Caulmert Limited

Engineering, Environmental & Planning Consultancy Services

Arpley 2 Waste Transfer Station

FCC Recycling (UK) Limited

Environmental Permit Variation Application

Activities & Operating Techniques Report

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i

Activities & Operating Techniques Report

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRO	INTRODUCTION		
	1.1	Application Context	3	
	1.2	Document Structure	3	
	1.3	Site Setting and Location	3	
2.0	PROC	ESS DESCRIPTION	5	
	2.1	Overview	5	
	2.2	Site Management	5	
	2.3	Waste Acceptance	6	
	2.4	Waste Rejection/Quarantine	6	
	2.5	Waste Bulking & Storage	6	
	2.6	Waste Transfer	7	
	2.7	Site Drainage	7	
	2.8	Site Layout	7	
	2.9	Operational Hours	7	
	2.10	Odour	8	
	2.11	Dust	8	
	2.12	Noise	8	
	2.13	Fire	9	
	2.14	Management System	9	
	2.15	Accidents & Incidents	10	
3.0	ACTIV	TITIES & OPERATING TECHNIQUES – PART B4 FORM	12	
	3.1	Q1a What waste operations are you applying for?	12	
	3.2	Q1b Types of Waste	13	
	3.3	Q2 Emissions to Air, Water and Land	16	
	3.4	Q3a Technical Standards	17	
	3.5	Q3b General Requirements	17	
	3.6	Q4a Monitoring Point Source Emissions	17	
	3.7	Appendices 1 & 2 of Part B4 – Specific questions for the recovery to land for		
	agricu	ltural benefit and for inert waste landfill and deposit for recovery operations	18	

DRAWINGS

EC-22022-071-SO3 Proposed Operations Plan

2382520_P CCTV Drainage Connectivity Survey

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Application Context

- 1.1.1 Caulmert Limited have been appointed by FCC Recycling (UK) Limited ('the Operator') to prepare an environmental permit variation application to add a non-hazardous bulking up and waste transfer activity to the existing permit ref. EPR/JB3633RP for their Arpley 2 Waste Transfer Station ('the Site') in Huyton, Liverpool, postcode L36 6JF. FCC Recycling (UK) Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of FCC Environment (UK) Limited.
- 1.1.2 It is proposed to add a new waste activity to the permit and retain the existing listed activity. The proposed activity involves accepting up to 120,000 tonnes per annum of Mixed Dry Recyclables (MDR) and residual Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) and other wastes from household, commercial and industrial sources for bulking up within concrete bays in the building prior to transferring off-site for further recovery and/or recycling. All delivery, handling, storing and loading of wastes into vehicles will be undertaken within the building, which will have roller shutter doors kept closed when not in use and impermeable concrete surfacing.
- 1.1.3 The Site is currently permitted as an installation for the pre-treatment of non-hazardous waste prior to incineration, specifically a Section 5.4A(1)(b)(ii) activity for shredding of waste and production of Refuse-Derived Fuel (RDF) within the building and this activity is to be retained in the permit.

1.2 Document Structure

- 1.2.1 This report comprises an integrated approach of the Activities & Operational Techniques in application form Part B4 including a process description of the proposed activity. Where relevant, it is required to show that operations at the Site demonstrate that no significant pollution will be caused from the activity as a whole.
- 1.2.2 The Part B4 form requests information about the activities the application relates to and the operating techniques that will apply to them, which includes:
 - a) Types of activities;
 - b) Types of waste to be accepted;
 - c) Point source emissions (to air, water, sewers, land etc.);
 - d) Operating Techniques including technical standards;
 - e) General requirements in relation to managing emissions (dust, odour, noise or vibration etc.); and,

May 2024

f) Monitoring of point source emissions.

1.3 Site Setting and Location

1.3.1 The Site is located in an industrial estate off Stretton Way in Huyton, Liverpool, at postcode L36 6JF and is centred on National Grid Reference SJ 45870 90085.

1.3.2 The Site is situated 620m north-northwest of Junction 6 of the M62, approximately 2.5km to the southwest of Prescot. The site is in an industrial area, with other industrial units and warehouses surrounding the site to the northwest, west and south. The M57 motorway is 100m to the east of the Site boundary and the Liverpool to Manchester railway is located 690m to the north. The River Mersey is located over 7.2km to the southeast at its closest point and leads to the Mersey Estuary over 15km to the west. The Site location is shown below in Figure 1:



Figure 1 – Site Location Plan (approx. Permit boundary in green) (map from: Google Earth)

2.0 PROCESS DESCRIPTION

2.1 Overview

- 2.1.1 This permit variation application is to add a "Household, commercial and industrial waste transfer station" activity to the existing permit ref. EPR/JB3633RP and retain the existing listed activity. The proposed activity involves accepting up to 120,000 tonnes per year of Mixed Dry Recyclables (MDR) and residual Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) and other wastes from household, commercial and industrial sources for bulking up to 3m high within 4m high concrete bays in the building prior to transferring off-site for further recovery and/or recycling.
- 2.1.2 The Arpley 2 Site is currently permitted as an installation, specifically for a Section 5.4A(1)(b)(ii) activity for the "Recovery of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day involving pre-treatment of waste for incineration or co-incineration". The facility when operational pre-treats up to 120,000 tonnes per year of waste primarily to produce a Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF) which is baled and stored prior to being sent for incineration. Ferrous metals and other recyclable materials are also recovered as part of the treatment process. This activity will be retained on the permit but is not proposed in the short term and the FPP will be updated to include prior to operations commencing if applicable. The site is currently mothballed and due to be refurbished ready for the proposed waste transfer activities.
- 2.1.3 There will be no change to the permit boundary, total annual quantity of waste accepted at the Site or currently permitted waste types as part of this permit variation. A new waste list is proposed for the new activity that is to be separate from the RDF activity. The total amount of MDR and MSW and other proposed wastes stored at any one time in the building will be 1,000 tonnes.

2.2 Site Management

- 2.2.1 The activities will be undertaken with environmental protection as a priority, utilising Appropriate Measures in accordance with appropriate guidance, ensuring that effective control measures are in place to prevent harm to human health and the local environment.
- 2.2.2 A dedicated building will house the activities, ensuring effective minimisation of potential emissions of odour, dust, litter and noise and to minimise surface water run-off. The Site will be installed with impermeable concrete surfacing to contain any run-off and to reduce mud and debris generation.
- 2.2.3 Waste will be dealt with on a first in first out basis and will be turned round quickly to minimise the risks of odour and vermin.
- 2.2.4 The site will be kept tidy and will be inspected on a daily basis to make sure that no fugitive emissions or risks to the environment or human health are detected. Any significant emissions of dust, odour, litter, noise or other emissions will be investigated immediately and remedied as per the site's procedures.

2.2.5 Staff will be trained to understand the potential environmental risks associated with the site and their role in managing those risks. An induction will also be provided for contractors and visitors so that they are aware of any environmental requirements during the course of their work or visit on-site.

2.3 Waste Acceptance

- 2.3.1 Strict waste acceptance procedures at the site will be adhered to, as per current procedures ensuring only the permitted waste codes (as listed in Table 3 below) are to be accepted at the site.
- 2.3.2 The wastes will be delivered to site via the site entrances on the eastern permit boundary of the site off Stretton Way.
- 2.3.3 When the wastes arrive at the site, incoming waste loads will be checked by trained site staff at the weighbridge by visual inspection. All wastes will be checked and verified against waste transfer documentation prior to the waste being offloaded onto the site. These checks will ensure waste descriptions and waste codes match the waste load being delivered.
- 2.3.4 If, upon tipping onto site, the waste load is discovered to be contaminated by other non-permitted wastes or found to be any way non-conforming to the permitted waste types listed in the permit (e.g. excessively wet, dusty, odorous or contaminated), the waste load will be reloaded and sent off-site. Where immediate removal from site is not possible, the waste load will be moved into the quarantine area until it can be removed from site as soon as practicable. No non-conforming wastes will be accepted onto site.
- 2.3.5 Waste loads being delivered will be tipped inside the building. Roller shutter doors on the building will be closed as soon as possible after use and will remain closed when not in use, to prevent odours or dust leaving the building.

2.4 Waste Rejection/Quarantine

2.4.1 Any non-conforming wastes will be rejected from the site or, where waste cannot be removed immediately, stored in a quarantine area outside temporarily, awaiting removal from site to a suitably permitted facility for treatment or disposal.

2.5 Waste Bulking & Storage

- 2.5.1 Waste received will be tipped either directly into the dedicated concrete storage bays or onto the reception hall floor prior to being moved by mobile plant into the correct bay.
- 2.5.2 Stockpiles will be stored within 3-sided concrete bays inside the building (see attached drawing ref. EC-22022-S01-211) and separate piles will be segregated by 4m high concrete bay walls. Stockpiles within bays will not be stored over 3m high, allowing for a 1m freeboard between the top of the stockpile and the top of the bay wall, as a fire prevention measure preventing fire from jumping quickly between overloaded waste bays. It is proposed up to 1,000 tonnes are able to be stored on site at any one time within the building.

Caulmert Ltd 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0305 6 May 2024

- 2.5.3 All unloading, bulking, storing and re-loading of wastes will be undertaken within the building, which will have roller shutter doors kept closed when not in use and impermeable concrete surfacing.
- 2.5.4 The Operator will ensure that the building has the necessary capacity to receive the waste for all storage areas. Wastes are not received if capacity at the site is not available for storage.

2.6 Waste Transfer

2.6.1 Once the storage limits are reached for the bays (individual bays or a number of bays depending on storage requirements of the wastes and incoming waste types) then the Operator will transfer the bulked wastes off-site for recovery. This may include recycling wastes or sending wastes to an Energy from Waste (EfW) plant.

2.7 Site Drainage

- 2.7.1 Surface water from waste storage areas discharges to a public foul sewer located on the road outside the facility. The building will provide shelter from rainfall and therefore it is unlikely that any contaminated run-off will be produced within the building, with only dry and dewatered wastes to be accepted onto site.
- 2.7.2 Surface water from the northern end of the site discharges to Logwood Mill Brook through a private outfall and the southern end discharges to the same brook via a surface water sewer.
- 2.7.3 Site drainage is shown on attached drawing ref. 2382520_P 'CCTV Drainage Connectivity Survey'.
- 2.7.4 Penstock valves installed within the drainage system can be closed in an emergency scenario such as during a spill or leak incident or to contain firewater onsite and prevent emissions to surface water or sewer.

2.8 Site Layout

2.8.1 The proposed site layout is shown on attached drawing ref. EC-22022-S01-211 'Proposed Operations Plan'.

2.9 Operational Hours

2.9.1 Arpley 2 Waste Transfer Station will operate during the following hours:

Monday to Friday 07:30 – 18:00 Saturdays and Bank Holidays 07:30 – 13:00

Closed Sundays (limited operations if required)

2.9.2 Deliveries and collections of waste materials will also be undertaken during the above normal operational hours.

May 2024

2.9.3 The site will be inspected daily when operational and subject to regular cleaning and maintenance, with remedial actions required to be fully documented in the site diary, which is to be kept at all times in the Site Offices.

2.10 Odour

- 2.10.1 The waste types to be accepted at the site will not be inherently odorous consisting mainly of dry recyclable waste from municipal council collections, however some food contamination and biodegradable parks and garden wastes may be possible and therefore an Odour Management Plan (OMP) Addendum to the existing OMP for the site has been produced as part of this permit variation application as document ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0303.
- 2.10.2 Odour is also considered in the Environmental Risk Assessment (ERA) report ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0301, included within this permit variation application.
- 2.10.3 The waste operations will be undertaken within a building with roller shutter doors to be closed when not in active use and therefore this will provide odour mitigation. Strict waste acceptance procedures will ensure only waste types listed on the permitted waste list will be allowed onto site and any excessively odorous wastes will be rejected from site.

2.11 **Dust**

- 2.11.1 Dust emissions to air could arise during the tipping and handling of wastes within the building and from the delivery vehicles arriving at site. Waste wills only be tipped, moved and stored inside the building, with closed roller shutter doors, which will minimise dust emissions from leaving the site but also protect stockpiles from the effects of wind-whip and drying of wastes that could cause dust emissions.
- 2.11.2 The waste types to be accepted at the site consist mainly of dry recyclable waste from municipal council collections, therefore will not be inherently dusty. However, a Dust & Emissions Management Plan (DEMP) has been produced as part of this permit variation application and is attached as document ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0304.
- 2.11.3 Dust and particulate emissions will be checked as part of routine daily site inspections and throughout the day by site staff. Dust is also considered in more detail in the Environmental Risk Assessment (ERA) report ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0301, included within this permit variation application.

2.12 Noise

2.12.1 Noise and vibrations have the potential to be generated by the mobile plant proposed to be used on site, however these will be minimal and restricted to movements within the building. There will also be noise from delivery and collection vehicles, however this will not be a significant increase to traffic movements already previously experienced at the site for permitted RDF production and therefore will not significantly increase noise levels in the surrounding industrial estate, to that which is already experienced in the area. There will be

no waste treatment at the site, only waste bulking and storage as part of the proposed operations, therefore noise levels will be much less than the previous RDF operations which included shredding and baling with no history of noise complaints. As such noise and vibrations are not considered a high risk to nearby receptors. Noise and vibrations are also considered in the Environmental Risk Assessment (ERA) document ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0301.

2.12.2 A planned preventative maintenance programme (PPMP) will be in place for all parts of the mobile plant and will include routine maintenance and servicing of parts that could give rise to increases in noise. Noise and vibration emissions will be checked as part of routine daily site inspections and throughout the day by site staff.

2.13 Fire

2.13.1 It is proposed to accept combustible wastes onto site for bulking up and storing in concrete bays in the building and therefore fire prevention measures for the site are considered in detail in the Fire Prevention Plan (FPP) produced as part of this permit variation application as document ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0302.

2.14 Management System

- 2.14.1 An Environmental Management System (EMS) is a formal system to demonstrate compliance with environmental objectives. It is a technique which allows operators to address environmental issues in a systematic and demonstrable way and are most effective when they form an inherent part of the overall management and operation of a site.
- 2.14.2 FCC Environment (UK) Limited (of which FCC Recycling (UK) Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary) has implemented an accredited ISO14001 Integrated Management System (IMS) across the whole company and its subsidiaries to control the operations at their sites.
- 2.14.3 The waste operations on site will be managed by the Operator in accordance with the management system which meets the standards set out in the Environment Agency Guidance 'Develop a management system: environmental permits' (Published February 2016)¹. The management of the operations will continue to be in line with ISO14001 standard for environmental management.
- 2.14.4 A summary of the EMS and certificates is included within document ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0306 in Appendix 3 of the Supporting Document of this application.
- 2.14.5 The following documents included as part of this permit application will form technical standards within the EMS and provide the basis for operational procedures minimising impact upon the environment from the proposed waste operations:
 - Environmental Risk Assessment ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0301;

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¹ Environment Agency Guidance, 'develop a management system: environmental permits' https://www.gov.uk/guidance/develop-a-management-system-environmental-permits

- Fire Prevention Plan ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0302;
- Odour Management Plan Addendum ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0303; and,
- Dust & Emissions Management Plan ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0304.

2.15 Accidents & Incidents

- 2.15.1 An emergency action plan will form part of the plant operational procedures, ensuring that all foreseeable accidents are mitigated against, and action plans prepared which should be followed by site staff in the event of an accident occurring. The emergency plan will identify the hazards and assess the risks of each scenario and set out control measures to reduce the risk of a potential accident occurring on site.
- 2.15.2 The emergency action plan will cover the following aspects:
 - Transfer of substances (e.g. moving waste materials across site);
 - Over-loading stockpiles;
 - Emissions from plant or equipment (e.g. leakages from joints, over pressurisation of hydraulics):
 - Failure of containment (e.g. physical failure of drainage sumps or impermeable surfacing of site);
 - Spillages and leaks of hazardous substances (e.g. spills of fuels and oils)
 - Failure of mains services (e.g. mains water, electricity);
 - Fire;
 - Operator error; and,
 - Vandalism.
- 2.15.3 Following an assessment of the risk of the hazards identified the emergency actions plan will identify the techniques and control measures in place necessary to reduce the risks:
 - There will be an up-to-date inventory of substances, present or likely to be present, which could have environmental consequences if they escape. This will include apparently innocuous substances that can be environmentally damaging if they escape. The permit will require the regulator to be notified of any significant changes to the inventory.
 - Storage arrangements for raw materials, products and wastes will be designed and operated to minimise risks to the environment.
 - Automatic process controls will be backed-up by manual supervision, both to minimise the frequency of emergency situations and to maintain control during emergency situations. Instrumentation will include, where appropriate, alarms and emergency stop switches.
 - Physical protection in place where appropriate (e.g. barriers to prevent damage to equipment from the movement of vehicles).

- Appropriate secondary containment providing 110% capacity of the stored potentially polluting liquids (e.g. bunds, catchpits, containment).
- Security systems to prevent unauthorised access should be provided where appropriate.
- Formal systems for the logging and recording of all incidents, near-misses, abnormal events, changes to procedures and significant findings of maintenance inspections.
- Procedures for responding to and learning from incidents, near-misses, etc.
- The roles and responsibilities of personnel involved in incident management formally specified.
- Clear guidance available on how each accident scenario might best be managed (e.g. containment or dispersion, to extinguish fires or to let them burn).
- Procedures in place to avoid incidents occurring as a result of poor communications between staff at shift change or during maintenance or other engineering work.
- Safe shutdown procedures in place.
- Communication channels with emergency services and other relevant authorities established, and available for use in the event of an incident. Procedures will include the assessment of harm following an incident and the steps needed to redress this.
- Appropriate control techniques in place to limit the consequences of an accident, such as isolation of drains, provision of oil spillage equipment, alerting of relevant authorities and evacuation procedures.
- Personnel training requirements will be identified, and training provided.
- Spill contingency procedures will be in place to minimise accidental release of raw materials, products and waste materials and then to prevent their entry into water.
- Any potentially contaminated site drainage waters, emergency firewater, chemically contaminated waters and spillages of chemicals will be contained.
- Consideration will be given to the possibility of containment or abatement of accidental emissions. Where this may be inadvisable on safety grounds, attention should be focused on reducing the probability of the emission.

3.0 ACTIVITIES & OPERATING TECHNIQUES – PART B4 FORM

3.1 Q1a What waste operations are you applying for?

- 3.1.1 This permit variation application is to add a "Household, commercial and industrial waste transfer station" activity to the existing permit ref. EPR/JB3633RP and retain the existing listed activity.
- 3.1.2 The proposed activity involves accepting up to 120,000 tonnes per year of Mixed Dry Recyclables (MDR) and residual Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) and other wastes from household, commercial and industrial sources for bulking up within 4m high concrete bays in the building prior to transferring off-site for further recovery and/or recycling.
- 3.1.3 It is proposed to keep the same 120,000 tonnes per year annual throughput limit already permitted for the existing RDF activity at the site and applying this as the overall annual tonnage limit to the activities at the site (both the existing RDF activity and the proposed waste transfer operation). It is unlikely both operations will be undertaken at the same time, however the total limit of 120,000 tonnes per year of non-hazardous waste will not be exceeded whilst operational.
- 3.1.4 The proposed waste transfer operation is outlined below in Table 2:

Table 2 – Waste operations to be added to permit

Name of waste	Description of	Annex I (D	Hazardous waste	Non-hazardous
operation	waste operation	codes) and	treatment	waste treatment
		Annex II (R	capacity (if	capacity (if
		codes)	applicable)	applicable)
Household,	Reception of	R5 – recycling	N/A	N/A – no
commercial and	wastes for	/reclamation of		treatment
industrial waste	bulking and	other inorganic		proposed.
transfer station	temporary	materials.		
	storage prior to			Bulking and
	transfer off-site	R13 – storage of		temporary
	for recovery.	wastes pending		storage of wastes
		any of the		only.
		operations		
		numbered R1 to		
		R12 (exc.		
		temporary		
		storage pending		
		collection, on		
		the site where		
		the waste is		
		produced).		
		D15 – storage		
		pending any of		

12

	the operations		
	numbered D1 to		
	D14 (exc.		
	temporary		
	storage, pending		
	collection, on		
	the site where		
	the waste is		
	produced).		
Total storage capacity		-	1,000 tonnes
Annual throughput		-	120,000 tonnes
			per annum

3.1.5 Only non-hazardous waste types as listed in Table 3 below will be accepted onto site for bulking and temporary storage prior to transfer off-site for recovery. No hazardous wastes will be accepted onto site. No waste treatment is proposed, only bulking and temporary storage.

3.2 Q1b Types of Waste

3.2.1 The non-hazardous waste types to be accepted at the site for the proposed transfer station activity at Arpley 2 will be as follows in Table 3:

Table 3 – Proposed Waste List for Waste Transfer and Bulking Activity

EWC Code	Description
02	WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY, HUNTING AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING
02 01	Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing
02 01 03	plant tissue waste
02 01 04	waste plastics (except packaging)
02 01 07	wastes from forestry
02 03	wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation
02 03 02	wastes from preserving agents
02 03 03	wastes from solvent extraction
02 03 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 05	wastes from the dairy products industry
02 05 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 06	wastes from the baking and confectionary industry
02 06 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 06 02	wastes from preserving agents
02 07	wastes from the production of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages (except coffee, tea and cocoa)
02 07 01	wastes from washing, cleaning and mechanical reduction of raw materials
02 07 03	wastes from chemical treatment

13

02 07 02	wastes from spirits distillation		
02 07 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing		
	WASTES FROM WOOD PROCESSING AND THE PRODUCTION OF PANELS		
03	AND FURNITURE, PULP, PAPER AND CARDBOARD		
03 01	wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture		
03 01 01	waste bark and cork		
03 01 05	sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood, particle board and veneer other than		
	those mentioned in 03 01 04		
03 03	wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing		
03 03 01	waste bark and wood		
03 03 07	mechanically separated rejects from pulping of waste paper and cardboard		
03 03 08	wastes from sorting of paper and cardboard destined for recycling		
03 03 10	fibre rejects, fibre-, filler- and coating-sludges from mechanical separation		
04	WASTES FROM THE LEATHER, FUR AND TEXTILE INDUSTRIES		
04 02	wastes from the textile industry		
04 02 15	wastes from finishing other than those mentioned in 04 02 14		
04 02 21	wastes from unprocessed textile fibres		
04 02 22	wastes from processed textile fibres		
07	WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES		
07 02	wastes from the MFSU of plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres		
07 02 13	waste plastic		
12	WASTES FROM SHAPING AND PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL SURFACE		
12	TREATMENT OF METALS AND PLASTICS		
12 01	wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics		
12 01 05	plastics shavings and turnings		
15	WASTE PACKAGING, ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED		
15 01	packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)		
15 01 01	paper and cardboard packaging		
15 01 02	plastic packaging		
15 01 03	wooden packaging		
15 01 05	composite packaging		
15 01 06	mixed packaging		
15 01 09	textile packaging		
15 02	absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing		
15 02 03	absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing other		
1.6	than those mentioned in 15 02 02		
16	WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST		
16 01	end-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and wastes from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and		
1001	vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 16 06 and 16 08)		
16 01 03	end-of-life tyres		
16 01 19	plastic		
16 03	off-specification batches and unused products		
16 03 04	inorganic wastes other than those mentioned in 16 03 03		
17	CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED		
17	SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)		

17 02	wood, glass and plastic
17 02 01	wood
17 02 03	plastic
17 09	other construction and demolition wastes
17.00.01	mixed construction and demolition wastes other than those mentioned in
17 09 04	17 09 01, 17 09 02 and 17 09 03
	WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE
10	WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND THE PREPARATION OF WATER
19	INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION AND WATER FOR INDUSTRIAL
	USE
19 02	wastes from physico-chemical treatments of waste (including
	dechromatation, decynadation, neutralisation)
19 02 03	premixed wastes composed only of non-hazardous wastes
19 02 10	combustible wastes other than those mention in 19 02 08 and 19 02 09
19 05	wastes from aerobic treatment of solids wastes
19 05 01	non-composted fraction of municipal and similar wastes
19 05 02	non-composted fraction of animal and vegetable waste
19 05 03	off-specification compost
19 12	wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting,
10.10.01	crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified
19 12 01	paper and cardboard
19 12 04	plastic and rubber
19 12 07	wood other than those mentioned in 19 12 06
19 12 08	textiles
19 12 10	combustible waste (refuse derived fuel)
19 12 12	other wastes (including mixtures of materials) from mechanical treatment
	of wastes other than those mentioned in 19 12 11
20	MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY
20	COLLECTED FRACTIONS
20 01	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)
20 01 01	paper and cardboard
20 01 10	clothes
20 01 11	textiles
20 01 38	wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37
20 01 39	plastics
20 01 41	wastes from chimney sweeping
20 02	garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)
20 02 01	biodegradable waste
20 03	other municipal wastes
20 03 01	mixed municipal waste
20 03 02	waste from markets
20 03 03	street-cleaning residues
20 03 07	bulky waste

3.2.2 The above waste list will be separate to the existing waste list for the RDF activity within the permit. There will be no changes to the permitted waste types or tonnage already accepted for the RDF activity. The total tonnage limit of 120,000 tonnes per annum for non-hazardous

wastes will however cover both activities, although these are unlikely to be operational at the same time.

3.3 Q2 Emissions to Air, Water and Land

Point source emissions to air

- 3.3.1 There will be no point source emissions to air as part of the activities at the site.
- 3.3.2 Fugitive dust and particulate emissions and odour may be generated in small amounts by the movement and storage of waste on-site however the waste types to be accepted are not inherently dusty or odorous, and all activities will be undertaken inside the fully enclosed building with roller shutter doors closed when not in use. Therefore, it is anticipated that the risk of dust and odour being generated by the proposed activities will be very low to negligible.

Point source emissions to water (other than sewers)

- 3.3.3 There will be no point source emissions to water (other than sewers) as part of the activities at the site.
- 3.3.4 Uncontaminated site surface water run-off from the northern end of the site discharges to Logwood Mill Brook through a private outfall. The southern end discharges to the same brook via a surface water sewer.
- 3.3.5 All waste activities to be undertaken within the fully enclosed building which will not interact with the outside surface water run-off coming from the site surface and building roof.
- 3.3.6 Mobile plant when not in use will be parked on the impermeable concrete site surfacing and therefore any oils or potential leaks will not infiltrate the ground below.
- 3.3.7 If the Quarantine Area is in use outside, and likely to generate potentially polluting liquids, then the penstock valves for the drainage system will be closed.
- 3.3.8 Site drainage is shown on attached drawing ref. 2382520_P 'CCTV Drainage Connectivity Survey'.

Point source emissions to sewers, effluent treatment plants or other transfer off-site

- 3.3.9 Run-off from waste storage areas discharges to a public foul sewer located on Stretton Way outside the transfer station. The building will provide shelter from rainfall and therefore it is unlikely that any contaminated run-off will be produced within the building, with only dry and dewatered wastes to be accepted onto site.
- 3.3.10 Penstock valves installed within the drainage system can be closed in an emergency scenario such as during a spill or leak incident or to contain firewater on-site and prevent emissions to sewer.

Point source emissions to land

3.3.11 There will be no point source emissions to land as part of the activities at the site.

3.4 Q3a Technical Standards

- 3.4.1 The following guidance and reports for the technical standards for this permit application:
 - Environment Agency guidance 'Control and monitor emissions for your environmental permit' last updated 24th November 2022;
 - Environment Agency guidance 'Risk assessment for your environmental permit' last updated 21st November 2023;
 - Environment Agency 'Guidance for the Recovery and Disposal of Hazardous and Non-Hazardous Waste S5.06', (Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control (IPPC)) Issue 5 dated May 2013 (last updated 10th October 2018);
 - FCC Environment (UK) Limited (of which FCC Recycling (UK) Limited is a subsidiary)
 Integrated Management System inc. Waste Acceptance Procedures;
 - Environmental Risk Assessment report ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0301;
 - Fire Prevention Plan ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0302;
 - Odour Management Plan Addendum ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0303;
 - Dust & Emissions Management Plan ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0304; and,
 - Activities & Operating Techniques Report ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0305 (this report).

3.5 Q3b General Requirements

- 3.5.1 An Environmental Risk Assessment is provided as part of this permit variation as report ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0301. The risks from accidents (leaks, spills), fire, contaminated surface water run-off, litter, pests, noise and mud and debris are considered to be low, if control measures are in place. Management plans for fire, odour and dust are considered to be required for the proposed operations and these are listed below:
 - Fire Prevention Plan ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0302;
 - Odour Management Plan Addendum ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0303; and,
 - Dust & Emissions Management Plan ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0304.

3.6 Q4a Monitoring Point Source Emissions

3.6.1 There are no point source emissions to air, water (other than sewers) or land from the proposed waste operations at the site.

17

Monitoring of Fugitive Emissions

- 3.6.2 Emissions monitoring for odour and dust will be undertaken as per the monitoring proposed in the relevant management plans and as part of daily site inspections.
- 3.6.3 Other potential emissions arising from the proposed site activities have been assessed in the Environmental Risk Assessment ref. 6109-CAU-XX-XX-RP-V-0301 and the overall risk from these is considered low if control measures are implemented as per site procedures.
- 3.6.4 Monitoring of potential fugitive emissions will be undertaken daily as part of daily site inspections and if detected or complaints received, will be dealt with as per procedures in the site's management system and control measures at the site reviewed accordingly.
- 3.7 Appendices 1 & 2 of Part B4 Specific questions for the recovery to land for agricultural benefit and for inert waste landfill and deposit for recovery operations

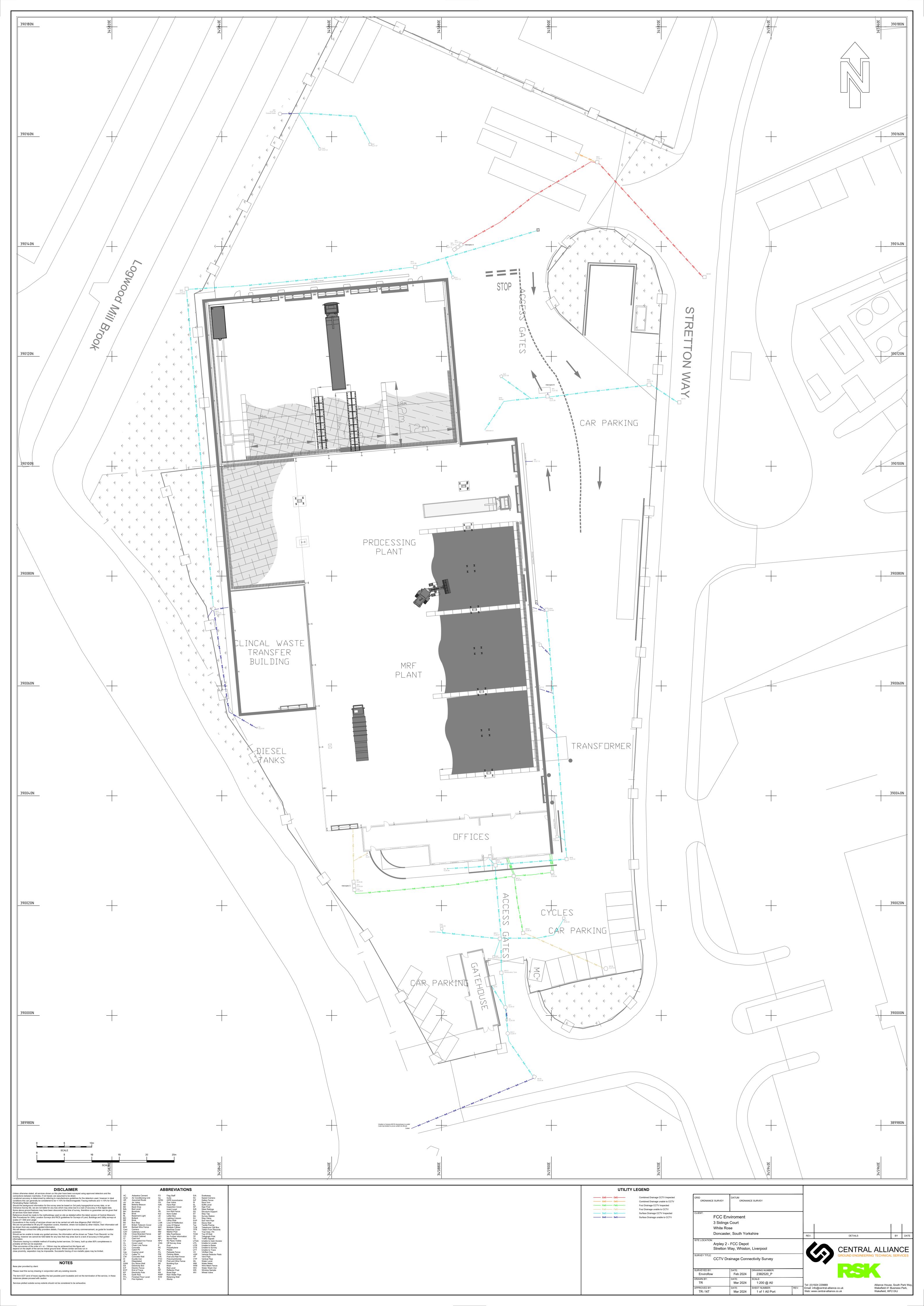
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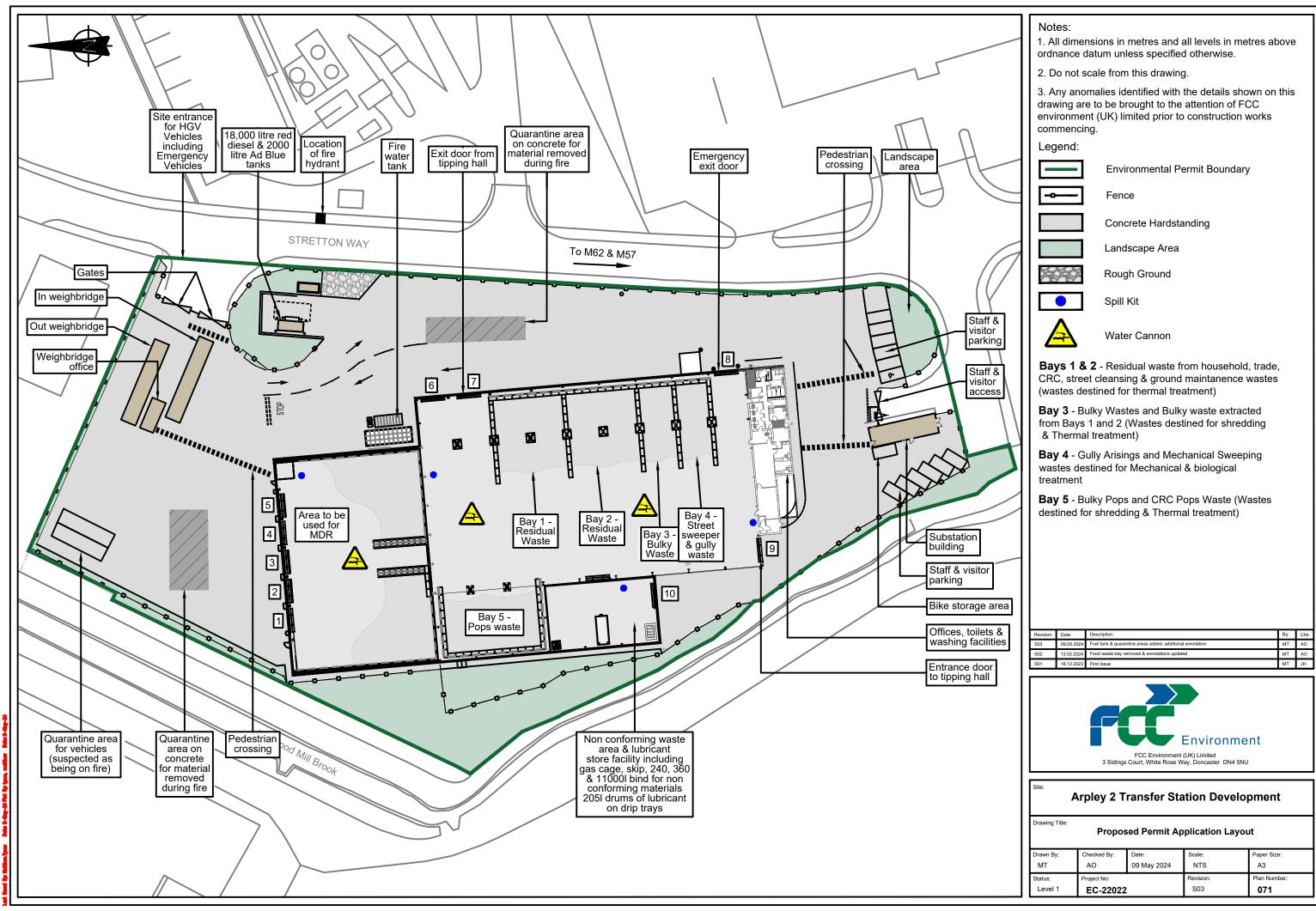
3.7.1 Not relevant to this application.

DRAWINGS

EC-22022-071-SO3 Proposed Operations Plan

2382520_P CCTV Drainage Connectivity Survey





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