

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - (Single Exposure)	Category 3 - H335
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - (Repeated Exposure)	Category 2 - H373

2.2. Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

Precautionary Statements - EU (§28, 1272/2008)

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Contains

Substances

Portland cement

Crystalline silica, quartz

CAS Number

65997-15-1

14808-60-7

2.3. Other Hazards

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Substance

Substances	EINECS	CAS Number	PERCENT (w/w)	EU - CLP Substance Classification	REACH No.
Portland cement	266-043-4	65997-15-1	60 - 100%	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Corr. 1 (H318) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) STOT SE 3 (H335)	No data available
Crystalline silica, quartz	238-878-4	14808-60-7	1 - 5%	Carc. 2 (H351) STOT RE 1 (H372)	No data available

For the full text of the H-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory

Eyes	irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult. Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 30 minutes. Seek prompt medical attention.
Skin	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 30 minutes and remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods immediately. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Under normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required.

4.2. Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes severe eye irritation which may damage tissue. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. Breathing crystalline silica can cause lung disease, including silicosis and lung cancer. Crystalline silica has also been associated with scleroderma and kidney disease.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing media**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

None - does not burn.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**Special Exposure Hazards**

Not applicable.

5.3. Advice for firefighters**Special Protective Equipment for Fire-Fighters**

Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire fighting personnel.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid creating and breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate all persons from the area.

See Section 8 for additional information

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect using dustless method and hold for appropriate disposal. Consider possible toxic or fire hazards associated with contaminating substances and use appropriate methods for collection, storage and disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 and 13 for additional information.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposure below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard En 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Material is slippery when wet. Wash hands after use. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool well ventilated area. Keep container closed when not in use. Store locked up. Store in a cool, dry location. Use good housekeeping in storage and work areas to prevent accumulation of dust. Close container when not in use. Product has a shelf life of 24 months.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)**Exposure Scenario**

No information available

Other Guidelines

No information available

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**8.1. Control parameters****Exposure Limits**

Substances	CAS Number	EU	UK	Netherlands	France
Portland cement	65997-15-1	Not applicable	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ TWA: 4 mg/m ³ STEL: 30 mg/m ³ STEL: 12 mg/m ³	Not applicable	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.075 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Germany	Spain	Portugal	Finland
Portland cement	65997-15-1	TWA:	TWA: 4 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ TWA: 1 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Austria	Ireland	Switzerland	Norway
Portland cement	65997-15-1	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	1 mg/m ³ TWA (respirable dust) 3 mg/m ³ STEL (calculated, respirable dust)	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	0.1 mg/m ³ TWA (respirable dust) 0.3 mg/m ³ STEL (calculated, respirable dust)	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ STEL: 0.9 mg/m ³ STEL: 0.3 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Italy	Poland	Hungary	Czech Republic
Portland cement	65997-15-1	Not applicable	TWA: 6.0 mg/m ³ TWA: 2.0 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	10.0 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ TWA: 4.0 mg/m ³ TWA: 1.0 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Denmark	Romania	Croatia	Cyprus
Portland cement	65997-15-1	Not applicable	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ TWA: 4 mg/m ³	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	Not applicable

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)
Worker

No information available.

General Population**Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

No information available.

8.2. Exposure controls**Engineering Controls**

Use approved industrial ventilation and local exhaust as required to maintain exposures below applicable exposure limits.

Personal protective equipment

If engineering controls and work practices cannot prevent excessive exposures, the selection and proper use of personal protective equipment should be determined by an industrial hygienist or other qualified professional based on the specific application of this product.

Respiratory Protection

Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149 (FFP2/FFP3), AS/NZS 1715, or equivalent respirator when using this product.

Hand Protection
Skin Protection

Impervious rubber gloves.
Wear clothing appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be laundered before reuse. Use precautionary measures to avoid creating dust when removing or laundering clothing.

Eye Protection

Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions

Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

Environmental Exposure Controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system**SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties****9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical State: Solid	Color: Gray
Odor: Odorless	Odor Threshold: No information available

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>
Remarks/ - Method	
pH:	12.4
Freezing Point/Range	No data available
Melting Point/Range	No data available
Boiling Point/Range	No data available
Flash Point	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
upper flammability limit	No data available
lower flammability limit	No data available
Evaporation rate	No data available
Vapor Pressure	No data available
Vapor Density	No data available
Specific Gravity	3.14
Water Solubility	No data available
Solubility in other solvents	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive Properties	No information available
Oxidizing Properties	No information available

9.2. Other information

VOC Content (%)	No data available
------------------------	-------------------

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

Not expected to be reactive.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Will Not Occur

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from any contact with water.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Hydrofluoric acid.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or cristobalite (1470 C).

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information**11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects****Acute Toxicity****Inhalation**

Inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC, Group 1). There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (IARC, Group 2A).

Breathing silica dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory passages. Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may also have serious chronic health effects (See "Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity" subsection below).

Eye Contact

Causes severe eye irritation which may damage tissue.

Skin Contact

Causes skin irritation. Can dry skin. May cause alkali burns with confined contact. May

Ingestion	cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes burns of the mouth, throat and stomach.
Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity	<p>Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis.</p> <p>Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A - possible carcinogen to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these minerals. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as "Known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2). There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by scarring of the lungs, skin, and other internal organs) and kidney disease.</p>

Toxicology data for the components

Substances	CAS Number	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Portland cement	65997-15-1	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg	> 1 mg/L (Rat) 4h
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	>15,000 mg/kg (Human)	No data available	No data available

Substances	CAS Number	Skin corrosion/irritation
Portland cement	65997-15-1	Irritating to skin. (Rabbit)
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Non-irritating to the skin

Substances	CAS Number	Eye damage/irritation
Portland cement	65997-15-1	Corrosive to eyes
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Mechanical irritation of the eyes is possible.

Substances	CAS Number	Skin Sensitization
Portland cement	65997-15-1	May cause sensitization by skin contact
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available.

Substances	CAS Number	Respiratory Sensitization
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No information available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available

Substances	CAS Number	Mutagenic Effects
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No data of sufficient quality are available.
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not regarded as mutagenic.

Substances	CAS Number	Carcinogenic Effects
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No data of sufficient quality are available.
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Contains crystalline silica which may cause silicosis, a delayed and progressive lung disease. The IARC and NTP have determined there is sufficient evidence in humans of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica with repeated respiratory exposure. Based on available scientific evidence, this substance is a threshold carcinogen with a mode of action involving indirect genotoxicity secondary to lung injury.

Substances	CAS Number	Reproductive toxicity
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No data of sufficient quality are available.

Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available
----------------------------	------------	--------------------------

Substances	CAS Number	STOT - single exposure
Portland cement	65997-15-1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No significant toxicity observed in animal studies at concentration requiring classification.

Substances	CAS Number	STOT - repeated exposure
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No data of sufficient quality are available.
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled: (Lungs)

Substances	CAS Number	Aspiration hazard
Portland cement	65997-15-1	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity Effects

Substances	CAS Number	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Toxicity to Invertebrates
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No information available	No information available	No information available	No information available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available	LL0 (96h) 10,000 mg/L (Danio rerio) (similar substance)	No information available	LL50 (24h) > 10,000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substances	CAS Number	Persistence and Degradability
Portland cement	65997-15-1	The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Substances	CAS Number	Log Pow
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No information available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Substances	CAS Number	Mobility
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No information available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Substances	PBT and vPvB assessment
Portland cement	Not PBT/vPvB
Crystalline silica, quartz	Not PBT/vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal Method

Bury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations. Substance should NOT be deposited into a sewage facility.

Contaminated Packaging	Follow all applicable national or local regulations. Contaminated packaging may be disposed of by: rendering packaging incapable of containing any substance, or treating packaging to remove residual contents, or treating packaging to make sure the residual contents are no longer hazardous, or by disposing of packaging into commercial waste collection.
-------------------------------	---

SECTION 14: Transport Information

IMDG/IMO

UN Number:	Not restricted
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Not restricted
Transport Hazard Class(es):	Not applicable
Packing Group:	Not applicable
Environmental Hazards:	Not applicable

RID

UN Number:	Not restricted
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Not restricted
Transport Hazard Class(es):	Not applicable
Packing Group:	Not applicable
Environmental Hazards:	Not applicable

ADR

UN Number:	Not restricted
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Not restricted
Transport Hazard Class(es):	Not applicable
Packing Group:	Not applicable
Environmental Hazards:	Not applicable

IATA/ICAO

UN Number:	Not restricted
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Not restricted
Transport Hazard Class(es):	Not applicable
Packing Group:	Not applicable
Environmental Hazards:	Not applicable

14.1. UN Number:	Not restricted
14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name:	Not restricted
14.3. Transport Hazard Class(es):	Not applicable
14.4. Packing Group:	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental Hazards:	Not applicable
14.6. Special Precautions for User:	None

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

EINECS Inventory	This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS
US TSCA Inventory	All components listed on inventory or are exempt.
Canadian DSL Inventory	All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances
DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

Germany, Water Endangering Classes (WGK) WGK 0: Generally not water endangering.

List of the carcinogenic, mutagenic and toxic for reproduction substances SZW

Crystalline silica, quartz

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

No information available

SECTION 16: Other Information**Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3**

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms

bw – body weight

CAS – Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP – REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures

EC – European Commission

EC10 – Effective Concentration 10%

EC50 – Effective Concentration 50%

EEC – European Economic Community

ErC50 – Effective Concentration growth rate 50%

IBC Code – International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

LC50 – Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50 – Lethal Dose 50%

LL0 – Lethal Loading 0%

LL50 – Lethal Loading 50%

MARPOL – International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

mg/kg – milligram/kilogram

mg/L – milligram/liter

NIOSH – National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOEC – No Observed Effect Concentration

NTP – National Toxicology Program

OEL – Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT – Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PC – Chemical Product category

PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit

ppm – parts per million

PROC – Process category

REACH – REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit

SU – Sector of Use category

Key literature references and sources for datawww.ChemADVISOR.com/

NZ CCID

Revision Date: 03-Sep-2015**Revision Note**

SDS sections updated: 1

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010**Disclaimer Statement**

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.

End of Safety Data Sheet