

# 1. Abbreviations and Definitions

Definitions for the Environmental Risk Assessment							
Activity / Event	The specific operation being undertaken relating to the proposed hazard and risk.						
Hazard	The hazards category i.e. type of emission.						
Source	The pollutants from the activity taking place such as flaring.						
Pathway	The pathway the pollutant is taking such as air or unsaturated zones.						
Receptor	Those who it may have an adverse effect on i.e. surrounding residents, wildlife and habitats, designated sites.						
Exposure Probability	The chance of the hazard occurring without taking into account mitigation measures.						
Impact Severity	The impact of the hazard should it occur without taking into account mitigation measures.						
Risk Magnitude	A hazard that has been assessed and has been given a risk rating level pre-mitigation measures.						
Risk Management	Mitigation measures that will be put in place to control the risks so far as reasonably practicable.						
Residual Risk	A hazard that has been assessed and has been given a risk rating level post mitigation measures.						
Not Significant	The severity, together with the likelihood of the risk is not expected to cause any harm to the environment.						
Low	The severity, together with the likelihood of the risk has low potential to cause harm to the environment.						
Medium	The severity, together with the likelihood of the risk has moderate potential to cause harm to the environment.						
High	The severity, together with the likelihood of the risk has a high potential to cause harm to the environment.						

**Table 1: Definitions** 

# 2. Methodology

The structure of the Environmental Risk Assessment follows the Environment Agency online guidance and uses a model known as the 'Source-Pathway-Receptor' model. The Environmental Risk Assessment shall:

- identify the risk from the site;
- assess risks and checking they are acceptable;
- justify appropriate measures to control the risk (if needed); and
- present the findings of the risk assessment.

The Environmental Risk Assessment has included the following categories which have been reviewed for applicability within the proposed operations.

- Accidents.
- Air Emissions.
- Climate Change
- Fugitive Emissions.
- Global Warming Potential.

- Noise.
- Odour.
- Releases to Water.
- Visible Emissions.



# 3. Scoring Criteria

In order to establish a risk rating for each Source-Pathway-Receptor (S-P-R) linkage both the Likelihood (Exposure Probability) and Consequence (Impact Severity) have been issued with a score using Table 2 and Table 3 respectively. The score is used in conjunction with Table 4 to provide an overall risk rating of the activity. All scores and risk ratings are provided on the basis that the mitigation measure are not in place.

The Residual Risk uses the same scoring system but does consider the proposed mitigation measures.

Likelihood	Descriptor			
Very Low	Rarely encountered, never reported or highly unlikely.			
Low	frequent occurrences.			
Medium	an be expected to occur several times per year.			
High	Repeated Occurrences.			

# Table 2: Scoring System Likelihood

Consequence	Descriptor				
Very Low	Slight environmental effect that does not exceed a regulatory standard.				
Low	Minor environmental effect, may breach a regulatory standard, localised to the point of release with no significant impact.				
Medium	Moderate, localised effect on people and the environment in the vicinity of the incident.				
High	A major environmental incident resulting in significant damage to the environment and harm to human health.				

**Table 3: Scoring System Consequence** 

The risk matrix presented in Table 4 provides a risk rating for each S-P-R linkage identified within this Environmental Risk Assessment.

Risk Rating	Consequence								
KISK Kaling	Very Low	Low	Medium	High					
Very Low	Not Significant	Not Significant Low Low							
Very Low Low	Not Significant	Low	Medium	Medium					
Medium High	Low	Medium	Medium	High					
High	Low	Medium	High	High					

Table 4: Risk Matrix

Environmental risks are assigned a Not Significant, Low, Medium or High risk rating and coded using a colour coded system. A description of each risk rating is presented in Table 5 below.

Consequence	Acceptable	Descriptor
Not Significant	Acceptable	Near-certain that an incident will not occur, or the consequences would not be significant.
Low	Acceptable	Unlikely an incident will occur, or the consequences would be minor confined to the immediate area.
Medium	Tolerable	Activity can only take place provided that impacts are localised and risk remediation is readily
High	Unacceptable	The risk must be further reduced before the activity can commence.

Table 5: Risk Rating Definition

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Receptors	Search Radius (km)	Name	Distance (km)	Direction from Site	Grid Reference (Edge)
RAMSAR	10	Humber Estuary	10.00	North	SE 96425 21193
Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)	10	Humber Estuary	10.00	North	SE 96425 21193
Special Protection Areas (SPA)	10	Humber Estuary	10.00	North	SE 96425 21193
Marine Protection Areas (MPA)	10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.00	North	SE 96425 21193
Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)	2		0.60		SE 96150 10927
			1.19		SE 96114 10005
		Thornholme Augustinian Priory	1.20	North	SE 96517 12322
		-	-	-	-
Local Nature Reserves	2		-		-
			0.27		SE 95900 11500
			0.60		SE 96150 10927
Site of Nature Conservation Interest /			0.70		SE 96136 10944
•			0.76		SE 96652 10304 SE 95900 09900
			1.16 1.26		SE 92900 09900
	2				-
•			1.30 1.30		SE 95800 12300 SE 95300 11200
Reference Data Limited)			1.40 1.50		SE 95100 12100 SE 98200 11500
			1.60		SE 98200 11500 SE 98100 12000
			3.00		SE 98100 12000 SE 95555 09822
	<u> </u>		3.00		SE 95555 09822 SE 96780 11165
		*	0.58		SE 96909 11103
			0.58		SE 96909 11112 SE 96744 11634
		Small Pond east of Rowand Plantation Small Pond at The Lodge. Water on either side of the B1208 road	0.83	South	SE 96715 10292
		Small Ponds at Common Farm	0.96	South Fast	SE 97492 10465
			0.97		SE 96930 12041
			1.04		SE 96391 12071
			1.04		SE 97056 10100
Receptors         Radius (km)           AMSAR         10         Humber Estuary           pecial Areas of Conservation (SAC)         10         Humber Estuary           farine Protection Areas (SPA)         10         Humber Estuary           farine Protection Areas (MPA)         10         Humber Estuary           farine Protection Areas (MPA)         10         Humber Estuary           farine Protection Areas (MPA)         2         Broughton Far Wood           fational Nature Reserves         2         -           ocal Nature Reserves         2         -           ocal Wildlife Sites (LWS)         Broughton Far Wood           Details provided from Lincolnshire         2         -           mirronmental Records Centre (Grid         Broughton Far Mood           eference Data Limited)         New River Ancholm           Weir Dyke         Broughton West Wo           Small Pond at The LC         Small Pond at Centre Small Pond at Rebw           Small Pond at Computer Small Pond at Rebw         Small Pond at Rebw           Small Pond at Rebu         Small Pond at Rebw           Small Pond at Rebu         Small Pond at Rebw           Small Pond at Rebw         Small Pond at Rebw           Small Pond at Water         Small Pond at Water			1.18		SE 96239 10029
		1.18		SE 96256 09995	
		1.32		SE 98006 11560	
			1.32		SE 96640 12362
		· ·	1.34		SE 96581 12382
Water Features (Closest in All Directions)	2	/	1.42		SE 96728 12376
		/	1.42		SE 96154 10003
			1.43		SE 95923 09966
			1.49		SE 98317 11322
			1.49		SE 95818 09983
			1.57		SE 98282 11732
			1.58		SE 98332 11269
			1.76		SE 97701 12530
			1.76		SE 97797 09692
		Small Pond at Broom Hill	1.84	West	SE 95015 11496
			1.86	South	SE 97035 09324
			1.87	South	SE 97290 09531
nsitive Receptors: Households /		Large Pond at The Follies	1.91	North	SE 96562 12912
			1.96	South West	SE 95467 09644
			2.00	North East	SE 97891 1275
			0.48	South East	SE 97275 10822
		Lodge Farm and Adjacent Dwellings	0.50	West	SE 96249 11008
		Broughton Decoy Farm	0.63	South East	SE 97377 10856
			0.63	SiteNorthNorthNorthNorthNorthNorthWestSouth WestNorthNorthWestWestSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestNorthWestSouth WestSouth WestNorth WestSouth WestNorth WestSouth WestNorth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth EastNorthSouth EastNorthSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestEastSouth WestSouth WestEastSouth WestSouth WestSouth EastEastSouth WestSouth EastSouth EastSouth WestSouth WestSouth WestSouth EastSouth East <td>SE 96143 1008</td>	SE 96143 1008
		Broughton Grange Cottages & Dog Sanctuary	0.71	South West	SE 96617 1041
	eproofs         Radius (km)         Name           10         Humber Estuary           servation (SAC)         10         Humber Estuary           reas (MPA)         10         Humber Estuary           reas (MPA)         10         Humber Estuary           areas (MPA)         10         Humber Estuary           ereas (SPA)         1         Broughton Far Wood           areas (SPA)         10         Humber Estuary           eres (Grid         Broughton Eart Wood         Elageack Twood           areas (Free (Grid         Elia Back "Main River". Circumventing the site.           byte Est of Site First drin down gradient of the wellste         Small Pond ast Common Farm           areage Pond         Small Pond ast Common Farm           areage Pond         Small Pond ast Common Farm		1.08		SE 97001 10369
		Sandbeck	1.10	South East	SE 97547 1020
ensitive Receptors: Households /	2	Kebwood Farm	1.17	North	SE 96154 12190
usinesses	2		1.20	South East	SE 97528 10400
			1.27		SE 97430 09962
			1.35		SE 97278 09789
			1.54		SE 96234 09566
			1.55		SE 95211 10690
			1.64		SE 95080 11065
			1.85		SE 95549 12566
	1		1.96		SE 95016 10056

Table 6: Receptor Details

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Assessment	of	Air	Emissions	

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ID AE1	D		S-P-R Linkage				Risk	Risk Management	Residual
		Source	Pathway	Receptor	Probability	Severity	Magnitude		Risk
A	E1	Exhaust Releases from engines including: • Vehicles. • Ancillary Plant (Generators). • Main Plant (Rig/Well Test Spread).	Emitted to air and carried on wind.	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	Low	Not Significant	Air Quality Impact Assessment concludes no significant impact. Equipment installed, serviced and maintained by competent and qualified contractors. Generators assessed for compliance with Emission Limit Values. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements. Vehicles and plant switched off when not in use.	Not Significant
A	F2	Oil Storage: • Vent line.	Emitted to air and carried on wind.	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	Very Low	Not Significant	Air Quality Impact Assessment concludes no significant impact. Breather line elevated to promote better dispersion of the entrained oil vapours. Dedicated scrubbers in place to remove H2S from natural gas, if necessary. H2S is not anticipated at a level above 5.7 mg/Nm3 as stated within the EA permit. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Vent lines subject of a drum filters remove VOC's where necessary.	Not Significant
A	F3	Incineration of Natural Gas: • Flare Tip / Stack.	Emitted to air and carried on wind.	See Receptor Table.	Low	Low	Low	Air Quality Impact Assessment concludes no significant impact. Combustion temperature managed to ensure efficient (>98%) combustion efficiency. Combustion unit subject to approval by the EA. Dedicated scrubbers in place to remove H2S from natural gas, if necessary. Equipment installed, serviced and maintained by competent and qualified contractors. Flare monitoring (to be) in place with results reported in accordance with EA permit. H2S is not anticipated at a level above 5.7 mg/Nm3 as stated within the EA permit. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements.	Not Significant

	J RESOURCES				ental Risk A	ssessment		
ID	S-P-R Linkage			Exposure Impac		Risk	Risk Management	Residual
	Source	Pathway	Receptor	Probability	Severity	Magnitude	nisk munugement.	Risk
VE1	Exhaust Releases from engines including: • Vehicles. • Ancillary Plant (Generators). • Main Plant (Rig/Well Test Spread).	Emitted to air and carried on wind.	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	Very Low	Not Significant	Air Quality Impact Assessment concludes no significant impact. Equipment installed, serviced and maintained by competent and qualified contractors. Generators assessed for compliance with Emission Limit Values. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements. Vehicles and plant switched off when not in use.	Not Significant
VE2	Incineration of Natural Gas: • Flare Tip / Stack.	Emitted to air and carried on wind.	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	Low	Not Significant	Air Quality Impact Assessment concludes no significant impact. Combustion temperature managed to ensure efficient (>98%) combustion efficiency. Combustion unit subject to approval by the EA. Dedicated scrubbers in place to remove H2S from natural gas, if necessary. Equipment installed, serviced and maintained by competent and qualified contractors. Flare monitoring (to be) in place with results reported in accordance with EA permit. H2S is not anticipated at a level above 5.7 mg/Nm3 as stated within the EA permit. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements.	Not Significant

	RESOURCES			Environme		ssessment		
ID	Source	S-P-R Linkage Pathway	Receptor	Exposure Probability		Risk Magnitude	Risk Management	Residual Risk
OE1	Exhaust Releases from engines including: • Vehicles. • Ancillary Plant (Generators). • Main Plant (Rig/Well Test Spread).	Emitted to air and carried on wind.	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	Low	Not	Equipment installed, serviced and maintained by competent and qualified contractors. Generators assessed for compliance with Emission Limit Values. Odour Management Plan implemented for the site, if required. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements. Vehicles and plant switched off when not in use. Working personnel subject to a site induction covering odour management.	Not Significant
OE2	Oil Storage • Vent line.	Emitted to air and carried on wind.	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	Low		Breather line elevated to promote better dispersion of the entrained oil vapours. Dedicated scrubbers in place to remove H2S from natural gas, if necessary. H2S is not anticipated at a level above 5.7 mg/Nm3 as stated within the EA permit. Odour Management Plan implemented for the site, if required. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Vent lines subject of a drum filters remove VOC's where necessary. Working personnel subject to a site induction covering odour management.	Not Significan
OE3	Incineration of Natural Gas: • Flare Tip / Stack.	Emitted to air and carried on wind.	See Receptor Table.	Low	Low	Low	Combustion temperature managed to ensure efficient (>98%) combustion efficiency. Combustion unit subject to approval by the EA. Dedicated scrubbers in place to remove H2S from natural gas, if necessary. Equipment installed, serviced and maintained by competent and qualified contractors. Flare monitoring (to be) in place with results reported in accordance with EA permit. H2S is not anticipated at a level above 5.7 mg/Nm3 as stated within the EA permit. Odour Management Plan implemented for the site, if required. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements. Working personnel subject to a site induction covering odour management.	Not Significan
OE4	Gas Refining. • Pipework and Plant.	Emitted to air and carried on wind.	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	Low	Not Significant	Competent personnel only to store / use chemicals. Dedicated scrubbers in place to remove H2S from natural gas, if necessary. Equipment installed, serviced and maintained by competent and qualified contractors. H2S is not anticipated at a level above 5.7 mg/Nm3 as stated within the EA permit. Odour Management Plan implemented for the site, if required. Plant, tanks and pipework tested for leaks prior to first use to confirm integrity. Quantities of odorous products to be kept to a minimum. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements. Working personnel subject to a site induction covering odour management.	Not Significan

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	RESOURCES			Environme	ental Risk As	sessment		
ID		S-P-R Linkage		Exposure	Impact	Risk	Risk Management	Residual
	Source	Pathway	Receptor	Probability	Severity	Magnitude		Risk
OE5	Drilling / Workover / Treatment Operations: • Circulation of Drilling / Well Fluid. • Storage of Drilling / Well Fluid. • Residual Fluids on Plant Surface.	Emitted to air and carried on wind.	See Receptor Table.	Low	Medium	Medium	Breaking containment of tanks and pipework systems shall minimised. Chemicals segregated, stored correctly and sealed when not in use. Cleaning and purging where possible prior to pulling out of hole. Drilling mud provides over balanced weight to prevent gas to surface. Equipment cleaned / purged where possible prior to breaking containment. Equipment installed, serviced and maintained by competent and qualified contractors. Odour Management Plan implemented for the site, if required. Odourless products used ahead of those which give rise to odour where practicable. Plant, tanks and pipework tested for leaks prior to first use to confirm integrity. Plant, tanks and pipework capped / plugged after breaking containment. Products kept within their dedicated storage area when not in use. Quantities of odorous products to be kept to a minimum. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Working personnel subject to a site induction covering odour management.	Not Significant
OE6	Ancillary Operations: • Storage and Use of Raw Materials. • Storage of Waste	Emitted to air and carried on wind.	See Receptor Table.	Low	Low	Low	Chemicals segregated, stored correctly and sealed when not in use. Competent personnel only to store / use chemicals. Containers checked on delivery, pre-use and periodically for signs of damage/leaks. Drip trays used for the transfer or decanting of fuel/small volume liquids such as engine oil. Odour Management Plan implemented for the site, if required. Odourless products used ahead of those which give rise to odour where practicable. Products kept within their dedicated storage area when not in use. Quantities of odorous products to be kept to a minimum. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Skips clearly marked to ensure waste segregation and avoid cross contamination. Skips solf-contained / enclosed to prevent emissions. Tanks monitored and emptied as required. Working personnel subject to a site induction covering odour management.	Not Significant

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	V RESOURCES							
ID	S-P-R Linkage			Exposure Impact Risk			Risk Management	Residual
	Source	Pathway	Receptor	Probability	Severity	Magnitude		Risk
NE1	Noise Releases from engines including: • Vehicles. • Ancillary Plant (Generators). • Main Plant (Rig/Well Test Spread).	Atmosphere and Ground Vibrations.	See Receptor Table.	Medium	Low	Medium	Compliance with planning authority noise limits. Installation of acoustic barrier where required. Noise monitoring imposed if required. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements. Vehicles and plant switched off when not in use.	Not Significant
NE2	Incineration of Natural Gas: • Flare Tip / Stack.	Atmosphere and Ground Vibrations.	See Receptor Table.	Low	Low	Low	Compliance with planning authority noise limits. Installation of acoustic barrier where required. Noise monitoring imposed if required. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements. Vehicles and plant switched off when not in use.	Not Significant
NE3	Noise Releases from ancillary operations.	Atmosphere and Ground Vibrations.	See Receptor Table.	Low	Low	Low	Compliance with planning authority noise limits. Installation of acoustic barrier where required. Loading/unloading operations planned for day light hours where possible. Noise monitoring imposed if required. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Trained operators to load / unload vehicles using MHE plant equipment. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements. Vehicles and plant switched off when not in use. White noise reversing alarms fitted to site vehicles if required.	Not Significant



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ID		S-P-R Linkage		Exposure	Impact	Risk	Risk Management	Residual
	Source	Pathway	Receptor	Probability	Severity	Magnitude	Kisk Management	Risk
							Competent persons appointed to open, close and manage the interceptor.	
							Discharge only permitted during low impact activities i.e. production / suspension.	
	Permitted Discharge of Uncontaminated Rain Water to Watercourse.	Flow by Gravity.	See Receptor Table.	Very Low		Not	Greenfield run-off rate complied with by using an orifice plate or similar.	
SE1					Very Low		Groundwater monitoring (to be) in place with results reported in accordance with EA permit.	Not Significant
	Rain Water to Watercourse.						Permitted interceptor (separator) installed.	
							Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed.	
							Routine visual check on the containment ditch by operatives.	

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	RESOURCES		Environme	ental Risk A	ssessment			
ID			Exposure	re Impact Risk	Risk	Risk Management	Residual	
	Source	Pathway	Receptor	Probability	Severity	Magnitude	nisk management	Risk
							Borehole(s) design approved by the EA under the WR11 Process.	
							Borehole(s) design reviewed by an independent well examiner and the HSE.	
	Indirect input to groundwater from the well						Borehole(s) designed and constructed to industry standards.	
	including:						Groundwater monitoring (to be) in place with results reported in accordance with EA permit.	
GE1	<ul> <li>Proppant Carrier Fluid</li> </ul>	Flow by Gravity / Formation Pressures.	See Receptor Table.	Low	Low	Low	Loss circulation material available within drilling fluid for drilling activities.	Not Applicable
	Proppant						No direct input to groundwater is being proposed.	
	<ul> <li>Produced Water from Re-Injection</li> </ul>						Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed.	
							Substances shall be approved for use by the Environment Agency and assesed using JAGDAG methodology.	
							The activity shall be the subject of a Hydraulic Fracture Plan and subject to regulatory approval.	

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	RESOURCES			Environm		beebbintent		
ID	Source	S-P-R Linkage Pathway	Receptor	Exposure Probability		Risk Magnitude	Risk Management	Residual Risk
FE1	Air Emission Odour Emission Natural Gas release from the Wellbore.	Carried on Wind	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	Medium	Low	Borehole(s) design reviewed by an independent well examiner and the HSE. Borehole(s) designed and constructed to industry standards. Drilling mud provides over balanced weight to prevent gas to surface. Emergency Response Plan for the site. Gas detectors deployed with an alarm trigger of 5ppm / 7mg.m3 (EH40 WELs). H2S is not anticipated at a level above 5.7 mg/Nm3 as stated within the EA permit. Local Fire & Rescue Service notified of operations. Loss circulation material available within drilling fluid for drilling activities. Odour Management Plan implemented for the site, if required. Plant, tanks and pipework tested for leaks prior to first use to confirm integrity. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Site based fire risk assessment in place and detailing the mitigation measures. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements. Working personnel subject to a site induction covering odour management.	Not Significant
FE2	Air Emission Odour Emission Natural Gas release from the Flare Unit.	Carried on Wind	See Receptor Table.	Low	Medium	Medium	Dedicated scrubbers in place to remove H2S from natural gas, if necessary. Emergency Response Plan for the site. Flare unit to have a permenant source of ignition i.e. pilot light. Gas detectors deployed with an alarm trigger of Sppm / 7mg.m3 (EH40 WELs). H2S is not anticipated at a level above 5.7 mg/Nm3 as stated within the EA permit. Local Fire & Rescue Service notified of operations. Odour Management Plan implemented for the site, if required. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements. Working personnel subject to a site induction covering odour management.	Not Significant
FE3	Air Emission Odour Emission Natural Gas release from: • Gas Engine • Gas Turbine	Carried on Wind	See Receptor Table.	Low	Medium	Medium	Dedicated scrubbers in place to remove H2S from natural gas, if necessary. Emergency Response Plan for the site. Gas detectors deployed with an alarm trigger of 5ppm / 7mg.m3 (EH40 WELs). H2S is not anticipated at a level above 5.7 mg/Nm3 as stated within the EA permit. Local Fire & Rescue Service notified of operations. Odour Management Plan implemented for the site, if required. Plant, tanks and pipework tested for leaks prior to first use to confirm integrity. Plant, tanks and pipework cleaned / purged where possible prior to breaking containment. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Safety flare installed to incinerate unexpected / blowdown gas. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements. Working personnel subject to a site induction covering odour management.	Not Significant
FE4	Air Emission Odour Emission Natural Gas release from Pipework and connecting joints.	Carried on Wind	See Receptor Table.	Low	Medium	Medium	Breaking containment of tanks and pipework systems shall minimised. Dedicated scrubbers in place to remove H2S from natural gas, if necessary. Gas detectors deployed with an alarm trigger of 5ppm / 7mg.m3 (EH40 WELs). H2S is not anticipated at a level above 5.7 mg/Nm3 as stated within the EA permit. Leak Detection and Repair Plan for the site. Local Fire & Rescue Service notified of operations. Odour Management Plan implemented for the site, if required. Plant, tanks and pipework tested for leaks prior to first use to confirm integrity. Plant, tanks and pipework capped / plugged after breaking containment. Plant, tanks and pipework cleaned / purged where possible prior to breaking containment. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed.	Not Significant

ID		Exposure	osure Impact Risk		Risk Management	Residua		
U	Source	Pathway	Receptor	Probability	Severity	Magnitude	Kisk Management	Risk
							Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures.	
							Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development.	
							Working personnel subject to a site induction covering odour management.	
							Chemicals segregated, stored correctly and sealed when not in use.	
							Competent personnel only to store / use chemicals.	
							COSHH Assessments and SDS sheets in place for hazardous substances.	
							COSHH Items stored appropriately in accordance with SDS and regulations.	
							Drip trays used for the transfer or decanting of fuel/small volume liquids such as engine oil.	
							Leak Detection and Repair Plan for the site.	
	Air Emission						Loss circulation material available within drilling fluid for drilling activities.	
	Odour Emission					Not	Odour Management Plan implemented for the site, if required.	
E5		Carried on Wind	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	Low	Significant	Plant, tanks and pipework tested for leaks prior to first use to confirm integrity.	Not Signif
	Fume Emissions from Chemical Reactions.					Significant	Plant, tanks and pipework capped / plugged after breaking containment.	
	Tame Emissions from Chemical Reactions.						Plant, tanks and pipework cleaned / purged where possible prior to breaking containment.	
							Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed.	
							Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures.	
							Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development.	
							Spillage response procedure for the site established.	
							Suitable spillage kits available on site / transport vehicles.	
							Working personnel subject to a site induction covering odour management.	
	Air Emission						Litter cleared routinely as part of working day.	
	Visible Emission						Operations planned / designed to minimise transport and handling operations.	
E6	VISIBLE ETHISSION	Carried on Wind	See Receptor Table.	High	Very Low	Medium	Provision of adequate refuse receptacles for both inside and outside working areas.	Not Signif
	Litter						Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary.	
	Litter						Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development.	
	Air Emission						Avoid activities that present dust if high winds occur.	
E7	Visible Emission	Corried on Wind	Coo Decenter Table	1.0-6	Manulau	A de altress	Operations planned / designed to minimise transport and handling operations.	Net Circuit
E/		Carried on Wind	See Receptor Table.	High	Very Low	Medium	Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary.	Not Signif
	Dust						Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant.	
							Breaking containment of tanks and pipework systems shall minimised.	
							Competent persons appointed to open, close and manage the interceptor.	
							Discharge only permitted during low impact activities i.e. production / suspension.	
							HDPE membrane is in place and the subject of visual inspection where possible.	
							Leak Detection and Repair Plan for the site.	
	Surface Water Emission						Permitted interceptor (separator) installed.	
							Plant, tanks and pipework tested for leaks prior to first use to confirm integrity.	
	<ul> <li>Leaks from process pipework.</li> </ul>						Plant, tanks and pipework capped / plugged after breaking containment.	
E8	<ul> <li>Leaks from storage vessels.</li> </ul>	Flow by Gravity.	See Receptor Table.	High	Very Low	Medium	Plant, tanks and pipework cleaned / purged where possible prior to breaking containment.	Not Signif
	Leaks from plant.						Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed.	
	Leaks from welfare pipework.						Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary.	
	Leaks from foul sewage pipework.						Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures.	
							Routine visual check on the containment ditch by operatives.	
							Spillage response procedure for the site established.	
							Suitable spillage kits available on site / transport vehicles.	
							Surface water monitoring (to be) in place with results reported in accordance with EA permit.	
		1					Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements.	

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**Fugitive Emissions** 

	RESOURCES	ËSOŪRCES			Environmental Risk Assessment				
ID	Common	S-P-R Linkage	December	Exposure	Impact	Risk	Risk Management	Residual	
FE10	Source Groundwater Emission • Leaks from process pipework. • Leaks from storage vessels. • Leaks from plant. • Leaks from melfare pipework. • Leaks from foul sewage pipework.	Pathway Percolate to underlying Groundwaters.	Receptor See Receptor Table.	High	Very Low	Medium	Breaking containment of tanks and pipework systems shall minimised. Leak Detection and Repair Plan for the site. Plant, tanks and pipework tested for leaks prior to first use to confirm integrity. Plant, tanks and pipework capped / plugged after breaking containment. Plant, tanks and pipework cleaned / purged where possible prior to breaking containment. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Spillage response procedure for the site established. Suitable spillage kits available on site / transport vehicles. Surface water monitoring (to be) in place with results reported in accordance with EA permit. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements.	Risk Not Significant	
FE12	Groundwater Emission • Drilling Fluid. • Well Treatment Fluid (Non-Returns). • Circulation / Suspension Fluid.	Flow by Gravity / Formation Pressures.	See Receptor Table.	High	Very Low	Medium	Borehole(s) design approved by the EA under the WR11 Process. Borehole(s) design reviewed by an independent well examiner and the HSE. Borehole(s) designed and constructed to industry standards. COSHH Assessments and SDS sheets in place for hazardous substances. Groundwater monitoring (to be) in place with results reported in accordance with EA permit. Loss circulation material available within drilling fluid for drilling activities. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Water based drilling fluid used whilst drilling through near surface (<400m) aquifers.	Not Significant	
FE13	Noise and Vibration Emission 9 • Mechanical Failures. • Mechanical Defects.	Atmosphere and Ground Vibrations.	See Receptor Table.	Medium	Very Low	Low	Plant, tanks and pipework tested for leaks prior to first use to confirm integrity. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements.	Not Significant	

	S RESOURCES				Environmental Risk Assessment				
ID	Source	S-P-R Linkage Pathway	Receptor	Exposure Probability		Risk Magnitude	Risk Management	Residual Risk	
AC1	Transferring Substances: • Spillages. • Overfilling. • Incorrect Connections.	Vapours Carried on Wind. Flow by Gravity.	See Receptor Table.	Low	Medium		Competent personnel only to store / use chemicals. COSHH Assessments and SDS sheets in place for hazardous substances. Drip trays used for the transfer or decanting of fuel/small volume liquids such as engine oil. Emergency Response Plan for the site. HDPE membrane is in place and the subject of visual inspection where possible. Operations planned / designed to minimise transport and handling operations. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Secondary containment installed to prevent spill onto tertiary containment system (HDPE). Spillage response procedure for the site established. Suitable spillage kits available on site / transport vehicles. Surface water monitoring (to be) in place with results reported in accordance with EA permit. Where HDPE failure is suspected, non-intrusive testing shall be undertaken.	Not Significant	
AC2	Poor Storage Arrangements of Hazardous Substances	Vapours Carried on Wind. Flow by Gravity.	See Receptor Table.	Low	Medium	Medium	Chemicals segregated, stored correctly and sealed when not in use. Competent personnel only to store / use chemicals. COSHH Assessments and SDS sheets in place for hazardous substances. COSHH Items stored appropriately in accordance with SDS and regulations. Emergency Response Plan for the site. HDPE membrane is in place and the subject of visual inspection where possible. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. Secondary containment installed to prevent spill onto tertiary containment system (HDPE). Spillage response procedure for the site established. Where HDPE failure is suspected, non-intrusive testing shall be undertaken.	Not Significant	
AC3	Incompatible Substances coming into contact. (Unwanted Reactions).	Vapours Carried on Wind. Flow by Gravity.	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	Medium	Low	Chemicals segregated, stored correctly and sealed when not in use. Competent personnel only to store / use chemicals. COSHH Assessments and SDS sheets in place for hazardous substances. COSHH Items stored appropriately in accordance with SDS and regulations. Emergency Response Plan for the site. HDPE membrane is in place and the subject of visual inspection where possible. Operations planned / designed to minimise transport and handling operations. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Spillage response procedure for the site established. Suitable spillage kits available on site / transport vehicles. Where HDPE failure is suspected, non-intrusive testing shall be undertaken.	Not Significant	
AC4	Runaway Reactions	Vapours Carried on Wind. Flow by Gravity.	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	Medium	Low	Where HDPE failure is suspected, non-intrusive testing shall be undertaken. Competent personnel only to store / use chemicals. COSHH Assessments and SDS sheets in place for hazardous substances. Emergency Response Plan for the site. HDPE membrane is in place and the subject of visual inspection where possible. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Spillage response procedure for the site established. Suitable spillage kits available on site / transport vehicles. Where HDPE failure is suspected, non-intrusive testing shall be undertaken.	Not Significant	
AC5	Impact from Fire Water: • Use of Fire Water	Flow by Gravity.	See Receptor Table.	Low	Low	Low	Competent persons appointed to open, close and manage the interceptor. Emergency Response Plan for the site. Groundwater monitoring (to be) in place with results reported in accordance with EA permit. HDPE membrane is in place and the subject of visual inspection where possible. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed. Secondary containment installed to prevent spill onto tertiary containment system (HDPE). Site based fire risk assessment in place and detailing the mitigation measures. Site designed to flood in the first instance before over spilling.	Not Significant	

<b>Releases</b>	from	Accidents
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	S-P-R Linkage				Impact	Risk		Residual
ID	Source	Source Pathway Receptor				Magnitude	Risk Management	
AC6	Fire and Associated Fumes.	Smoke and Embers Carried on Wind. Spread of fire on the Ground.	See Receptor Table.	Low	High	Medium	Breaking containment of tanks and pipework systems shall minimised. Breather line elevated to promote better dispersion of the entrained oil vapours. Chemicals segregated, stored correctly and sealed when not in use. Competent personnel only to store / use chemicals. COSHH Assessments and SDS sheets in place for hazardous substances. COSHH Items stored appropriately in accordance with SDS and regulations. Emergency Response Plan for the site. Fire awareness training / site induction for personnel. Fire points, extinguishers and a fire water tank located around the site. Gas detectors deployed with an alarm trigger of 5ppm / 7mg.m3 (EH40 WELs). Leak Detection and Repair Plan for the site. Permit to work system implemented to authorise specific works i.e. hot/cold works. Plant, tanks and pipework tested for leaks prior to first use to confirm integrity. Plant, tanks and pipework cleaned / purged after breaking containment. Plant, tanks and pipework cleaned / purged after breaking containment. Regular maintenance and inspections conducted as directed by written procedures. Safety flare installed to incinerate unexpected / blowdown gas. Security measures implemented at site. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Site based fire risk assessment in place and detailing the mitigation measures. Spillage response procedure for the site established. Suitable spillage kits available on site / transport vehicles. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements.	Risk Not Significant
AC7	Vandalism	Various - acts of vandalism may cause fires, loss of containment from containers, damage to site equipment, etc.	See Receptor Table.	Very Low	High	Low	Chemicals segregated, stored correctly and sealed when not in use. Emergency Response Plan for the site. Records kept of complaints and subsequent mitigation imposed if necessary. HDPE membrane is in place and the subject of visual inspection where possible. Secondary containment installed to prevent spill onto tertiary containment system (HDPE). Security measures implemented at site.	Not Significant
AC8	Spillage and Leaks as a result of vehicle related accidents.	Vapours Carried on Wind. Flow by Gravity.	See Receptor Table.	Low	Medium		Emergency Response Plan for the site. HDPE membrane is in place and the subject of visual inspection where possible. Operations planned / designed to minimise transport and handling operations. Permitted interceptor (separator) installed. Qualified and competent site supervisor appointed. Sensitive Receptors in excess of 500 metres away from the development. Surface water monitoring (to be) in place with results reported in accordance with EA permit. Trained persons to operate vehicles and site plant. Vehicles and plant serviced and maintained in line with manufacturer requirements.	Not Significant



ID	Event	Impact	Risk Management
		Dever conditions may result in an increase of dust emissions from the site	Use of dust suppressant sprays (water dampening) if dust is identified.
		Dryer conditions may result in an increase of dust emissions from the site.	Where site remediation works or construction activities take place consider the use of less dusty material.
		The surface temperature of plant and equipment may cause additional stress and expansion, particularly on	Ensure new equipment is designed to cope with foreseeable stress and expansion where possible.
		pipework and fittings.	Undertake regular inspections followed by preventative maintenance on site plant and equipment.
			Implementation of an odour management plan in line with permit conditions should odour arise causing impact on the surrounding
		Odour may become more prevalent from the storage of hydrocarbons and other materials.	receptors.
CC1	Increase in summer temperature (~7°C) and	Potential for an increase in fires, particularly wildfires on neighbouring land.	Maintain relationship with local fire authority and keep them updated over site inventory.
LC1	dryer summers.	Potential for an increase in mes, particularly withings on neighbouring fand.	Continue to take note of the local news during hot conditions and sites vulnerable to wildfires.
		Increase in energy demands for plant cooling units or personnel cooling units.	Where possible ensure plant and equipment can facilitate higher temperatures in the first instance.
		increase in energy demands for plant cooling units of personnel cooling units.	Utilise onsite electricity production in the first instance where possible to facilitate cooling units.
			Ensure mains water supply and/or imported supply is capable of meeting site demand.
			Utilise site surface water and spray over site for dust suppression.
		Increase in water demands for dust suppression or site operations.	Calculate the volume of water needed for operations with significant consumption.
			Consider alternatives to water for well treatments where possible or plan works around seasons.
		Colder temperatures could lead to the freezing of site systems such as pipework, plant and surface water	
662	Extreme variability with regards to winter	management systems.	Where fluids have the potential to freeze within pipework, lagging shall be used.
CC2	temperatures.		Where fluids have the potential to freeze within pipework, lagging shall be used.
	•	Damage to plant and equipment through repeated freezing and thawing of water.	Undertake regular inspections followed by preventative maintenance on site plant and equipment.
			Utilise onsite electricity (gas) production in the first instance where possible and have a back up diesel system should mains power be
		External flooding events leading to power loss or interruptions.	unavailable.
			Adopt suitable measures for managing surface water onsite including the availability of pumps to clear flooded areas near the site and on
		External flooding events leading to site access and egress restrictions for emergency services, staff and deliveries.	the site.
	Extreme Rainfall intensity (20% increase on todays values) Winter rainfall increase (Anticipated to be 40%)	teres d'Araba a successione de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la c	Utilise onsite electricity (gas) production in the first instance where possible and have a backup system should mains power be unavailable.
		Internal flooding events leading to power loss or interruptions.	Ensure that suitable drainage arrangements and storage and back up storage (tanks) are available.
CC3			Ensure electrical components are elevated when flooding becomes apparent.
			Ensure that suitable drainage arrangements and storage and back up storage (tanks) are available.
		Internal flooding events leading to infrastructure damage.	Undertake regular inspections followed by preventative maintenance on site plant and equipment.
			Ensure interceptor is maintained, drainage channels are clear and seek alternative means of water disposal (tankered offsite)
			Ensure that suitable drainage arrangements and storage and back up storage (tanks) are available.
		Internal flooding event leading to floodwater and surface waters being contaminated.	Ensure interceptor is maintained, drainage channels are clear and seek alternative means of water disposal (tankered offsite)
			Ensure that suitable drainage arrangements and storage and back up storage (tanks) are available.
		Internal flooding events leading to drain and interceptor to be overwhelmed.	Ensure interceptor is maintained, drainage channels are clear and seek alternative means of water disposal (tankered offsite)
			Undertake a flood risk assessment and regularly review, taking note of historic events.
			Ensure the availability of emergency pumps should flooding be anticipated more foreseeable.
		Permanent or frequent flooding at the site. (Wellsite is within 20 km of the Humber River.)	Protection of control and electrical systems.
			Identification of 'flat bottom' tanks / equipment that have the potential to floating.
			Consideration of tidal reach.
CC4	Increase in sea level rises (~0.6m)		Consideration of artesian pressures whilst drilling through groundwater systems.
		Localised impact on groundwater (<20km from the coastline) by increasing groundwater levels and artesian	Undertake a flood risk assessment and regularly review, taking note of historic events.
		pressures.	Ensure the availability of emergency pumps should flooding be anticipated more foreseeable.
		pressures.	Protection of control and electrical systems.
			Identification of 'flat bottom' tanks / equipment that have the potential to floating.
-			Ensure that suitable drainage arrangements and storage and back up storage (tanks) are available.
			Discharge to surface water when permitted to do so, utilise additional storage where possible.
1	River flow variability.		Undertake a flood risk assessment and regularly review, taking note of historic events.
CC5	(50% flow increase) or	Potential to inhibit drainage and lead to localised flooding.	
	(80% flow decrease)		Ensure the availability of emergency pumps should flooding be anticipated more foreseeable.
1			Protection of control and electrical systems.
			Identification of 'flat bottom' tanks / equipment that have the potential to floating.

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	• KESOOKOES							
				Global Warming Potenti				
Year	Activity	Substance	Formula	Atmospheric Lifetime	Global Warming Potential	Direct / Indirect Releases		Global Warming Potential of Emissions (Released
_	Wellsite construction operations - Wellsite extension.	Carbon Dioxide	CO2	(Years) Variable	(GWP) 1		(Tonnes) 40,506.00	Mass x GWP) 40,506.00
01	Wressle-2 and Wressle 3 - Drilling, Workover, Testing Operations.	Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	40,308.00	2,738.40
01	Wressle-2 and Wressle 5 - Drining, Workover, resting Operations. Wressle-1 Well continues production operations.	Nitrous Oxide	N20	12.3	265	Direct	0.67	2,738.40
	Wiessie-1 Weil continues production operations.	Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1		20,787.00	20,787.00
02	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with	Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	20,787.00	2,514.40
02	intermittent Workovers.	Nitrous Oxide	N20	12.3	265	Direct	0.22	2,514.40
		Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1		106.00	
03	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with	Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	0.17	4.70
03	intermittent Workovers.	Nitrous Oxide	N20	12.3	265	Direct	0.17	4.70
			CO2	Variable	265		106.00	0.80
04	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with	Carbon Dioxide				Direct		
04	intermittent Workovers.	Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	0.17	4.70
		Nitrous Oxide	N2O	120	265		0.00	0.80
05	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with	Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1	<b>D</b> <sup>1</sup>	106.00	106.00
05	intermittent Workovers.	Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	0.17	4.70
		Nitrous Oxide	N2O	120	265		0.00	0.80
	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with	Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1		531.00	531.00
06	ntermittent Workovers.	Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	0.37	10.44
		Nitrous Oxide	N2O	120	265		0.02	3.98
	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with intermittent Workovers.	Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1		106.00	106.00
07		Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	0.17	4.70
		Nitrous Oxide	N2O	120	265		0.00	0.80
	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with intermittent Workovers.	Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1		106.00	106.00
08		Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	0.17	4.70
		Nitrous Oxide	N2O	120	265		0.00	0.80
	Wreccle 1 Well, Wreccle 2 Well and Wreccle 2 Well in Production with	Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1	Direct	106.00	106.00
09	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with intermittent Workovers.	Methane	CH4	12.3	28		0.17	4.70
	internittent workovers.	Nitrous Oxide	N2O	120	265		0.00	0.80
	Wreesle 1 Well, Wreesle 2 Well and Wreesle 2 Well in Production with	Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1	Direct	106.00	106.00
10	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with intermittent Workovers.	Methane	CH4	12.3	28		0.17	4.70
		Nitrous Oxide	N2O	120	265		0.00	0.80
		Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1		531.00	531.00
11	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with intermittent Workovers.	Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	0.37	10.44
	intermittent workovers.	Nitrous Oxide	N2O	120	265		0.02	3.98
		Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1		106.00	106.00
12	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with	Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	0.17	4.70
	ntermittent Workovers.	Nitrous Oxide	N2O	120	265		0.00	0.80
		Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1		106.00	106.00
13	Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well in Production with	Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	0.17	4.70
	intermittent Workovers.	Nitrous Oxide	N20	120	265	1	0.00	0.80
		Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1		106.00	106.00
14	Decommissioning of Wressle-1 Well, Wressle-2 Well and Wressle-3 Well.	Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	0.17	4.70
	Secontinissioning of wreaste I well, wreaste Z well and Wreaste's Well.	Nitrous Oxide	N20	120	265		0.00	0.80
		Carbon Dioxide	CO2	Variable	1		2,075.00	2,075.00
15	Site Restoration.	Methane	CH4	12.3	28	Direct	1.74	48.61
		Nitrous Oxide	N2O	12.5	265		0.04	10.07
ı		The ous online	1120	120	205	Total	GWP of Emissions	71,122.22
						IOtal	GWP OF Emissions	/1,122.22

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ENERGY SOURCES, CONVERSION EFFICIENCY AND EMISSIONS FACTORS								
ID	Energy Source	Location of Emission	Delivered to Primary Conversion Factor	CO2 Factor (t/mwh, Primary)				
001	Electricity	Indirect	2.4	0.166				
002	Gas Oil	Direct	1	0.25				
003	Natural Gas	Direct	1	0.19				

ENERGY EMISSIONS FACTORS								
ID	Energy Source	MWh	Delivered to Primary Conversion Factor	CO2 Factor (t/mwh, Primary)	CO2 Emissions (Tonnes)			
001	Electricity	11,038.00	2.4	0.166	4,397.54			
002	Gas Oil	85,188.00	1	0.25	21,297.00			
003	Natural Gas	236,218.00	1	0.19	44,881.42			
		missions (Tonnes) 70,575.96						