

Request for Information Response – Recorra Purfleet

Response Table

Response to the email received 11/06/2026

RFI Point	Action	Reference
1	The environmental risk assessment has been updated to give reference to those hazardous wastes to be added to the permit, and how potential risks are controlled. As outlined throughout the application, the primary risk control is that these wastes are containerised, in weatherproof containers, stored for the minimal time practicable and in small quantities. Although wastes are being added to the permit, some may be accepted more sporadically than others, owing to the nature of the business operations. Recorra facilitate contracts that involve site clearances and therefore the nature of wastes accepted can be unknown until the works are undertaken. Sections 6.1 and 6.2 of the Management System Summary (ref. K529.1~09~001) describe pre-acceptance and acceptance procedure which a further control mechanism.	K529.1~09~003 ERA Tables 2026 06 24
2	The Non-technical summary has been updated to provide more of an overview of the activities undertaken under each of the activity references. The Management System Summary will still provide the most detail on these operations and has been referenced through the NTS. Both of these documents should be read in conjunction with one another, as well as the wider application pack.	K529.1~09~004 NTS, Section 3
3	As in the first response, some wastes may be stored less frequently than others; the nature of the contracts undertaken by Recorra is that the permit requires a degree of flexibility in the types of waste accepted. The Site Layout Plan submitted represents the most common layout of operations and storage locations. Should this change significantly in light of works undertaken, then the plan would be amended to reflect this. All wastes stored are done so on an impermeable surface, with a drainage system that can be sealed. Hazardous wastes would be stored in the “hazardous waste	

RFI Point	Action	Reference
	bays” but done so in weatherproof containers to restrict any potential contaminated runoff. Liquid wastes will be containerised.	
4	Confirmed that site will not store more than 50 tonnes of hazardous waste at any one time.	
5	Treatment of hazardous wastes is limited to the WEEE operations. This is described within the Management System Summary document. Treatment activities will not exceed 10 tonnes per day of hazardous waste.	K529.1~09~001 MSS, Section 4
6	As above, treatment will not exceed 10 tonnes per day of hazardous wastes.	
7	20 01 99 has been included to allow the acceptance of coffee pods, which arrive to site as separate, source segregated waste stream. Having consulted WM3 and relevant industry standards, it seems the most appropriate EWC code for these is 20 01 99. This is the only waste to be accepted under this waste code. A description has been included within the List of Wastes document.	K529.1~09~009 LoW (NC) Final 2026 05 07
8	Waste codes present on the existing permits will continue to be process under the same permitted activities. A number of EWC codes have been added to reflect waste foreseen to be received as part of the materials recycling facility and the WEEE ATF. These codes are included within the document referenced as K529.1~09~008, as well as the proposed additions to the permit and can be cross referenced with those currently on the permit. The rest of the EWC codes added are directly transferred from the S2 exemption currently in use or have been added as predicted to be received under the type of contract facilitated at the site. These would be stored under the hazardous waste transfer station activities.	
9	Discharge to the foul sewer is undertaken under a trade effluent consent and relates to the food waste and bin washing operations. Apologies for this omission within the original submission. This has been attached as part of this RFI submission.	