
LANDFILL GAS RISK ASSESSMENT

July 2024
163407/GRA

Report for:
Tetron Contracts Limited
Hadzor Court
Hadzor
Droitwich
WR9 7DR

INTRODUCTION

Report Context

AA Environmental Limited (AAe) has been commissioned by Tetron Contracts Limited to produce a Landfill Gas Risk Assessment in support of a variation to an inert landfill permit at Middleton Quarry.

The aim of the assessment is to support the application for an inert landfill permit and to assess the potential risk to sensitive receptors associated with landfill gas.

The landfill permit will only include inert waste types. Consequently, a quantitative gas risk assessment (e.g. using the EA's approved GasSim software) is not considered appropriate and has not been used. However, the assessment has been written with reference to the following:

- Environment Agency, Landfill Technical Guidance 03 (LFTGN03);
- Perimeter soil gas emissions criteria and associated management Industry Guidance; and
- Position Statement: Industry code of practice on perimeter soil gas.

Conceptual Site Model – Landfill Gas

The conceptual site model is shown in drawings 163407/CSM/001 and 002.

Sources

The main potential source for this gas risk assessment is the permanent deposit of waste within the cell. However, all waste types to be accepted will be inert which will therefore not give rise to notable levels of landfill gas. The permitted waste types are outlined in the Operational Working Plan. The extent of waste is shown in drawing 163407/CSM/001.

Landfill gas is produced by the biological degradation of organic components. No organic matter will be present due to the nature of the wastes and it is therefore considered that the waste materials deposited at the site will not give rise to significant volumes of landfill gas. The potential for the generation of landfill gas is therefore considered to be very low.

Furthermore, the site will have strict waste acceptance procedures in place to ensure that only wastes consistent with Schedule 2 in the Operational Working Plan are accepted at the site.

Pathways

Technical Guidance LFTGN03 outlines the key potential pathways:

- Direct release to the atmosphere;
- Sub-surface migration through the ground or along service ducts / pipes;
- Indirect release to atmosphere e.g. from sub-surface landfill gas migration; and
- Direct release of combustion products to atmosphere e.g. from flares / engines.

The primary pathway for landfill gas within the site would be vertically to atmosphere through the waste column or sub-surface migration through the ground laterally through the side slopes to the underlying sandstone strata.



Given the inorganic nature of the waste, it is considered likely that there will be insufficient pressure differential to drive the landfill gas through low permeability waste to create a pathway. Furthermore, the waste will be deposited within a placed geological barrier with a permeability of $< 1 \times 10^{-7}$ m/s and will be restored by 0.5 m of restoration soils. The geological barrier will be investigated by a CQA Team and approved by the Environment Agency prior to any infilling. This will significantly reduce the likelihood of any potential pathway to a receptor.

Receptors

The surrounding land use is principally residential, and agricultural land uses and the main off-site receptors are considered to be a residential area circa 20 m south east.

The potential receptors are outlined in Table 1 below:

Table 1. Potential receptor locations

Table 2. Sensitive Location Plan			
Receptor ID	Description	Sensitivity	Distance from operational site
Residential			
1	a) Dwelling off Heck and Pollington Lane	High	105 m north east
	b) Pollington Residential Area (south)		From 20 m south east
	c) Highfield Residential Area	Medium	From 585 m north north east
	d) Pollington Residential Area (east)		From 850 m east
Commercial			
2	a) Gowdall Lane Business Park	Medium	From 675 m north north east
Agricultural			
3	a) Unknown	Medium	From 100 m north
	b) Marshalls Civils & Drainage/ Marshalls CPM	Low	From 25 m east
	c) Heck and Pollington Lane Industrial Estate		From 115 m west
	d) D M Cranes & Burgess Pet Care		From 700 m north north east
Agricultural			
4	a) Agricultural Land	Low	From 5m east
Educational			
5	a) Pollington Balne C Of E Primary School	Medium	From 675 m south
	b) Pollington Preschool		From 700 m south
Recreational			
6	a) Pollington Cricket Ground	Medium	From 195 m south east
	b) Pollington Playing Fields		From 535 m south east

The current gas conditions within the underlying strata are monitored by the borehole locations, shown in drawing 163407/D/006. At present, there are no in-waste boreholes. An area of historical waste has been placed adjacent to the site, extending as a tongue to the northeast of the site. BH204 has been installed through the waste, however the slotted section of pipe begins 2 m below the waste deposit. The historical deposit is not subject to this application. The existing boreholes will be raised up with sections of plain piping as the infilling progresses.

Current Monitoring

Gas monitoring boreholes BH201, BH202, BH203 and BH204 have been monitored since January 2021. The location of the boreholes are presented on drawing 163407/D/006. Background concentrations of methane, carbon dioxide and oxygen are recorded using a portable gas analyser together with the differential pressure (millibars) in each borehole. Table 2 outlines the number of times that each borehole has been monitored as well as the minimum, maximum and average for CH₄ and CO₂ value for each monitoring borehole.

Table 2. Maximum, Minimum and Average (%) gas monitoring values for perimeter boreholes

Borehole	Total Times Monitored	Maximum (%)		Minimum (%)		Average (%)	
		CH ₄	CO ₂	CH ₄	CO ₂	CH ₄	CO ₂
BH201	10	0.39	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.29
BH202	12	0.40	4.71	0.00	0.00	0.06	1.38
BH203	12	0.38	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.44
BH204	12	0.40	5.50	0.00	0.20	0.06	3.46

Results from the ground gas monitoring indicate that the CH₄ concentrations in all four boreholes were largely 0 %, with the maximum value of any of the monitoring rounds being 0.40 % CH₄. However, the average CO₂ value ranges from 0.29 % CO₂ to 3.46 % CO₂ by volume. With no obvious external cause for the readings, given the absence of waste near BH201 & BH203, and with BH202 & BH204 not being within the waste deposit, it can be assumed that the monitoring data represents natural background levels.

Current Compliance & Action Levels

The EA Guidance considers that an appropriate environmental compliance trigger benchmark for methane and carbon dioxide is 1% and 1.5% by volume. The baseline levels of methane have not exceeded the benchmark, and the current compliance level of 1% CH₄ v/v is deemed suitable.

The baseline levels of CO₂ have exceeded the threshold in BH202 & BH204. Therefore, it would not be appropriate to include a compliance level of 1.5% CO₂ at the site, as it is unlikely that the CO₂ levels would meet this threshold. The proposed CO₂ action levels for each of the boreholes were derived using a normally distributed data set with no outliers and following perimeter borehole Industry Guidance. To note, these are not compliance levels. Table 3 below sets out the monitoring frequency and the proposed action level for CH₄ and CO₂ for each of the boreholes.

Table 3. Site Specific Levels for methane and carbon dioxide

Monitoring Location	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Proposed Action Level (v/v%)
BH201	Methane	Quarterly during operational phase.	1.00
	Carbon dioxide		1.50
BH202	Methane	Monthly for two years after the completion of the restoration phase.	1.00
	Carbon dioxide		5.70
BH203	Methane		1.00
	Carbon dioxide		1.50
BH204	Methane	1.00	
	Carbon dioxide	6.00	

LANDFILL GAS RISK ASSESSMENT

LFTGN03 provides guidance on the level of risk assessment that is considered appropriate for different types of sites and states that Tier 1 Hazard Identification and Risk Screening should be sufficient to deal with inert and non-reactive waste site risks. The site is predicted to generate negligible quantities of landfill gas due to the nature of the waste types, and the containment of waste within a geological barrier. Furthermore, the Operator will implement a detailed waste acceptance procedure and EMS to ensure only permitted waste types are placed within the cell. Taking these factors into consideration, it is concluded that the overall risk is



very low. A qualitative risk assessment is considered appropriate to determine the level of landfill gas risk at the site.

Accidents and their Consequences

EA guidance requires a number of accident and failure scenarios to be assessed to quantify the impact of given events. The reliability of landfill gas control measures and site engineering should be assessed and the main hazard that could lead to accidental emissions should be identified. Typical categories of accidents that may affect landfill gas control include, but not limited to:

- Loss of containment e.g. leakage, geological barrier failure, spillage;
- Loss of collection and/or treatment capability e.g. failure of pipework, control systems;
- Explosions and fires e.g. deep-seated landfill fire; and
- Failure of leachate extraction system and the effect on landfill gas extraction.

Qualitative Landfill Gas Risk Assessment

The potential hazards that exist from landfill gas are:

- Toxicity (acute and chronic);
- Ecotoxicity;
- Fire and explosion;
- Asphyxiation; and
- Odour.

The trace components of landfill gas pose an odour and toxicity risk whilst the bulk gases pose a risk of explosion and asphyxiation. CO₂ is also toxic and should be considered in the assessment of toxicity.

The results of the assessment indicate that the most significant accident/failure scenario is the acceptance of biodegradable waste into the landfill site which would arise from failure in the Operator’s waste acceptance procedures. Preventative actions include a briefing to all staff about the waste acceptance procedures and importance on adherence to the procedures. In the event non-compliant waste is delivered to site, there is a quarantine procedure and non-compliance procedure when a load is identified. It is unlikely that biodegradable waste will be deposited within the landfill site.

LANDFILL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN

Control Measures

Negligible quantities of landfill gas are predicted to be generated and no active gas management is proposed at the site.

Landfill Gas Monitoring & Sampling Plan

Currently there are four landfill gas monitoring boreholes, which have been installed within the natural strata of the site. There are no in-waste boreholes at present. The in-waste boreholes will be installed following completion of the restoration soils across the site. The proposed monitoring programme is detailed in Table 4.

Table 4. Proposed Monitoring Programme

Monitoring Location	Parameter	Monitoring Frequency
Gas/Groundwater Monitoring Boreholes (within natural strata) BH201, BH202, BH203, BH204	Methane, carbon dioxide, oxygen, meteorological data, atmospheric pressure, differential pressure and temperature	Quarterly during operational phase. Monthly during closure/aftercare phase for two years.
In-waste Gas Monitoring Boreholes GS01-GS09	Methane, carbon dioxide, oxygen, meteorological data, atmospheric pressure, differential pressure and temperature	Monthly during closure/aftercare phase for two years.



Compliance Levels

Compliance (action) levels have been set for each of the four existing boreholes as presented in Table 3. The methane trigger level does not change from EA Guidance at 1% in any borehole. An action threshold for CO₂ for each of the existing boreholes has been set in Table 3.

All in-waste gas monitoring boreholes (once they are installed) will be assessed against suggested EA Guidance values with 1% CH₄.

Landfill Gas Action Plan

Action levels have been set at a level which enables the site management to take timely and appropriate action. An appropriate action plan is required in the event that action levels are exceeded. In the event there is an exceedance, the action level response procedure is set out in Table 5 below for the low risk site:

Table 5. Gas Action Plan

Step	Outcome	Action	Deadline
1	Concentration above action level	Re-monitor	Weekly for one month
2	Concentration above action level	Check gas field infrastructure (gas monitoring wells,	1 week
3	Concentration above action level	Verify conceptual model (sources and pathways check) and plan for extended pathway assessment	2 weeks

After each step has been taken, the Operator (or Operator’s consultant) will notify the Environment Agency of the procedure’s findings and possible solutions. In the unlikely event an extended pathway assessment is undertaken, it will be undertaken in accordance with the Industry Code of Practice document.

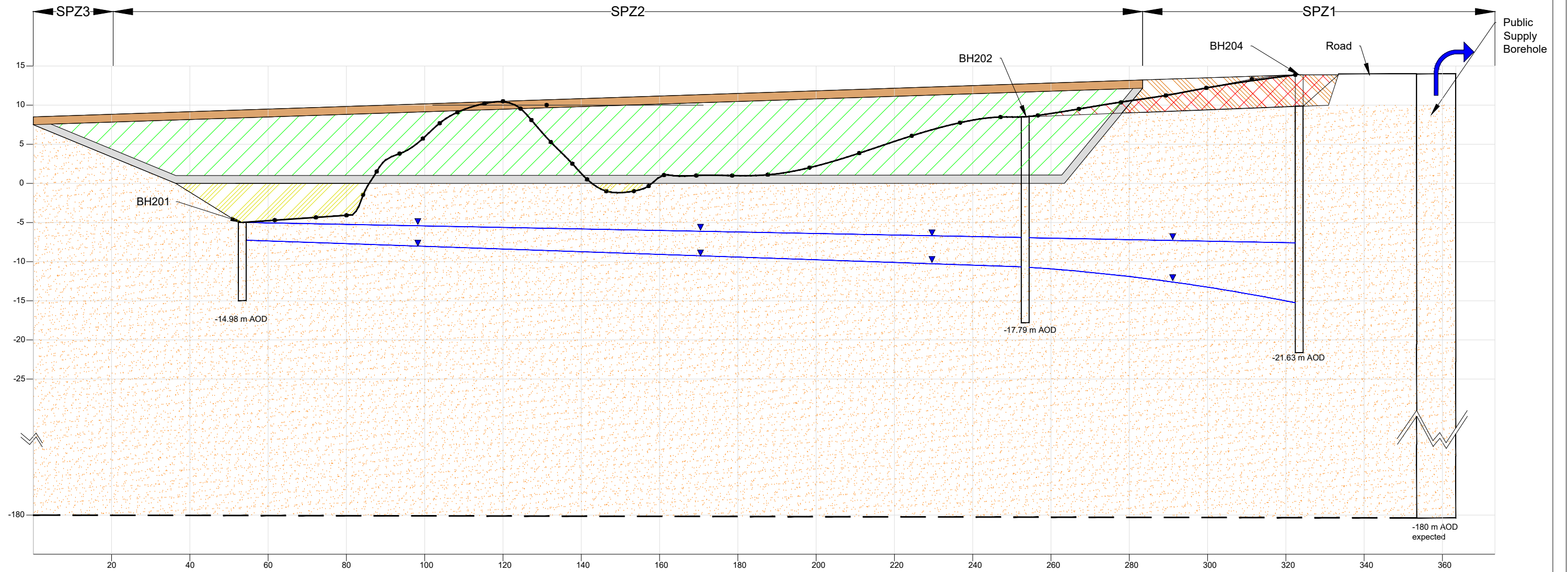
In Waste Gas Monitoring Boreholes

The in-waste gas boreholes are likely to be installed at the end of the restoration. In-waste gas monitoring locations will be in accordance with drawing 163407/D/007. Post-landfilling, gas monitoring at the in-waste and perimeter boreholes will be undertaken on a monthly basis for 2 years and data assessed. If there are low gas values and gassing potential, the frequency will be down-graded to quarterly in liaison with the EA and to best meet the surrender requirements of the environmental permit. The boreholes will be measured for methane, carbon dioxide, oxygen, atmospheric pressure, differential pressure, temperature and weather conditions.











Drawings

SW

NE



Key

-  Sandstone
-  Existing ground level
-  Engineered barrier
-  Surface fill (hardstanding and soft landscaping)
-  Clean natural arising infill
-  Inert landfilled waste
-  Groundwater level
-  Public supply abstraction borehole
-  Fly-tipped waste to be removed - non-waste activity and not relevant to the landfilling operations.
-  Clean natural arising infill - non-waste activity and not relevant to the landfilling operations.

Notes:

1. The conceptual model has a 2:1 vertical exaggeration and 1:1 horizontal exaggeration.

Rev.	Details	Drawn Chkd.	Date
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Project
 163407
 Pollington Lane Quarry

Title
 Conceptual Site Model
 South West to North East

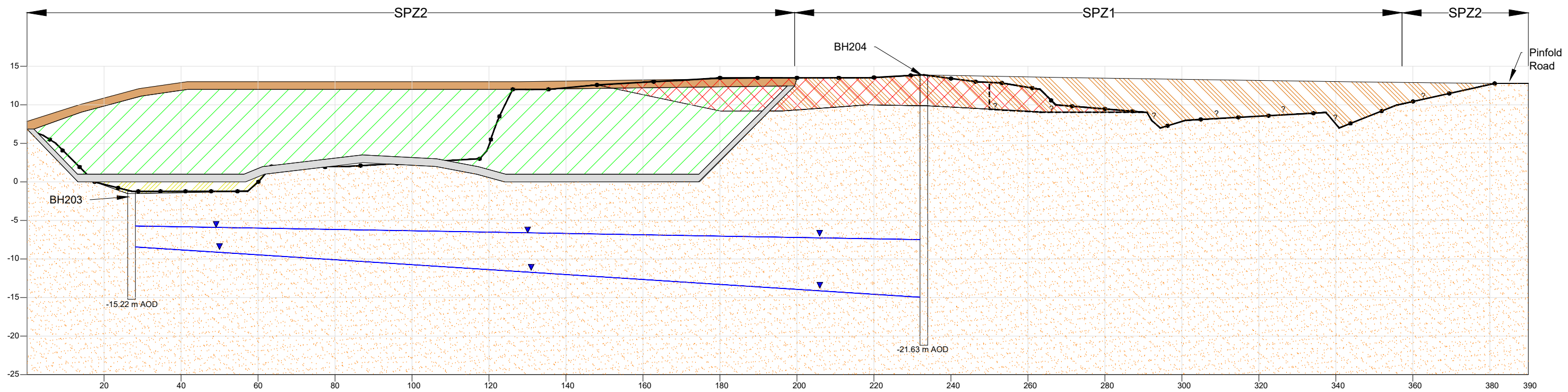


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Scale	Date	Jul'24	Drg. No.	Rev.
NTS	Drawn	JM	Chkd.	ML
			163407/CSM/001	

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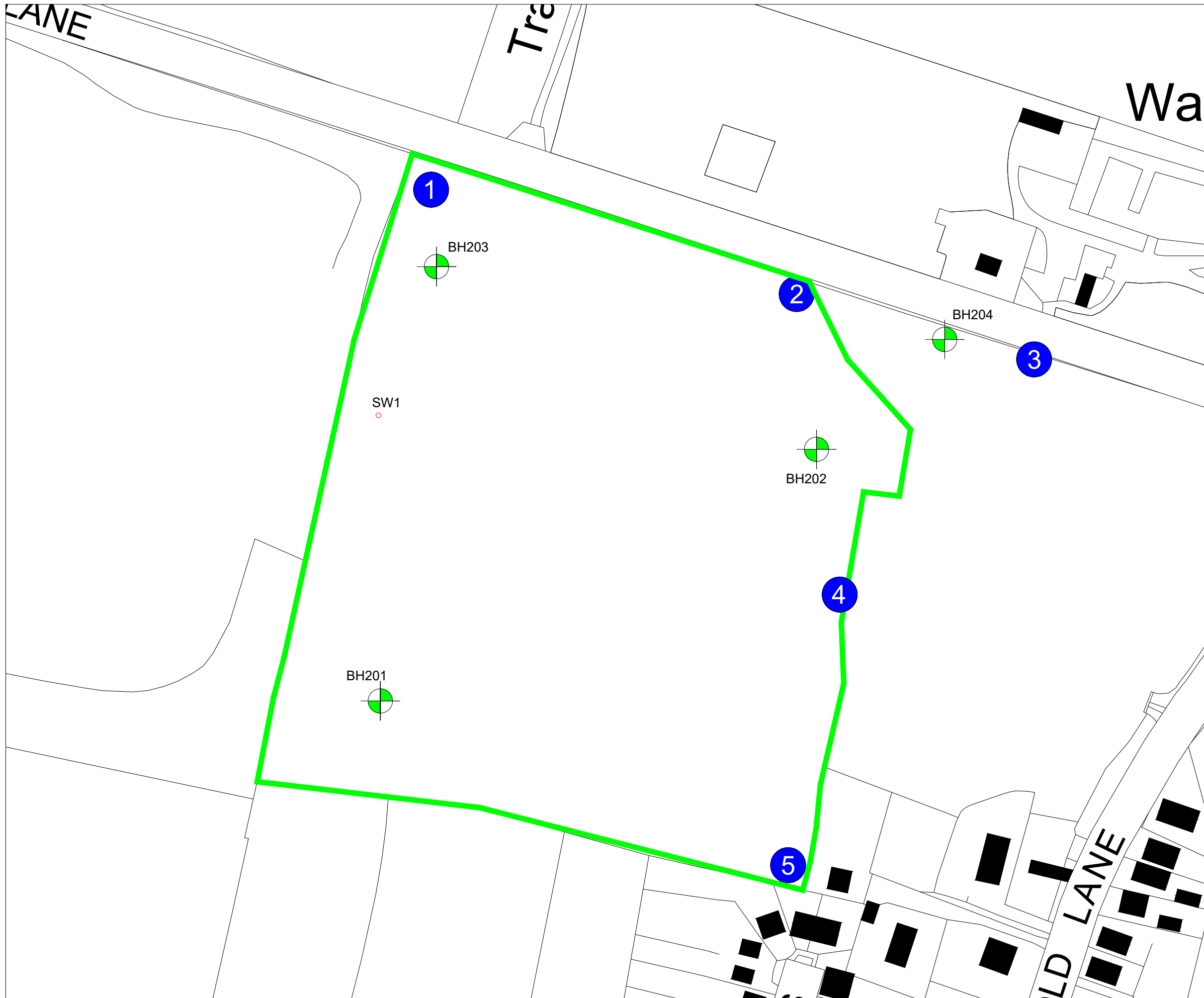
Key:

- Sandstone
- Existing ground level
- Engineered barrier
- Surface fill (hardstanding and soft landscaping)
- Clean natural arising infill
- Inert landfilled waste
- Groundwater level
- Depth/presence of historic made ground unknown
- Fly-tipped waste to be removed - non-waste activity and not relevant to the landfilling operations.
- Clean natural arising infill - non-waste activity and not relevant to the landfilling operations.

Notes:

1. The conceptual model has a 2:1 vertical exaggeration and 1:1 horizontal exaggeration.

Rev.	Details	Drawn Chkd.	Date
Project 163407 Pollington Lane Quarry			
Title Conceptual Site Model West to East			
		AA Environmental Ltd Units 4-8 Cholswell Court Shippon Abingdon Oxon OX13 6HX T: (01235) 536042 F: (01235) 523849 info@aae-ltd.co.uk www.aae-ltd.co.uk	
Scale NTS	Date Jul'24	Drg. No. 163407/CSM/002	Rev.
	Drawn JM	Chkd. ML	



- Key:
- Permit Boundary
 - Visual Monitoring Locations
 - ⊕ Existing Groundwater Borehole Location
 - Surface water monitoring location

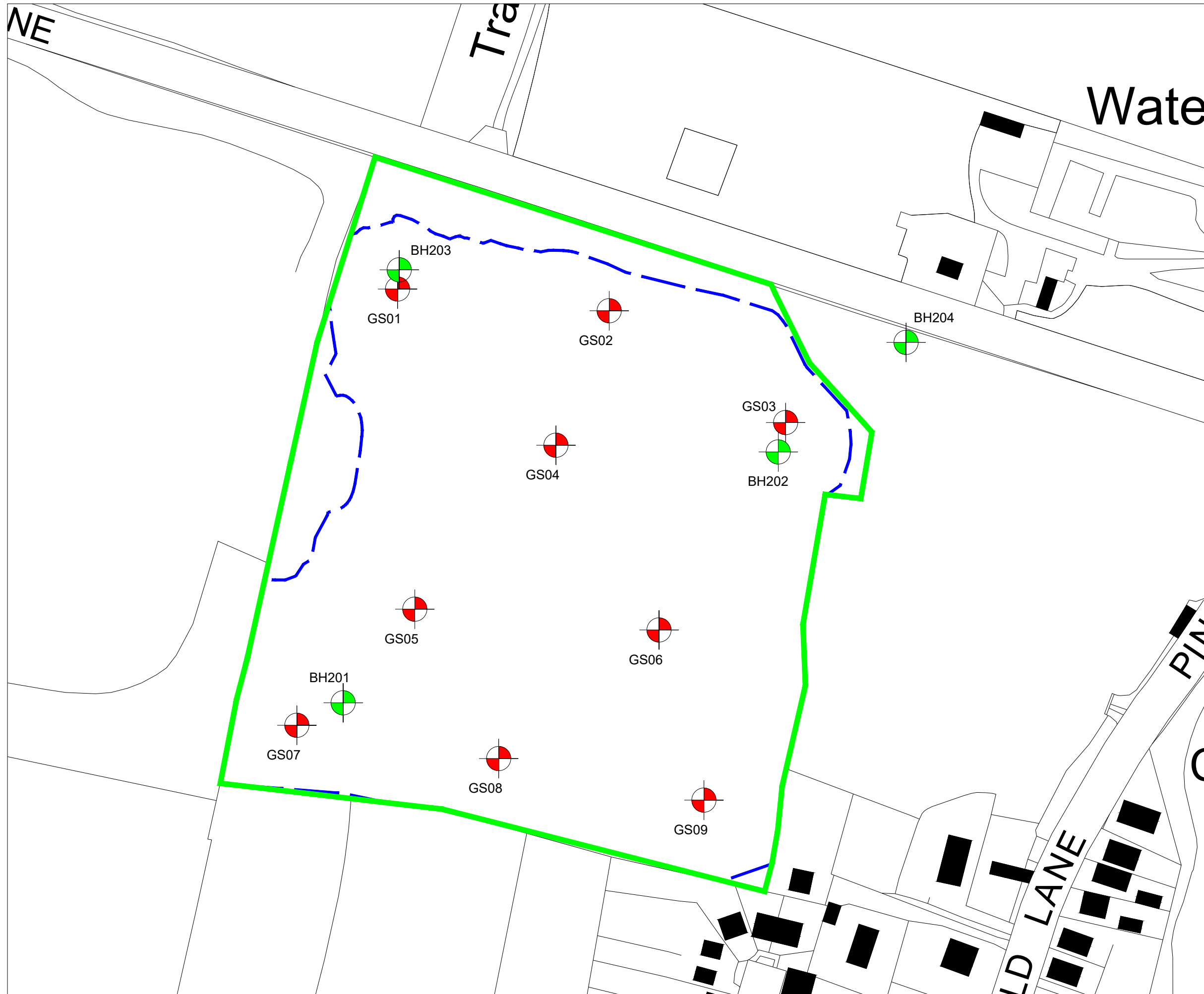
Rev.	Details	Drawn	Date
		Chkd.	

Project
 Middleton Quarry, Pollington

Title
 Monitoring Plan

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1:1,500@A3	Drawn	Chkd.	163407/D/006	
	KW	EB		



- Key:
- Permit Boundary
 - In-waste Gas Monitoring Location
 - Existing Groundwater/Gas Borehole
 - - - Inert Waste Extent

Rev.	Details	Drawn	Date
		Chkd.	

Project
Middleton Quarry, Pollington

Title
Post Landfill Monitoring Plan



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1:1,500@A3	Drawn	KW	Chkd.	EB
			163407/D/007	