EPR/PP3437LK/V014

C3 Supporting Information Document

A new C3 form was requested as part of the Request for Further Information received 16/11/2025.

Both installations are included, but for ease of understanding we have separated the tables and questions out into:

Installation 1 = Installation 1 - Sludge Anaerobic Digestion Treatment

Installation 2 = Installation 2 - Food Waste Digestion Treatment

Section 1- What activities are you applying to vary?

Table 1a – types of activities

Installation 1 - Sludge Anaerobic Digestion Treatment

Section 5.4 A (1) (b) (i) -

Description = Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day if the only waste treatment activity is anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment.

Activity Capacity = > 100t/day

Annex I (D Codes) = N/A

Annex II (R Codes) = R3 Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents

Hazardous Waste treatment capacity = N/A

Non-hazardous waste treatment capacity = >100 tonnes/day

Name of DAAs and provide the annex description =

Name	Annex I and II Operation	Description
Waste Acceptance		Consolidation of Permit ERP/UP3793EA
Waste storage pending recovery or disposal	R13 :Storage of waste pending the operations numbered R1 and R3 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	Raw material (non-waste) storage. Storage and handling of waste including waste oils. Site drainage. Storage of untreated raw and thickened sewage sludges pending dewatering via centrifuge using chemicals pending export from site for further treatment.

		Storage of untreated raw and thickened sewage sludges pending treatment via anaerobic digestion. Storage of thickened sludges
Physical treatment for the purpose of recycling	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	From the receipt of waste to despatch for anaerobic digestion or despatch off site for recovery.
		Dilution of incoming wastes using final waste waters from the wastewater treatment works to aid pre-treatment, untreated (raw) sludge dewatering and digestion.
		Pre-treatment of waste in enclosed equipment/tanks or an enclosed building fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system, including shredding, sorting, screening, compaction, baling, mixing and maceration.
		Post-treatment of digestate in enclosed equipment/tanks or an enclosed building fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system, including separation, screening to remove contraries, centrifuge or pressing and addition of thickening agents (polymers) or drying for use as a fertiliser or soil conditioner (drying for the purpose of use as a fuel is not permitted).
		Physical treatment of waste using chemicals, in enclosed equipment/tanks or an enclosed building fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system, including shredding, sorting, screening, compaction, baling, mixing and maceration, prior to export for further treatment and recycling.

Digestate Storage	R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	From the receipt of processed digestate produced from the on-site anaerobic digestion process to despatch for use off-site.
		Storage of processed liquid digestate in secondary storage tanks.

Total Storage Capacity = 35,611 m3

Annual throughput (tonnes each year) = 2,850,000 wet tonnes. This figure includes imports and indigenous sludge produced by the adjoining WRC. This is a maximum figure of unthickened sludge entering the IED permitted area.

Installation 2 – Food Waste Digestion Treatment

Section 5.4 A (1) (b) (i)

Description = Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day if the only waste treatment activity is anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment.

Activity Capacity = > 100 tonnes per day

Annex I (D Codes) = N/A

Annex II (R Codes) = R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents

Hazardous Waste treatment capacity = N/A

Non-hazardous waste treatment capacity = 100 tonnes per day

Name of DAAs and provide the annex description =

Annex I and II Operation	Description
R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	Pre-treatment of waste in enclosed building and on impermeable surface with sealed drainage system including de-packaging blending and dilution.
R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	Export of pre-treated food waste (soup) for off-site recycling_during periods of maintenance as contingency. Export of pasteurised food waste soup for off-site recycling during periods of maintenance as contingency_
	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site

Total Storage Capacity = 6,465 m³

Annual throughput (tonnes each year) = The permitted annual throughput of food waste is 70,000 tonnes per year; the average throughput is $\sim 32,000$ wet tonnes per year

Types of Wastes accepted

Installation 1 – Sludge Anaerobic Digestion Treatment

EWC Code	Waste Description
19 02 06	sludges from physico/chemical treatment other than
	those mentioned in 19 02 05
19 08 05	sludges from treatment of urban waste water
19 06 06	digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and
	vegetable waste
19 12 12	wastes from mechanical treatment of wastes other than
	those mentioned in 19 12 11 (sewage sludge only)
20 03 04	Septic tank sludge

Waste Operation – Untreated (raw) sludge dewatering

EWC Code	Waste Description	
19 02 06	sludges from physico/chemical treatment other than	
	those mentioned in 19 02 05	
19 08 05	sludges from treatment of urban waste water	
19 06 06	digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and	
	vegetable waste	
19 12 12	wastes from mechanical treatment of wastes other than	
	those mentioned in 19 12 11 (sewage sludge only)	
20 03 04	Septic tank sludge	

Installation 2 – Food Waste Digestion Treatment & Food Soup Operations

Maximum quantity	Annual throughput shall not exceed 70,000 tonnes	
Waste code	Description	
02	Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing, food preparation and processing	
02 01	Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing	
02 01 01	Sludges from washing and cleaning – food processing waste, food washing waste	
02 01 02	Animal tissue waste – category 3 animal by-product (ABP) including blood, animal flesh, fish processing waste, fish carcasses, poultry waste	
02 01 03	Plant tissue waste – husks, cereal dust, waste animal feeds	
02 01 06	Animal faeces, urine and manure (including spoiled straw) only	
02 01 07	Wastes from forestry	
02 02	Wastes from the preparation and processing of meat, fish and other foods of animal origin	
02 02 01	Sludges from washing and cleaning – process water – food washing waste	
02 02 02	Animal tissue waste – Category 3 ABP including blood, animal flesh, fish processing waste, fish carcasses, poultry waste	

02 02 03	Materials unsuitable for consumption or processing – coffee, food processing waste, jam, kitchen waste, fruit, vegetable oil, tobacco, tea, vegetable waste – waste fat from processing of meat or fish	
02 02 04	Sludges from on-site effluent treatment	
02 03	Wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation	
02 03 01	Sludges from washing, cleaning, peeling, centrifuging and separation – coffee, mushroom compost, food processing waste, food washing waste, tobacco	
02 03 04	Biodegradable materials unsuitable for consumption or processing (other than those containing dangerous substances)	
02 03 05	Effluent from the process referred to in sources of waste	
02 04	Wastes from sugar processing	
02 04 03	Sludges from on-site effluent treatment – biological sludge	
02 05	Wastes from the dairy products industry	
02 05 01	Biodegradable materials unsuitable for consumption or processing (other than those containing dangerous substances) - solid and liquid dairy products, mik, food processing wastes, yoghurt, whey	
02 05 02	Sludges from on-site effluent treatment	
02 06	Wastes from the baking and confectionary industry	
02 06 01	Biodegradable materials unsuitable for consumption or processing (other than those containing dangerous substances) - food condemned, food processing wastes, biscuits, chocolate, yeast, bread, bakery waste	
02 06 03	Sludges from on-site effluent treatment	
02 07	Wastes from the production of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages (except coffee, tea and cocoa)	
02 07 01	Wastes from washing, cleaning and mechanical reduction of raw materials – brewing waste, food processing waste, fermentation waste	
02 07 02	Wastes from spirit distillation – spent grains, fruit and potato pulp – sludge from distilleries	
02 07 04	Biodegradable materials unsuitable for consumption or processing (other than those containing dangerous substances) - brewing waste, food processing waste, fermentation waste, beer, alcoholic drinks, fruit juice	
03	Wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture, pulp, paper and cardboard	
03 03	Wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing	
03 03 10	Fibre rejects and sludges – paper pulp (de-inked only), paper fibre	
03 03 11	Wastes not otherwise specified - sludges from on-site effluent treatment other than those mentioned in 03 03 10	
04	Wastes from the leather, fur and textile industries	
04 01	Wastes from the leather and fur industry	
04 01 01	Fleshings and lime split wastes	
04 02	Wastes from the textile industry	
04 02 10	Organic matter from natural products (for example, grease, wax)	
15	Waste packaging, absorbents, wiping cloths, filter materials and protective clothing not otherwise specified	
15 01	Packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)	
15 01 01	Paper and cardboard packaging – must confirm to BS EN 13432 – no manmade substances. Only as packaging containing organic waste	
15 01 03	Wooden packaging – must conform to BS EN 13432. Only as packaging containing organic waste	

15 01 05	Composite packaging – must conform to BS EN 13432. Only as packaging containing organic waste	
19	Wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use	
19 02	Wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromation, decyanidation, neutralisation)	
19 02 10	Combustible wastes	
19 05	Wastes from aerobic treatment of solid wastes	
19 05 01	Non-composted fraction of municipal and similar wastes	
19 05 02	Non-composted fraction of animal and vegetable waste	
19 05 03	Off-specification compost from source segregated biodegradable waste	
19 06	Wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste	
19 06 03	Liquor from anaerobic treatment of municipal waste	
19 06 04	Digestate from anaerobic treatment of source segregated biodegradable waste	
19 06 05	Liquor from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste	
19 06 06	Digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste	
19 08	Wastes from waste water treatment plants not otherwise specified	
19 08 09	Grease and oil mixture from oil/water separation containing only edible oil and fats	
19 08 12	Sludges from industrial biological treatment	
20	Municipal wastes (household waste and similar commercial, industrial and institutional wastes) including separately collected fractions	
20 01	Separately collected fractions (except 15 01)	
20 01 01	Paper and cardboard – only as packaging containing organic waste	
20 01 08	Biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste	
20 01 25	Edible oil and fat	
20 01 38	Wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37, and only where no non-biodegradable coating or preserving substance present – must conform to BS EN 13432	
20 02	Garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)	
20 01 01	Biodegradable waste – animal faeces, manure, garden waste, green waste, horticultural waste, plant tissue, parks and garden waste, hedge and tree trimmings, grass cuttings and leafy materials	
20 03	Other municipal wastes	
20 03 01	Mixed municipal waste – separately collected biowastes	
20 03 02	Wastes from markets - markets - allowed only if source segregated biodegradable fractions eg. plant material, fruit and vegetables	

Section 2 - Point Source Emissions to air, water and land

Table 2 Emissions (releases)

Installation 1 – Sludge Anaerobic Digestion Treatment

Point Source en	nissions to air			
Emission point reference and location	Source	Parameter	Quantity	Unit
No point source e	emissions to air			
	issions to water (other than s		T =	T
Emission point	Source	Parameter	Quantity	Unit
reference and				
location				
No point source e	emissions directly to water	<u></u>	1	
Point course on	vissions to sowers offluent to	oatmont plant	and other tr	nefere off
site	nissions to sewers , effluent tr	eaunent piant	s and other tra	31131612 OII
Emission point	Source	Parameter	Quantity	Unit
reference and			Quantity	
location				
S1 / T1	Gravity Belt Thickeners	BAT 7 and	BAT 7 and	mg/l and
	liquors (filtrate) (exc. SAS	Table 6.1 in	Table 6.1 in	ug/l
(to Avonmouth	GBT filtrate)	BAT 20	BAT 20	
WRC)	Centrifuge and dewatering			
	liquors (centrate)			
	Gas to Grid condensate and			
	process water			
	Wastewater liquors from the Food Waste AD and Food			
	Soup processes			
S2 / W1	SAS Gravity Belt Thickeners	BAT 7 and	BAT 7 and	mg/l and
	liquors (filtrate)	Table 6.1 in	Table 6.1 in	ug/l
(to Avonmouth	(/	BAT 20	BAT 20	9.1
WRC)				
		•	•	•
Point source em	nissions to land			
Emission point	Source	Parameter	Quantity	Unit
reference and				
location				
No point source	emissions directly to land			

Installation 2 – Food Waste Digestion Treatment

There are no new emissions for the Food Waste AD or Food Soup

Point Source emissions to air				
Emission point reference and location	Source	Parameter	Quantity	Unit

No point source emissions to air					
Point source em	issions to water (other than sewer)		
Emission point	Source	Parameter	Quantity	Unit	
reference and					
location					
No point source e	emissions directly to	o sewer			
Point source em	issions to sewers	s, effluent treatme	ent plants and oth	ner transfers off	
site			-		
Emission point	Source	Parameter	Quantity	Unit	
reference and					
location					
	There are no point source emissions to effluent treatment plant (Avonmouth WRC); see				
above for wastewater liquors from food waste AD and food soup process					
Emission point	Source	Parameter	Quantity	Unit	
reference and					
location					
No point source emissions to land					

Section 3 – Operating Techniques

Question 3a technical Standards

Installation 1 – Sludge Anaerobic Digestion Treatment

Description of the schedule 1 activity or directly associated activity	Best Available Technique (BATc, BREF, TGN reference)	Document Reference (if appropriate)
Avonmouth BC Sludge AD and Raw sludge Dewatering	Best available techniques (BAT) conclusions for waste treatment	COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION (EU) 2018/ 1147 - of 10 August 2018 - establishing best available techniques (BAT) conclusions for waste treatment, under Directive 2010/ 75/ EU of the European Parliament and of
		the Council - (notified under document C(2018) 5070)
	Best Available Techniques (BAT) Reference Document for Waste Treatment	Best Available Techniques (BAT) Reference Document for Waste Treatment Industrial Emissions Directive 2010/75/EU Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control
	Control and monitor emissions for your environmental permit	Control and monitor emissions for your environmental permit

Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities - Biowaste Appropriate Measure Guidance	Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities
Clean-down procedure to	TRTWP567 – Dewaterer
swap	clean down procedure
sludge assets between	
treated	
and raw sludge waste types.	
Waste pre-acceptance,	TRTWP549 - Waste Pre-
acceptance and rejection	acceptance, Acceptance
procedure. Used across	and Rejection Procedure
Wessex Water sites.	

Installation 2 – Food Waste Digestion Treatment

Food Waste Soup

Description of the schedule 1 activity or directly associated activity	Best Available Technique (BATc, BREF, TGN reference	Document Reference (if appropriate)
Physical treatment for the purpose of recycling	Best available techniques (BAT) conclusions for waste treatment	See BAT Gap Analysis FW - 2025
Food Soup storage and transfer	Best available techniques (BAT) conclusions for waste treatment	See BAT Gap Analysis FW - 2025
All food soup activities	Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities - Biowaste Appropriate Measure Guidance	Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities

Question 3a1 – Does your permit (in Table 1.2 Operating Techniques or similar table in the permit) have references to any of your own documents or parts of documents submitted as part of a previous application for this site?

This variation form C3 is being used for the permitting of Avonmouth BC under the water company project for IED installations. Avonmouth BC does have an existing installation permit ref EPR/PP3437LK which only part of the treatment processes taking place on site, so we have listed the current recorded Operating techniques documents and expect them all to be revised wholly or in part following this IED permit process.

Document Reference	Document Title	Date (if applicable)	Superseded or
			not?
	C2	2019	Y (31/01/2025)
	C3	2019	Y (26/11/2025)
	Supporting Documents	2019	Y superseded by variations in 2022, Dec 2023, Jan 2025 and Nov 2025.

Question 3b General requirements

Table 4 – general requirements

Installation 1 – Sludge Anaerobic Digestion Treatment

If the technical guidance or your risk assessment shows that emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits are an important issue, send us your plan for managing them	Document reference or references n/a
Where the technical guidance or your risk assessment shows that odours are an important issue, send us your odour management plan	Document reference or references: Avonmouth BC Odour management plan TRTWP157
If the technical guidance or your risk assessment shows that noise or vibration are important issues, send us your noise or vibration management plan (or both)	Document reference or references: n/a

Installation 2 – Food Waste Digestion Treatment

If the technical guidance or your risk assessment	Document reference or references:
shows that emissions of substances not controlled	N/A
by emission limits are an important issue, send us	
your plan for managing them	
Where the technical guidance or your risk	Document reference or references:
assessment shows that odours are an important	Avonmouth Renewable Energy
issue, send us your odour	Odour Management Plan Version 4
management plan	November 2025 (IMS029)
If the technical guidance or your risk assessment	Document reference or references:
shows that noise or vibration are important issues,	N/A
send us your noise or vibration management plan	
(or both)	

Question 3c Types and amounts of raw materials

Table 5- Types and amounts of raw materials

Installation 1 - Sludge Anaerobic Digestion Treatment

Capacity (note 1) =				
Schedule 1 Activity	Description of raw material	Annual throughput (tonnes per year)	Maximum Amount (tonnes) (note 2)	Description of the use of the raw material and provide MSDS
Sludge AD & Raw sludge activity	Polymer -Zetag 8160	90,000 kg/a	7000kg (~7 tonnes) (10 x 700kg bags)	Used in poly make up in 3 x locations-SAS GBTs, Belmer GBTS, APD (Raw) GBTs
Sludge AD & Raw sludge activity	Polymer - Zetag 9248FS	290,000 kg/a	10,400 (10 x 1040)	Used for the road dewatering centrifuges
Sludge AD & Raw sludge activity	Polymer - Solenis 8187	128,000 kg/a	47 tonnes (10 x 700 kg bags & 40t–Silo)	Used in poly make up for dewatering plant (centrifuges 5, 6, 7 & 8)
Sludge AD	Antifoam Burst PF 13	50,000 kg/a	4,000 kg	Used for preventing centrate from centrifuges from foaming and infrequently to prevent digester foaming
Sludge AD	Small quantities of oil and lubricants and grease	Approx. 2,000 L/a	Very little stored with in permit boundary	Pumps, motors and compressors

All MSDS sheets, apart from Zetag 9248 FS which is now attached.

Note 1 By 'capacity', we mean the total storage capacity (tonnes) or total treatment capacity (tonnes each day).

Note 2 By 'maximum amount', we mean the maximum amount of raw materials on the site at any one time.

Section 4 General information

This section applies to changes to or new emission points.

Question 4a - Describe the measures you use for monitoring emissions by referring to each emission point in Table 2 above

Installation 1 – Sludge Anaerobic Digestion Treatment

Discharge to effluent treatment plant (Avonmouth WRC)

Wastewater Liquors = We have committed to characterisation of wastewater liquors and a publication of a Regulatory Position Statement is anticipated before long. From the required the standard Improvement Condition; a sampling programme designed to fully characterise the wastewater discharged to Avonmouth Water Recycling Centre from sampling points S1 and S2 is under development. It will be analogous to the other sampling programmes produced for other Wessex Water sites. Following characterisation, any parameter identified as being relevant in the wastewater inventory will be monitored at the frequency and using monitoring standards stipulated in BAT 7. Any additional parameters identified as being relevant will be subject to an EA permit variation to determine the monitoring frequency.

Installation 2 - Food Waste Digestion Treatment

There are no new emissions in the Food Waste AD, CHP or G2G areas and existing wastewater liquors are combined into the Sludge Anaerobic Digestion point source emission to Avonmouth WRC.

Question 4b Point sources to air only

Installation 1 - Sludge Anaerobic Digestion Treatment

Installation 2 - Food Waste Digestion Treatment

N/A. There are no new point source emissions to air.

Section 6 Resource efficiency and climate change

Questions 6a & 6b questions relate to energy efficiency

Please see documents

WWSL – Avonmouth Energy Efficiency Plan (OPSP367)

WWEL – Energy Efficiency - Avonmouth Renewable Energy Site (GENWMP230)

Question 6d - Explain and justify the raw and other materials, other substances and water that you will use

Please see documents

WWSL - Avonmouth BC waste residues plan (TRTWP540) and,

Avonmouth BC waste management plan (OPSP343)

WWEL - Waste Management Plan – BFWRF (GENWMP353) and,

Waste Management Plan – Renewable Energy (GENWMP353A)

Question 6e - Describe how you avoid producing waste in line with Council Directive 2008/98/EC on waste

Please see documents

WWSL - Avonmouth BC waste residues plan (TRTWP540)

WWEL - Waste Management Plan – BFWRF (GENWMP353) and,

Waste Management Plan – Renewable Energy (GENWMP353A)