestock  • Contact vet if livestock are affected  • Evacuate livestock from adjacent buildings and areas, if safe to do so  • Ensure firefighting water and other liquids cannot cause pollution  • Once under control give priority to remaining livestock  • Make temporary repairs, if appropriate  • Clean up any materials that may be a hazard to the environment  • Dispose of contaminated materials safely  • Assess cause and take action to prevent repeat  • Record incident, measures taken and to be taken |

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| **Accident type** | **Anticipated consequences** | **Action to be taken (listed in order of priority)** |
| **4. Notifiable or other serious disease**  **outbreak** | * Increased numbers of dead animals to be disposed of * Additional volumes of biocides stored and in use on farm * Additional volumes of dirty water to be handled and disposed of * Dirty water generated from ‘clean’ areas * Additional volumes of waste materials and equipment to be disposed of. | • Agree carcase disposal policy with Animal and Plant Health Agency, EA and vets (PHS)  • Agree procedures with Animal and Plant Health Agency and EA before commencing cleaning and disinfection procedures. Ensure a brief written note of this agreement is made and signed by the parties involved |
| **5. Severe weather**  • Flooding  • Wind damage | • Overflow of storage facilities  • Power outage  • Fire. | • As above – see (1)  • Start emergency generator  • As above – see (2)  • As above – see (3) |
| **6. Failure of dry feed system pipework or controls** | * Increased vermin control required * Additional volumes of dirty water to be handled and disposed of * Potentially polluting liquids flow over yard to: * Clean drain inlet | * Instantly sweep away * Report to manager * Contact feed supplier, Nobel Feed * Contact engineer. |