



Waste Production Reduction Principles

Moy Park Limited

**Alison's Farm
Land at High Dyke
High Dyke
Great Ponton
NG33 5BQ**

Permit number EPR/DP3642QD

The operator subscribes to the 3R's principles of Replace, Reduce and Refine and these principals are applied to all aspects of our production system.

We work with a waste provider to identify opportunities to ensure that our waste is disposed efficiently. Waste stream mapping has been carried out on our farms to help us apply the hierarchy of waste.

We have developed and moved almost entirely to online record keeping and now only generate hard copy documentation in order to comply with relevant legislation which requires it.

All farms have been assessed, monitored over time and average usage of raw materials recorded and analysed. This has enable the introduction of standardised issuing of raw materials in the first instance enforcing the reduction of waste production in the first instance. Wherever possible, waste generated has been replaced with bio-degradable alternatives. As an operator and as part of our stated mission goals of reaching net- zero, we have a no – landfill policy in which we have no waste sent to landfill and utilise a variety of methods and processes to reduce, refine or replace and, where this is not possible, to recycle.

Farms have separate clean and dirty water containment systems to minimise waste water production. Some farms have Rain Water Harvesting to capture rainwater for use for either was down cycles or treated for bird drinking water where possible to reduce mains water use and waste.

Litter generated from most of our farms is sent for use for energy- recovery via combustion power plant.

All physical waste such as paper, containers and packaging is either treated on site to render it ready for recycling or sent to recycling centres for further sorting and treatment prior to recycling.

Energy efficiency is thoroughly and continuously monitored to identify any inefficiencies, signifying the need for maintenance or highlighting areas for potential improvement through the use of new/ alternative technologies. Thereby reducing the production of waste in the first instance.