

ACCIDENT MANAGEMENT PLAN

For

Southview Farm
Spilsbury
Fen Lane,
East Keal
Lincolnshire
PE23 5DQ

Phone no:
Mobile no: Andrew 07774 101 133

Nature of Business: Intensive Pig Production

Grid reference of unit: TF3782762455

Grid reference of access: TF3682962309

Date of Plan: 09/07/2024

Review Date: 09/07/2025

Approved By:

Date:

Environment Agency/SEPA/EHS.....
Fire Authority.....
Police.....
Sewer provider.....
Water provider.....
Local Authority.....
Other.....

Copies to:

Date sent:

EMERGENCY CONTACT DETAILS

Emergency Services:	999
Local Police:	01522 532 222
Doctor:	01522 512 512
Environment Agency Hotline:	0800 80 70 60 (24hr emergency hotline)
Environment Agency Local Office:	0800 80 70 60

	Office hours	Out of hours
Electricity supplier:	0333 200 5103 – EDF	105
Gas supplier:		
Local authority:	01427 676 676	01427 613 960
Maintenance contractor:	00353 47 37101 – Agri Resources Ltd	
Oil supplier:	01476 576 200 - Chandlers	
Sewage undertaker:		
Veterinary Surgeon:	028 3756 9799 – JMW Veterinary	07892 702 577
Spreading contractor:	01664 822 446 - Hyslop	
Water undertaker:		
Waste disposal contractor:	Deadstock – 07887 931 222 - Pawsons	
Electrician:		
Plumber:	In House	

COMPANY CONTACTS: (out of hours)

Owner:

Belmont Farms Ltd

Site manager:

Andrew 07774 101 133

Maintenance Contractor:

Agri Resources Ltd – 00353 8719 88116

Head office contact:

Michael Rolsten -07732 955 025

Accident Management Plan

This accident management plan contains the following information:

- Accident management site plan
- Inventory of tanks and stores
- Inventory of raw materials
- Emergency procedures:

Accident Management Site Plan

The Accident Management Site Plan includes information of relevance for dealing with accidents that may pose a risk of environmental pollution and pinpoints the location of key equipment.

This includes.

- Site drainage details
- Mains water stop tap
- Fire hydrant
- Main electrical supply isolator
- Gas supply isolator(s)
- Diverter valves
- Inspection points for detecting pollution
- Location of fire extinguishers
- Ponds, tanks etc containing water for fire fighting
- Storage areas e.g. chemicals, fuel, bedding
- Drain inlets vulnerable to contamination
- Spill kits or emergency materials e.g. sandbags
- Vulnerable locations such as feed silos
- Damming points e.g. culverts, boom anchor points etc.
- Potentially sensitive areas of porous or unmade ground.
- Soakaways.

Inventory of Tanks and Stores

Includes details for stores containing “wastes and Feedstuffs”.

Building / Facility	No. of tanks or stores	Size of tanks (m) <i>(Effective depth is stated excluding freeboard)</i>	Total storage capacity <i>(Excluding freeboard volume)</i>
Slurry Tank 1	1	C – 94.4 x D – 5.7	4041m ³
Slurry Tank Benneth Housing	1		4800 m ³
Feed Bin – Finished Feeds	2	35 m ³	70 m ³
Feed Bin – Finished Feeds	1	20 m ³	20 m ³
Red diesel fuel tank	1	1000	litres
Storeroom	1		
Bunded chemical store			
Biocides		600	litre (max) kg (max)
Pesticides		N/A	litres (max) kg (max)
Rodenticides		N/A	kg (max)
Sharps box	1	2	
Empty container bins	4		1.0m ³

Inventory of Raw Materials:

A copy of the Table of raw materials, question B2.1.4, pages 7 and 8 of the application form is appended.

Recording Incidents:

All incidents that have caused or could result in environmental pollution are recorded immediately following the event on the Site Closure Plan.

Following an accident / incident, this Management Plan will be reviewed to prevent that particular problem occurring again. Any measures identified in the review will then be incorporated in an amended Management Plan.

Emergency Procedures:

Important: Livestock welfare and prevention of environmental pollution must be given priority during any emergency event but with full regard to the health and safety of all persons.

Immediate Actions:

Follow appropriate procedures for type of accident as described in the following tables.

Emergency Procedures Plan



Site Details

Farm Address:	South View Farm, Spilsby, Fen Lane, East Keal, Lincolnshire		
Postcode:	PE23 5DQ	CPH Number:	
Farm Contact:	Andrew	Phone Number:	07774 101133
What3words:	///covertly.toothpick.surfer	Grid Reference:	TF3783062455

Fire Fighting Provisions

Assembly Point:	Designated Point at the Car Park
Local Fire Station:	Spilsbury Fire Station – 01522 555 777
Uncontrolled Fire Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The first person on site must ring 999 immediately. • The first person must notify all other people on site. • Turn off machinery/plant where possible and safe to do so. • If necessary and safe to do so, move waste materials away from the source of the fire. • Personnel within the vicinity must evacuate to the Fire Assembly Point. • When Farm Manager arrives at the Fire Assembly Point, he will take charge of ensuring all people are present. • Follow further instructions from the emergency services. • Once the safety of staff and livestock is confirmed then action to contain wastewater and pollution risk is to be followed as per the pollution section below.

Water Supply

Isolation Point:	Adjacent to Grunters Grange approx. 1000m north of the farm
Man-Made Flood Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch off the water supply. • Clear up any spills/bodies of water. • Repair internally or contact plumber/water engineer. • Ensure the problem is fixed before turning the water supply back on.

Electricity Supply

Isolation Point:	Switch Room Beside the Office
Technical Failure Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report to farm manager, who will investigate. • Contact an electrician to carry out repairs.
Power Cut Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call 105 to report the power cut and follow further instructions. • Use Generator for backup power.

Emergency Procedures Plan



Extreme Weather	
Cold – snow/ice Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check drinkers twice daily to ensure there is a constant supply of water. • Ensure all staff wear appropriate clothing and footwear. • Provide extra bedding where necessary. • Clear/de-ice any pedestrian and vehicle routes.
Heat – drought Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check drinkers twice daily to ensure there is a constant supply of water. • Monitor the stock regularly for signs of distress and illness and treat as required.
Disease Outbreak	
Disease Outbreak Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isolate contagious animals where possible. • Disinfect equipment, protective clothing, and footwear before and after contact with animals. • Ensure staff follow good hygiene practices including washing their hands with hot water and soap. • If necessary, contact the relevant authority
Relevant Authority:	DEFRA Rural Services Helpline – 03000 200 301
Pollution	
Environmental Waste Spillage Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evacuate and cordon off the area from staff and other personnel. • Staff member to identify cause/nature of spill. • If the breach poses a risk to human health or the environment, consider shutting down parts, or all the site. • Put on correct PPE. • Isolate the spillage if required (using booms, spill granules, absorbent pads etc. • Prevent further leakage. • Once fully absorbed, any spent spill materials are to be disposed of appropriately (e.g., off-site as hazardous waste). • Advise management of the incident. • If spill cannot be contained, inform Environment Agency Incident Hotline (0800 80 70 60). • Record Breach and the actions taken to bring the site back into compliance. • Advise the Environment Agency of the incident if required under the conditions of the permit.
Large slurry Leak (leaking or compromised tank)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Farm manager to contact management as soon as identified. Provide photos and videos of escape to help assess impact and containment strategy. • Farm manager to contact the Environment Agency (site officer) immediately after contacting management. • Whilst farm manger is making calls, farm staff members to attempt to block off the leak at source using any suitable materials on site. This will vary depending on the nature of the spill. Materials likely to be successful include soil, straw bales, mineral pallets, and sawdust. • If attempt to stop the leak has not been successful within 10 minutes or leak has been stopped then, field drainage system is to be dammed at two separate distant points to prevent the slurry from travelling further and add two secondary barriers to escape into water course. Use of on-site soil to provide materials for these barriers.

Emergency Procedures Plan



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Once secondary distant barriers are in place, attempts should be made to deposit under the slats in the pig buildings as a temporary measure. Only doing so if the health and welfare of the pigs is not affected. • Farm manager to contact local contractors to export slurry for suitable land spreading or short-term third-party storage if during the closed period if there is not sufficient storage available on farm. • Slurry tankers to extract slurry from the open ditches and spread to suitable land in accordance with Farming Rules for Water and relevant regulations. • Once the majority of the slurry is extracted from the ditches by a tanker, an excavator is to be employed to scrape the ditches clean and to best endeavours remove contaminants. • The scrapings from the ditches are to be deposited on temporary field heaps. • Follow any further clean up and testing advice following Environment Agency visit to site and keep them updated as they request at the time. • Within 2 weeks review on-site policies to investigate changes that could be made to reduce the likelihood of a similar spill occurring in the future any changes to the emergency procedures highlighted due to the leak and keep this review on file and amend both Accident Prevention and Accident procedures plans accordingly.
<p>Small Slurry Leak (spill for unhooking a pipe from tanker, failure of locks or slurry tanker failure etc.).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff member who identifies the leak to immediately contact the site manager. • Attempt to be made to stop the source of the leak, if possible, if slurry lock has failed, use the second lock. If a slurry tanker failure or tanker crash, then containment is priority. • Staff members use straw or soil to act as a bund to contain the spill and do what is practically possible to stop the slurry leak leaving the permitted site or entering a clean water drainage system. • Use soil bund to block up clean water drainage system at the point it leaves the permitted site to act as secondary containment following priory capture. • Once contained clean up using slurry tanker and deposit into slurry tank as required. • Once liquid slurry has been cleaned up, use tractor bucket on farm to deposit straw and solid fraction onto the muck pad to contain any leachate. • Wash down the site and direct any dirty water into the slurry system. • Once contained and cleaned up contact Farm Manager immediately to confirm the incident and action taken. • Within 2 weeks review and update plans accordingly if there is amendments to be made following the incident.
<p>Fire (wastewater)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Farm manager to contact the Environment Agency (site officer) immediately. • Field drainage system is to be dammed at two separate distant points to prevent the contaminated fire water from travelling further and add two secondary barriers to escape into water course. Use of on-site soil to provide materials for these barriers. • Use sawdust to spread out and act as a barrier and sponge to reduce the volume of fire water leaving the site. The location of the fire will dictate the most suitable location for this as directed by the Emergency Services.

Emergency Procedures Plan



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Once secondary distant barriers are in place, and advised by relevant emergency services to do so use tanker to suck out the contaminated water and deposit into the under slat storage, provided it sufficient capacity. Farm manager to contact local licenced waste contractors to arrange for wastewater to be deposited of correctly. Tankers to extract contaminated water from the open ditches and deposit into the slurry tank being used to store on site. Once the majority of the contaminated water was extracted from the ditches by a tanker, an excavator is to be employed to scrape the ditches clean. The scrapings from the ditches are to be deposited on the muck pad to allow the slurry to drain off (this is captured by the existing gulley system and pumped into the process tank). This will then be part of the waste removal on site. Follow any further clean up and testing advice, following Environment Agency and relevant Emergency Services advice. Within 2 weeks review on-site policies to investigate changes that could be made to reduce the likelihood of a similar event occurring in the future any changes to the emergency procedures highlighted due to the event and keep this review on file and amend both Accident Prevention and Accident Procedures Plans accordingly.
Chemical Spillage Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use suitable filling sites, when possible, to eliminate this risk. Create a barrier to contain the spilled chemicals. Refer to the product data sheet. Use PPE and suitable equipment to clear up the spillage – either by absorption or bagging up. If the spill is reacting or cannot be cleared up call 999.
Fuel Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create a barrier to contain the spilled fuel. Use straw from the nearby shed to absorb the fuel. Use PPE and suitable equipment to bag the contaminated straw. If the spill is reacting or cannot be cleared up call 999.
Activist Activity	
Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If able, politely ask the activists to leave. Lock gates where possible to prevent access. Create temporary barriers where gates are not present to prevent access. Contact the police and wait for help to arrive.

Minor Medical Emergency	
First Aid Box Location:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Farm Office
Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assess the situation quickly and calmly. Ensure it is safe to approach the casualty. Stay calm and reassure the casualty. Assess the injury and call for help if needed. Give first aid treatment. Record details in the accident book and report to Farm manager.

Emergency Procedures Plan



Severe Medical Emergency

First Aid Box Location:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Farm Office
Nearest Defibrillator Location:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• MB Garages Ltd, Coronation Garage, Main Road, East Keal. PE23 4BA• <i>What3words</i>::///responses.pounces.trek• <i>Grid Reference</i>: TF3784563991
Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assess the situation quickly and calmly.• Ring 999 immediately.• If it is safe, approach the casualty to offer help and reassurance.• Follow the instructions of the 999-call operator.• Stay with the casualty until assistance arrives.• Record details in the accident book and report to Farm manager.

Loss of Assurance Status

Action Plan:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Address all non-conformities to regain assurance status.
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