





| X    | Y    | Z    | S   | C         | BV   | BH   | Uc     | TT |
|------|------|------|-----|-----------|------|------|--------|----|
| 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.50 | 1.0 | 0.101E+02 | 0.00 | 4.00 | 10.088 |    |

.00000E+00

END OF MOD201: DIFFUSER DISCHARGE MODULE

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BEGIN MOD271: ACCELERATION ZONE OF UNIDIRECTIONAL CO-FLOWING DIFFUSER

Because of the FANNED-OUT HORIZONTAL ORIENTATION of the diffuser jets, the near-field dilution is slightly improved.

In this laterally contracting zone the diffuser plume becomes VERTICALLY FULLY MIXED over the entire layer depth (HS = 3.40m).

Full mixing is achieved after a plume distance of about five layer depths from the diffuser.

Profile definitions:

BV = layer depth (vertically mixed)

BH = top-hat half-width, in horizontal plane normal to trajectory

S = hydrodynamic average (bulk) dilution

C = average (bulk) concentration (includes reaction effects, if any)

TT = Cumulative travel time

| X    | Y    | Z    | S   | C         | BV   | BH   | TT         |
|------|------|------|-----|-----------|------|------|------------|
| 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.50 | 1.0 | 0.101E+02 | 0.00 | 4.00 | .00000E+00 |

\*\* WATER QUALITY STANDARD OR CCC HAS BEEN FOUND \*\*

The pollutant concentration in the plume falls below water quality standard or CCC value of 0.300E+01 in the current prediction interval.

This is the spatial extent of concentrations exceeding the water quality standard or CCC value.

|      |      |      |      |           |      |      |            |
|------|------|------|------|-----------|------|------|------------|
| 0.40 | 0.00 | 0.53 | 15.1 | 0.670E+00 | 0.34 | 3.50 | .58818E+00 |
| 0.80 | 0.00 | 0.56 | 20.9 | 0.483E+00 | 0.68 | 3.13 | .16221E+01 |
| 1.20 | 0.00 | 0.58 | 25.4 | 0.398E+00 | 1.02 | 2.85 | .29410E+01 |
| 1.60 | 0.00 | 0.61 | 29.1 | 0.347E+00 | 1.36 | 2.62 | .44877E+01 |
| 2.00 | 0.00 | 0.64 | 32.5 | 0.311E+00 | 1.70 | 2.44 | .62291E+01 |
| 2.40 | 0.00 | 0.67 | 35.5 | 0.285E+00 | 2.04 | 2.30 | .81430E+01 |
| 2.80 | 0.00 | 0.70 | 38.2 | 0.264E+00 | 2.38 | 2.20 | .10213E+02 |
| 3.20 | 0.00 | 0.73 | 40.8 | 0.248E+00 | 2.72 | 2.14 | .12426E+02 |
| 3.60 | 0.00 | 0.75 | 43.2 | 0.234E+00 | 3.06 | 2.10 | .14773E+02 |
| 4.00 | 0.00 | 0.78 | 45.5 | 0.222E+00 | 3.40 | 2.09 | .17244E+02 |

Cumulative travel time = 17.2440 sec ( 0.00 hrs)

Plume centerline may exhibit slight discontinuities in transition to subsequent far-field module.

END OF MOD271: ACCELERATION ZONE OF UNIDIRECTIONAL CO-FLOWING DIFFUSER

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BEGIN MOD251: DIFFUSER PLUME IN CO-FLOW

Phase 1: Vertically mixed, Phase 2: Re-stratified

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Phase 2: The flow has RESTRATIFIED at the beginning of this zone.

Profile definitions:

BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically  
BH = Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width in horizontal plane normal to trajectory  
ZU = upper plume boundary (Z-coordinate)  
ZL = lower plume boundary (Z-coordinate)  
S = hydrodynamic centerline dilution  
C = centerline concentration (includes reaction effects, if any)  
TT = Cumulative travel time

| X    | Y    | Z    | S    | C         | BV   | BH   | TT         |
|------|------|------|------|-----------|------|------|------------|
| 4.00 | 0.00 | 3.40 | 45.5 | 0.222E+00 | 3.40 | 2.36 | .17244E+02 |

\*\* REGULATORY MIXING ZONE BOUNDARY is within the Near-Field Region \*\*

In this prediction interval the plume DOWNSTREAM distance meets or exceeds the regulatory value = 100.00 m.

This is the extent of the REGULATORY MIXING ZONE.

|         |      |      |       |           |      |         |            |
|---------|------|------|-------|-----------|------|---------|------------|
| 764.86  | 0.00 | 3.40 | 268.9 | 0.376E-01 | 0.64 | 373.77  | .51923E+05 |
| 1525.72 | 0.00 | 3.40 | 377.5 | 0.268E-01 | 0.55 | 799.74  | .14414E+06 |
| 2286.58 | 0.00 | 3.40 | 461.3 | 0.219E-01 | 0.49 | 1253.61 | .26307E+06 |
| 3047.45 | 0.00 | 3.40 | 532.0 | 0.190E-01 | 0.46 | 1727.09 | .40367E+06 |
| 3808.31 | 0.00 | 3.40 | 594.3 | 0.170E-01 | 0.43 | 2215.97 | .56300E+06 |
| 4569.17 | 0.00 | 3.40 | 650.8 | 0.155E-01 | 0.41 | 2717.67 | .73908E+06 |
| 5330.03 | 0.00 | 3.40 | 702.6 | 0.144E-01 | 0.39 | 3230.40 | .93043E+06 |
| 6090.89 | 0.00 | 3.40 | 751.0 | 0.134E-01 | 0.37 | 3752.87 | .11359E+07 |
| 6851.75 | 0.00 | 3.40 | 796.4 | 0.127E-01 | 0.36 | 4284.06 | .13546E+07 |
| 7612.61 | 0.00 | 3.40 | 839.3 | 0.120E-01 | 0.35 | 4823.20 | .15858E+07 |

Cumulative travel time = 1585845.2500 sec ( 440.51 hrs)

Note:

CORMIX is a steady state model and assumes discharge and ambient conditions do not vary

over time. The predicted plume cumulative travel time exceeds 48 hours at this trajectory

distance. Keep in mind that ambient and discharge conditions are likely to vary over

large space and time scales. Predictions at such large space and time scales may be

inconsistent with CORMIX modeling assumptions.

Please carefully evaluate your simulation results and limit model interpretation to space

and time scales consistent with steady state assumptions and ambient schematization.

END OF MOD251: DIFFUSER PLUME IN CO-FLOW

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\*\* End of NEAR-FIELD REGION (NFR) \*\*

The initial plume WIDTH values in the next far-field module will be CORRECTED by a factor 1.47 to conserve the mass flux in the far-field! Some BOUNDARY INTERACTION with both banks occurs at end of near-field.

The dilution values in one or more of the preceding zones may be too high. Carefully evaluate results in near-field and check degree of interaction. Bottom coordinate for FAR-FIELD is determined by average depth, ZFB = -1.00m

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BEGIN MOD281: MIXED PLUME/BOUNDED CHANNEL/POSSIBLE UPSTREAM WEDGE INTRUSION

An UPSTREAM INTRUDING WEDGE is formed along the surface/pycnocline.

UPSTREAM WEDGE INTRUSION PROPERTIES in bounded channel (laterally uniform):

Wedge length = 2662.48 m  
X-Position of wedge tip = 4950.13 m  
Thickness at discharge (end of NFR) = 1.36 m  
(Wedge thickness gradually decreases to zero at wedge tip.)

In this case, the upstream INTRUSION IS VERY LARGE, exceeding 10 times the local water depth.

This may be caused by a very small ambient velocity, perhaps in combination with large discharge buoyancy.

If the ambient conditions are strongly transient (e.g. tidal), then the CORMIX steady-state predictions of upstream intrusion are probably unrealistic.

The plume predictions prior to boundary impingement and wedge formation will be acceptable, however.

|    | X       | Y      | Z    | S     | C         | BV   | BH      | ZU   | ZL   |
|----|---------|--------|------|-------|-----------|------|---------|------|------|
| TT | 7612.61 | 504.00 | 3.40 | 839.3 | 0.120E-01 | 1.36 | 5300.00 | 3.40 | 2.04 |

.15858E+07  
Cumulative travel time = 1585845.2500 sec ( 440.51 hrs)

Note:

CORMIX is a steady state model and assumes discharge and ambient conditions do not vary

over time. The predicted plume cumulative travel time exceeds 48 hours at this trajectory

distance. Keep in mind that ambient and discharge conditions are likely to vary over

large space and time scales. Predictions at such large space and time scales may



