



Fly Control Management Plan

Fly infestations can cause serious problems. On finding a fly issue, action should be taken immediately and the manager called. Use up to date Emergency Plan to find most current contact number.

- Avoiding flies is key to control
- Flies spread disease and can cause complaints from the neighbours.
- Litter should be kept dry and cool. Check ventilation.
- Check nipples and cups are all in good working order. Any leaks need mending immediately.
- Do not put broken eggs into the pit.
- Remove dead birds and place in a lockable dead skip daily
- Clean up feed spills immediately inside the shed and under the bin pad. Record on log and address the cause of the feed spill.
- Empty bins daily.
- Routinely use a larvicide – LJF use Maggots – and record on daily sheet.
- Check for flies daily and record any activity on weekly sheet.
- Use a knock down if adults are identified.
- Sheila/Twenty One or similar products can be used as an adult attractant. These are to be used on cardboard in high risk areas. Monitoring of activity is to be recorded and kept on a log in the main office.
- Sticky boards/rolls are to be used as a monitoring technique. Your manager should be alerted if you are observing adults beyond recommended thresholds.
- For organic fly control please use organic approved products.

If you are unsure about any pest problem, need help or chemicals please call Daniel Fairburn 07770597777.

This document is an abridged version of, and supports Burgh Le Marsh Farms Fly Control Document 2015 (FC1). This is a user friendly document designed to be adopted on all LJF farms.