

Fluorodye UC

Section: 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: Fluorodye UC
Substance type: CLP Mixture

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Colouring agents, dyes

Recommended restrictions on use : Reserved for industrial and professional use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

NALCO EUROPE B.V.
Postbus 627
2300 AP Leiden, The Netherlands
TEL: 0031 71 5241100

LOCAL COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Nalco Ltd.
P.O. BOX 11, WINNINGTON AVENUE
NORTHWICH, CHESHIRE, U.K. CW8 4DX
TEL: +44 (0)1606 74488

For Product Safety information please contact: msdseame@nalco.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: +32-(0)3-575-5555 Trans-European

Date of Compilation/Revision: 30.04.2016
Version Number: 1.0

Section: 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION



2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Skin irritation, Category 2	H315
Serious eye damage, Category 1	H318
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2	H373

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :  

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements	: H315	Causes skin irritation.
	: H318	Causes serious eye damage.
	: H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements	: Prevention:	
	: P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	: P280	Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face

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protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
 P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Ethylene Glycol
 Acetic Acid
 C.I. Basic Violet 10 (Rhodamine B or D&C Red No 19)

2.3 Other hazards

Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.

Section: 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.2 Mixtures****Hazardous components**

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. REACH No.	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration: [%]
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1 203-473-3 01-2119456816-28	Acute toxicity Category 4; H302 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 2; H373	10 - < 20
Acetic Acid	64-19-7 200-580-7 01-2119475328-30	Nota B Flammable liquids Category 3; H226 Skin corrosion Category 1A; H314	10 - < 20
C.I. Basic Violet 10 (Rhodamine B or D&C Red No 19)	81-88-9 201-383-9	Acute toxicity Category 4; H302 Serious eye damage Category 1; H318 Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 3; H412	10 - < 20

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Section: 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air.
 Treat symptomatically.
 Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
 Use a mild soap if available.
 Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

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- In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Get medical attention immediately.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Protection of first-aiders : In event of emergency assess the danger before taking action.
Do not put yourself at risk of injury. If in doubt, contact emergency responders. Use personal protective equipment as required.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

Section: 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water unless flooding amounts are available.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards during firefighting : Not flammable or combustible.
- Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
Carbon oxides
nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective equipment for firefighters : Use personal protective equipment.
- Further information : Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Section: 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- Advice for non-emergency personnel : Ensure adequate ventilation.
Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.
When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

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limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.
 Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only.
 Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Advice for emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Stop leak if safe to do so.
 Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).
 Flush away traces with water.
 For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 For personal protection see section 8.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Section: 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Provide suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body in case of contact or splash hazard.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed.
 Store in suitable labeled containers.

Suitable material : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Unsuitable material :
 not determined

7.3 Specific end uses

Specific use(s) : Colouring agents, dyes

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Section: 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	TWA (Vapour.)	20 ppm 52 mg/m ³	UKCOSSTD
		STEL (Vapour.)	40 ppm 104 mg/m ³	UKCOSSTD
		TWA (particles)	10 mg/m ³	UKCOSSTD

DNEL

Ethylene Glycol	:	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Skin contact Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 106 mg/cm ²
		End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Dermal Potential health effects: long term - systemic
		End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 35 mg/m ³
		End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: long-term - local Value: 35 mg/m ³
		End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Skin contact Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 53 mg/cm ²
		End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 7 mg/m ³
Acetic Acid	:	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Short-term - local
		End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: short-term - local Value: 25 mg/m ³
		End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term local effects
		End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: long-term - local Value: 25 mg/m ³

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PNEC

Ethylene Glycol	:	Fresh water Value: 10 mg/l
		Marine water Value: 1 mg/l
		Water Value: 10 mg/l
		Intermittent release Value: 10 mg/l
		Fresh water sediment Value: 20.9 mg/kg
		Water Value: 1995.5 mg/l
		Soil Value: 1.53 mg/kg
Acetic Acid	:	Fresh water Value: 3.058 mg/l
		Marine water Value: 0.3058 mg/l
		Intermittent use/release Value: 30.58 mg/l
		Sewage treatment plant Value: 85 mg/l
		Sediment Value: 11.36 mg/kg
		Soil Value: 0.47 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls**Appropriate engineering controls**

Effective exhaust ventilation system.

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Provide suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body in case of contact or splash hazard.

Eye/face protection (EN 166) : Safety goggles
Face-shield

Hand protection (EN 374) : Recommended preventive skin protection
Gloves
Nitrile rubber
butyl-rubber

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Breakthrough time: 1 – 4 hours
 Minimum thickness for butyl-rubber 0.3 mm for nitrile rubber 0.2 mm or equivalent (please refer to the gloves manufacturer/distributor for advise).
 Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Skin and body protection (EN 14605) : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection (EN 143, 14387) : When respiratory risks cannot be avoided or sufficiently limited by technical means of collective protection or by measures, methods or procedures of work organization, consider the use of certified respiratory protection equipment meeting EU requirements (89/656/EEC, 89/686/EEC), or equivalent, with filter type:A-P

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Consider the provision of containment around storage vessels.

Section: 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	: liquid
Colour	: dark
Odour	: stinging
Flash point	: Not applicable.
pH	: 3.1, 1 - 10 % (as aqueous solution)
Odour Threshold	: no data available
Melting point/freezing point	: , not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: ca. 100 °C
Evaporation rate	: not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	: no data available
Upper explosion limit	: not determined
Lower explosion limit	: not determined
Vapour pressure	: 15.7 hPa (20 °C)
Relative vapour density	: not determined
Relative density	: 1.052 - 1.082 (20 °C)
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: soluble
Solubility in other solvents	: no data available

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : no data available

Auto-ignition temperature : > 400 °C

Thermal decomposition temperature : no data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : ca. 50 - 100 mPa.s (20 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic : no data available

Explosive properties : no data available

Oxidizing properties : no data available

9.2 Other information

no data available

Section: 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1 Reactivity**

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids
Strong bases
Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
Carbon oxides
nitrogen oxides (NO_x)
Sulphur oxides

Section: 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

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Toxicity

Product

Acute oral toxicity	: Acute toxicity estimate : > 2,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	: There is no data available for this product.
Acute dermal toxicity	: There is no data available for this product.
Skin corrosion/irritation	: There is no data available for this product.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	: There is no data available for this product.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: There is no data available for this product.
Carcinogenicity	: There is no data available for this product.
Reproductive effects	: There is no data available for this product.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: There is no data available for this product.
Teratogenicity	: There is no data available for this product.
STOT - single exposure	: There is no data available for this product.
STOT - repeated exposure	: There is no data available for this product.
Aspiration toxicity	: There is no data available for this product.

Components

Acute oral toxicity	: Acetic Acid LD50 rat: 3,310 mg/kg
	C.I. Basic Violet 10 (Rhodamine B or D&C Red No 19) LD50 rat: 890 mg/kg

Components

Acute inhalation toxicity	: Acetic Acid LC50 rat: > 40 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h
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Components

Acute dermal toxicity	: Ethylene Glycol LD50 rabbit: 10,600 mg/kg
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Potential Health Effects

Eyes	: Causes serious eye damage.
Skin	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

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Inhalation : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Chronic Exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Experience with human exposure

Eye contact : Redness, Pain, Corrosion

Skin contact : Redness, Irritation

Ingestion : No symptoms known or expected.

Inhalation : No symptoms known or expected.

Further information : no data available

Section: 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1 Ecotoxicity****Product**

Environmental Effects : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Toxicity to fish : no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : no data available

Toxicity to algae : no data available

Components

Toxicity to fish : Ethylene Glycol
96 h LC50: 72,860 mg/l

Acetic Acid
96 h LC50: 75 mg/l
96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout): 1,000 mg/l
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Components

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Ethylene Glycol
48 h EC50: > 100 mg/l

Acetic Acid
48 h EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea): 1,000 mg/l
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Components

Toxicity to algae : Ethylene Glycol
96 h EC50: 6,500 mg/l

Acetic Acid

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72 h EC50 *Skeletonema costatum* (marine diatom):
1,000 mg/l
Method: ISO 10253

Components

Toxicity to bacteria : Ethylene Glycol
> 1,995 mg/l
Method: ISO 8192

Acetic Acid
16 h NOEC *Pseudomonas putida*: 1,150 mg/l
Method: Other guidelines

Components

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Ethylene Glycol
7 d NOEC: 15,380 mg/l

Components

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : Ethylene Glycol
7 d NOEC: 8,590 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability**Product**

no data available

Components

Biodegradability : Ethylene Glycol
Result: Readily biodegradable.

Acetic Acid
Result: Readily biodegradable.

C.I. Basic Violet 10 (Rhodamine B or D&C Red No 19)
Result: Poorly biodegradable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**Product**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Fluorodye UC**12.6 Other adverse effects**

no data available

Section: 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

- Product : Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.
Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility.
- Contaminated packaging : Dispose of as unused product.
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Do not re-use empty containers.

Section: 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipper/consignor/sender is responsible to ensure that the packaging, labeling, and markings are in compliance with the selected mode of transport.

Land transport (ADR/ADN/RID)

- 14.1 UN number: UN 2801
14.2 UN proper shipping name: Dye, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Acetic Acid)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 8
14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Environmental hazards: No
14.6 Special precautions for user: Not applicable.

Air transport (IATA)

- 14.1 UN number: UN 2801
14.2 UN proper shipping name: Dye, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Acetic Acid)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 8
14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Environmental hazards: No
14.6 Special precautions for user: Not applicable.

Sea transport (IMDG/IMO)

- 14.1 UN number: UN 2801
14.2 UN proper shipping name: Dye, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Acetic Acid)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 8
14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Environmental hazards: No
14.6 Special precautions for user: Not applicable.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable.

Section: 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
:

INTERNATIONAL CHEMICAL CONTROL LAWS**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment:**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Section: 16. OTHER INFORMATION**Full text of H-Statements**

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data : IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization,

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Sheet

International Agency for Research on Cancer.

The possible key literature references and data sources which may have been used in conjunction with the consideration of expert judgment to compile this Safety Data Sheet: European regulations/directives (including (EC) No. 1907/2006, (EC) No. 1272/2008, 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC), supplier data, inter-net, ESIS, IUCLID, ERICards, Non European official regulatory data and other data sources.

Prepared By : Regulatory Affairs

Numbers quoted in the MSDS are given in the format: 1,000,000 = 1 million and 1,000 = 1 thousand. 0.1 = 1 tenth and 0.001 = 1 thousandth

REVISED INFORMATION: Significant changes to regulatory or health information for this revision is indicated by a bar in the left-hand margin of the SDS.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.