|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Accident type** | **Anticipated consequences** | **Action(s) to be taken (listed in order of priority)** |
| 1. **Overflow or failure of:**
* Below ground dirty water tank
* Generator fuel tank

Chemical spillageSpillages during loading, unloading or internal transport operationsSurface water flooding from adjacent land/nearby watercourseOff-site pollutants at risk of entering siteContaminated surface water from firefighting or other emergency activity | Potentially polluting liquids flow over yard to:* Clean drain inlet
* Ditch/stream/pond
* Surrounding land
 | * If possible, quickly stem source of liquid
* Assess route of discharge and identify easiest method and location to prevent further discharge. Key points identified:

Drain inlets (positions shown on Accident Management Site Plan):* Cover top with sandbags kept by diesel tank
* Insert drain bung (if safe to do so)
* Close diverter valve

Runoff from edge of yard, stem flow:* Use sand bags kept by diesel tank
* Use loader to push soil into dam
* Excavate sump to contain flow

• Contact office or Duty Manager (*this may be while any of the above is being carried out*)• Consult Product Data Sheets (COSHH), if appropriate• If necessary, contact Environment Agency 0800 807 060 or on local office number• If possible, stop further additions to tank• Use vacuum tanker or pump to clean up spillage and dispose of safely either by:* Land spreading providing no further pollution risk, or
* Place in another appropriate storage vessel

• Reduce tank contents to a safe level• Make temporary repairs, if appropriate• Clean up yard/land/contaminated areas• Dispose of contaminated materials safely• Assess cause and take action to prevent repeat• Record incident, measures taken and to be taken. |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Accident type** | **Anticipated consequences** | **Action to be taken (listed in order of priority)** |
| **2. Power outage** |  | • Start emergency generator* Contact energy provider
 |
| **3. Fire**• Livestock• Fuels and oils• Chemicals• Bedding• Feed | * Spreading between buildings and stores
* Toxic and polluting smoke, wind dispersion of pollutants, surface runoff from firefighting water
* Surface runoff from failed tanks, stores or pipework
* Exploding fuel canisters/containers
* Increased number of dead animals for disposal
 | • Raise alarm on site• Ensure all persons are evacuated from danger area• If safe to do so, turn off electricity/fuel supplies• Ensure all staff on farm are alerted• Call fire brigade and other emergency services necessary• Contact office or Duty Manager• If necessary, contact Environment Agency 0800 80 70 60 or on local office number• Post member of staff at the end of the farm road/gate to direct emergency services• Liaise and follow instructions of emergency services, making them aware of risks and hazards, provide a copy of the Accident Management Plan• Consult Product Data Sheets (COSHH) if appropriate• Do not enter or permit others to enter affected area unless it is safe to do so to evacuate persons/livestock• Contact vet if livestock are affected• Evacuate livestock from adjacent buildings and areas, if safe to do so• Ensure firefighting water and other liquids cannot cause pollution• Once under control give priority to remaining livestock• Make temporary repairs, if appropriate• Clean up any materials that may be a hazard to the environment• Dispose of contaminated materials safely• Assess cause and take action to prevent repeat• Record incident, measures taken and to be taken |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Accident type** | **Anticipated consequences** | **Action to be taken (listed in order of priority)** |
| **4. Notifiable or other serious disease****outbreak** | * Increased numbers of dead animals to be disposed of
* Additional volumes of biocides stored and in use on farm
* Additional volumes of dirty water to be handled and disposed of
* Dirty water generated from ‘clean’ areas
* Additional volumes of waste materials and equipment to be disposed of.
 | • Agree carcase disposal policy with Animal and Plant Health Agency, EA and vets (PHS)• Agree procedures with Animal and Plant Health Agency and EA before commencing cleaning and disinfection procedures. Ensure a brief written note of this agreement is made and signed by the parties involved |
| **5. Severe weather**• Flooding• Wind damage | • Overflow of storage facilities• Power outage• Fire. | • As above – see (1)• Start emergency generator• As above – see (2)• As above – see (3) |
| **6. Failure of dry feed system pipework or controls** | * Increased vermin control required
* Additional volumes of dirty water to be handled and disposed of
* Potentially polluting liquids flow over yard to:
* Clean drain inlet
 | * Instantly sweep away
* Report to manager
* Contact feed supplier, Nobel Feed
* Contact engineer.
 |