

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sulphuric Acid >=96%

Version 2.0 Print Date 2013/07/18

Revision date / valid from 2013/07/18 MSDS code: MAAF124

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : Sulphuric Acid >=96%

 Substance name
 : sulphuric acid

 Index-No.
 : 016-020-00-8

 CAS-No.
 : 7664-93-9

 EC-No.
 : 231-639-5

Registration number : 01-2119458838-20-xxxx

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Identified use: See table in front of appendix for a complete

Substance/Mixture overview of identified uses.

Uses advised against : At this moment we have not identified any uses advised

against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Brenntag UK & Ireland

Albion House, Rawdon Park GB LS19 7XX Leeds Yeadon

Telephone : +44 (0) 113 3879 200
Telefax : +44 (0) 113 3879 280
E-mail address : msds@brenntag.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone : Emergency only telephone number (open 24 hours):

number +44 (0) 1865 407333 (N.C.E.C. Culham)

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

	REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008				
Hazard class	Hazard category	Target Organs	Hazard statements		
Skin corrosion	Category 1A		H314		

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.



Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC				
Hazard symbol / Category of danger Risk phrases				
Corrosive (C)	R35			

For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Most important adverse effects

Potential environmental :

Human Health : See section 11 for toxicological information.

Physical and chemical :

hazards

See section 9 for physicochemical information.

See section 12 for environmental information.

effects

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard symbols :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection.

Response : P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do

NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with

water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P308 IF exposed or concerned:

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor/ physician.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:



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sulphuric acid

2.3. Other hazards

For Results of PBT and vPvB assessment see section 12.5.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical nature : Aqueous solution

Classification
(REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
Hazardous components

Amount [%]
Hazard class / Hazard
Hazard category statements

Classification
(67/548/EEC)

sulphuric acid

Index-No. : 016-020-00-8 Skin Corr.1A H314 Corrosive; C; R35

CAS-No. : 7664-93-9

EC-No. : 231-639-5 >= 96

Registration : 01-2119458838-20-xxxx C&L-No. : 02-2119752444-38-0000

For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16. For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

If inhaled : In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air

and keep at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer

artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

In case of skin contact : First swab the concentrated acid with dry pulp or textile;

because the acid reacts vigorously with water and with strong evolution of heat. Wash off with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment is necessary as untreated wounds from

corrosion of the skin heal slowly and with difficulty.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Consult an eye specialist immediately.

Go to an ophthalmic hospital if possible.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do

NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.



4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

: See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects Symptoms

and symptoms.

Effects : See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. The product

itself does not burn.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: No information available.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes, Hazardous decomposition products, Sulphur oxides, Reacts exothermic

with water

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective

equipment for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing

apparatus. Wear appropriate body protection (full protective

suit)

Further information Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains. Cool closed containers

exposed to fire with water spray.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment. Provide adequate

ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe

vapours or spray mist.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid subsoil penetration. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be

contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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Methods and materials for : containment and cleaning

Neutralize with soda and flush with plenty of water. Taking into account local regulations the product may be disposed of as waste water after neutralisation. Clean-up methods - small spillage: Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Further information

: Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal

considerations".

Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for waste treatment information.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

: Keep container tightly closed. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Emergency eye wash fountains and emergency showers should be available in the immediate vicinity. When diluting, always add the product to water. Never

add water to the product.

Hygiene measures

: Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

areas and containers

Requirements for storage : Keep in an area equipped with acid resistant flooring. Store in

original container.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : The product is not flammable. Normal measures for preventive fire protection. Gives off hydrogen by reaction with metals. Risk

of explosion.

Further information on storage conditions

: Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Keep in a well-

ventilated place. Product is hygroscopic.

Advice on common

storage

: Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep

away from combustible material.

Specific end use(s) 7.3.

Specific use(s) : Identified use: See table in front of appendix for a complete

overview of identified uses.



Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Component: sulphuric acid CAS-No.

7664-93-9

Other Occupational Exposure Limit Values

EU ELV, Time Weighted Average (TWA):, Mist.

0.05 mg/m3 Indicative

EH40 WEL, Time Weighted Average (TWA):

0.05 mg/m3

Mist.

Thoracic fraction.

ELV (IE), Time Weighted Average (TWA):, Mist.

0.05 mg/m3 Indicative OELV

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Advice : Required if vapours or aerosol are released.

Recommended Filter type: Combination filter:E-P2

Hand protection

Advice : The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the

product / the substance / the preparation.

Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace

conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact).

Protective gloves should be replaced at first signs of wear.

The following materials are suitable:

Material : Fluorinated rubber

Break through time : >= 8 h Glove thickness : 0.5 mm

Material : butyl-rubber
Break through time : >= 2 h



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Glove thickness : 0.5 mm

Eye protection

Advice : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection

Advice : Acid resistant protective clothing.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Avoid subsoil penetration.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot

be contained.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form : liquid

Colour colourless

> or slight

coloured

Odour : odourless

Odour Threshold : no data available

рΗ < 1 (20 °C)

Solidification point ca. 8 °C

Boiling point/boiling range ca. 290 °C

Flash point not applicable

Evaporation rate : no data available

Flammability (solid, gas) The product is not flammable.

Upper explosion limit not applicable

Lower explosion limit : not applicable

< 0.01 hPa (20 °C) Vapour pressure

Relative vapour density : 3.4

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Density : 1.84 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Water solubility : completely miscible

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : no data available

Auto-ignition temperature : not applicable

Thermal decomposition : ca. 338 °C

Viscosity, dynamic : 21 mPa.s

Viscosity, kinematic : no data available

Explosivity : Product is not explosive.

Oxidizing properties : no data available

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight : 98.1 g/mol

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Advice : Is corrosive to metals.

10.2. Chemical stability

Advice : Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Gives off hydrogen by reaction with metals. Reacts exothermic

with water

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Reacts with the following substances:BasesWater

Thermal decomposition : ca.338 °C

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Organic materials, Bases, Reducing agents, Metals

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition : Sulphur oxides, Stable under recommended storage conditions.

products



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Section 11: Toxicological information

		Further informa	ition
Other relevant toxicity information	:		s of the mouth and throat, as well as a the oesophagus and the stomach.
Component:	sulp	huric acid	CAS-No.
			7664-93-9
		Acute toxici	у
LD50 Oral	:		nd female) (OECD Test Guideline 401)
		Inhalation	
		no data available	
		Dermal	
		no data available	
		Irritation	
		Skin	
Result	:	Very corrosive (rabbit)	
		Eyes	
Result	:	Very corrosive (rabbit) Risk of serious damage	to eyes.
		Sensitisatio	n
Result	:	no data available	
		CMR effects	3
		CMR Properti	es
Carcinogenicity	:	Animal testing did not sh	ow any carcinogenic effects.
Mutagenicity	:	It is not considered muta	genic.
Teratogenicity	:	Did not show teratogenic	e effects in animal experiments.
3 / Version 2.0		9/45	

Brenntag UK & Ireland Sulphuric Acid >=96% Reproductive toxicity : Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single exposure I remark : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Repeated exposure

remark : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Other toxic properties

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

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Component:	sulphuric acid	CAS-No. 7664-93-9
	Acute toxicity	
	Fish	
LC50	: 42 mg/l (Gambusia affinis; 96 h)
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic	invertebrates
EC50	: 29 mg/l (Daphnia magna; 24 h): 70 - 80 mg/l (Crangon crangon	
<u> </u>	algae	,
	no data available	
	Bacteria	
EC50	: 58 mg/l (activated sludge; 120 l	n)
. Persistence and d	legradability	

10/45

ΕN



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Component: sulphuric acid CAS-No. 7664-93-9

Persistence and degradability

Persistence

Result : no data available

Biodegradability

Result : The methods for determining the biological degradability are not

applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component: sulphuric acid CAS-No.

7664-93-9

Bioaccumulation

Result : no data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Component: sulphuric acid CAS-No. 7664-93-9

Mobility

: no data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Component: sulphuric acid CAS-No. 7664-93-9

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Result : not applicable

12.6. Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information

Result : Harmful effects to aquatic organisms due to pH-shift.

Neutralization is normally necessary before waste water is

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discharged into water treatment plants.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product Disposal together with normal waste is not allowed. Special

> disposal required according to local regulations. Do not let product enter drains. Contact waste disposal services.

Contaminated packaging Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They can be

> recycled after thorough and proper cleaning. Packagings that cannot be cleaned are to be disposed of in the same manner

as the product.

European Waste Catalogue Number No waste code according to the European Waste Catalogue can be assigned for this product, as the intended use dictates

the assignment. The waste code is established in consultation

with the regional waste disposer.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

1830

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR : SULPHURIC ACID with more than 51% acid RID SULPHURIC ACID with more than 51% acid

IMDG : SULPHURIC ACID WITH MORE THAN 51% ACID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class : 8

(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard

identification No; Tunnel restriction code)

8; C1; 80; (E)

RID-Class : 8

(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard

identification No)

8; C1; 80

IMDG-Class : 8

(Labels; EmS)

8; F-A, S-B

14.4. Packaging group

: 11 : 11



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IMDG : II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Labeling according to 5.2.1.8 ADR : no Labeling according to 5.2.1.8 RID : no Labeling according to 5.2.1.6.3 IMDG : no Classification as environmentally : no hazardous according to 2.9.3 IMDG

Classified as "P" according to 2.10 IMDG : no

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

IMDG : Not applicable.

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

sulphuric acid

EU. Regulation 273/2004, Drug Precursors, Category 3 Scheduled substance Combined Nomenclature (CN) denomination. Scheduled substance Combined Nomenclature (CN) code: 2807 00 10

EU. Regulation No 1451/2007 [Biocides], Annex I, Active substances identified as existing (OJ (L 325)

Listed FO Needle as existing (OU (L UZ

Listed EC Number: 231-639-5

Notification status

sulphuric acid:

Regulatory List	Notification	Notification number
AICS	YES	
DSL	YES	
INV (CN)	YES	
ENCS (JP)	YES	(1)-430
ISHL (JP)	YES	(1)-430
TSCA	YES	
EINECS	YES	231-639-5
KECI (KR)	YES	97-1-405
KECI (KR)	YES	KE-32570
PICCS (PH)	YES	

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment



Sulphuric Acid >=96%

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

Section 16: Other information

Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3.

R35 Causes severe burns.

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Further information

Other information

Restricted to professional users. Attention - Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to our knowledge at the date of its revision. The information given only describes the products with regard to safety arrangements and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification and does not constitute a legal relationship.

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text

|| Indicates updated section.



No.	Short title	Main User Group (SU)	Sector of Use (SU)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Environm ental Release Category (ERC)	Article Category (AC)	Specified
1	Use as an intermediate	3	4, 6b, 8, 9, 14	19	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	6a	NA	ES679
2	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures	3	10	NA	1, 3, 5, 8a, 8b, 9	2	NA	ES689
3	Use in laboratories	22	NA	21	15	8a, 8b	NA	ES906
4	Use for extractions and processing of minerals, ores	3	2a, 14	20, 40	2, 3, 4	4, 6b	NA	ES784
5	Use as processing aid	3	4, 5, 6b, 8, 9, 11, 23	20	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9, 13	6b	NA	ES782
6	Use in electrolytic processes	3	14, 15, 17	14, 20	1, 2, 8b, 9, 13	5, 6b	NA	ES788
7	Use in the process of surface treatments, purification and etching	3	2a, 14, 15, 16	14, 15	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9, 13	6b	NA	ES786
8	Use in gas treatment	3	8	20	1, 2, 8b	7	NA	ES790
9	Use in production of sulphuric acid contained batteries	3	NA	NA	2, 3, 4, 9	2, 5	NA	ES792
10	Use in recycling of sulphuric acid contained batteries	3	NA	NA	2, 4, 5, 8a	1	NA	ES794
11	Use in maintenance of sulphuric acid contained batteries	22	NA	NA	19	8b, 9b	NA	ES798



1. Short title of Exposure Sc	enario 1: Use as an inte	rmediate			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses sites	s of substances as such or in preparations at industrial			
Sectors of end-use	SU4: Manufacture of food products SU6b: Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals SU14: Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys				
Chemical product category	PC19: Intermediate				
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)				
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6a: Industrial use resulintermediates)	llting in manufacture of another substance (use of			
Activity	Note: this Exposure Scenario is only relevant for an appropriated use according to the quality grade of the substance delivered				
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC6a			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	The substance is used up in the process			
Amount used	Annual amount per site	300000 ton(s)/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
Environment to store and	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d			
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation			
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely efficient with almost total neutralisation achieved			
releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site					
Conditions and massures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	On-site waste water treatment			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d			
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill			
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC		ure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in The substance is used up in the process				
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	Mixture/Article		
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	0.06 hPa	
Amount used	Worker contact is generally and sampling/analysis even	very low as most operations are remotely controlled into are of short duration.	
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²	
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)		
	Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3, PROC4)		
	Indoors, any sized room, w	ith good natural ventilation(PROC9)	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4)		
	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.		
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery syste	m(except PROC8a)	
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PRC	lation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC8b)	
Hom course towards the worker		authorised personal shall handle the substance	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases,	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised		
dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation			

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

	Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
	ERC6a		Fresh water	PEC	0.2μg/L	0.08
Ш	ERC6a		Marine water	PEC	0.03µg/L	0.12
	ERC6a		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.0018µg/kg	0.0009
Ц	ERC6a		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0026µg/kg	0.0013
	ERC6a		Soil	PEC	0.92µg/kg	
U	ERC6a		Air	PEC	0.0032µg/m³	

Workers

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Advanced RI	Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)					
Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR		
PROC1	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0094ng/m3			
PROC2	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.092ng/m3			
PROC3	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.42µg/m³			
PROC4	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	14µg/m³			
PROC8a	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	23µg/m³			
PROC8b	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0048µg/m³			
PROC9	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	2.8µg/m³			

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites				
Sectors of end-use	SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding				
Process categories	alloys) PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)				
Environmental Release Categories	ERC2: Formulation of prep	parations			
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmental	l exposure for: ERC2			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%			
	Annual amount per site	300000 ton(s)/year			
Amount used	Annual amount used per region	3 Million tonnes/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
Environment factors not	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d			
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
,	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation			
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely efficient with almost total neutralisation achieved			
releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site					
Our distinct and an account of the	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	On-site waste water treatment			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d			
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill			
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC8b, PROC9	ontrolling worker exposi	ure for: PROC1, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a,			
Droduct characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%			
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid			
	Vapour pressure	0.06 hPa			



Sulphuric Acid >=96%

Amount used	Worker exposure considere	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems.	
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²	
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
	Outdoors not close to build	ings(PROC1, PROC8a, PROC8b)	
	Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3)		
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC5, PROC9)		
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PROC1, PROC3)		
anecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.		
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system(except PROC5)		
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide local exhaust ventilation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b)		
from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PROC1) Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases,	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised		
dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation			

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

	Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
	ERC2		Fresh water	PEC	0.0443µg/L	0.01772
I	ERC2		Marine water	PEC	0.0064µg/L	0.02568
	ERC2		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.0038µg/kg	0.00192
	ERC2		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0005µg/kg	0.00028
	ERC2		Soil	PEC	0.2μg/kg	
	ERC2		Air	PEC	0.0007µg/m³	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0009ng/m3	

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Sulphuric Acid >=96%

PROC3	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.42µg/m³	
PROC5	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.016mg/m³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.023mg/m³	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.0004µg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.0028mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



1. Short title of Exposure Sc	enario 3: Use in laborat	ories			
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education,				
·	entertainment, services, craftsmen)				
Chemical product category	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PC21: Laboratory chemicals			
Process categories	PROC15: Use as laborator	• •			
Environmental Release Categories		door use of processing aids in open systems door use of reactive substances in open systems			
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmental	l exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8b			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%			
Amount used	Annual amount per site	5000 ton(s)/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d			
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
illilide liced by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d			
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill			
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling worker exposi	ure for: PROC15			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%			
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid			
	Vapour pressure	0.06 hPa			
Amount used	Worker exposure considere	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems.			
	Frequency of use	220 days/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min			
	Intermittent contact is expe	ected			
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day			
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²			
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases				
Other operational conditions	Indoors, any sized room, w	rith good natural ventilation			
affecting workers exposure	Due to the nature of the su possible	bstance the process should be kept as contained as			
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases,	Substance-handling proced supervised	dures shall be well documented and strictly			
dispersion and exposure trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks					
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene	Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, boots and protective coverall)				
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Sulphuric Acid >=96%

and health evaluation

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

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Contributin Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR	
ERC8a		Fresh water	PEC	0.138µg/L	0.05520	
ERC8a		Marine water	PEC	0.0074µg/L	0.02956	
ERC8a		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.011µg/kg	0.00580	
ERC8a		Marine sediment	PEC	0.639ng/kg	0.00032	
ERC8a		Soil	PEC	0.134µg/kg		
ERC8a		Air	PEC	0.48ng/m3		
ERC8b		Fresh water	PEC	2.12ng/L	0.00085	
ERC8b		Marine water	PEC	0.0666ng/L	0.00026	
ERC8b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.183ng/kg	0.00009	
ERC8b		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0058ng/kg	0.00000	
ERC8b		Soil	PEC	0.134ng/kg		
ERC8b		Air	PEC	0.0048ng/m3		

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR				
PROC15	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.023µg/m³					

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites					
Sectors of end-use	SU2a: Mining (without offsl	SU2a: Mining (without offshore industries) SU14: Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys				
Chemical product category	agents	n-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization				
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, cor PROC3: Use in closed bate	PC40: Extraction agents PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises				
Environmental Release Categories	ERC4: Industrial use of propart of articles ERC6b: Industrial use of re	ocessing aids in processes and products, not becoming eactive processing aids				
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC4, ERC6b				
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%				
Amount used	Annual amount per site	438 ton(s)/year				
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year				
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d				
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10				
illilidenced by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100				
Conditions and magazines related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant				
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d				
	Sludge Treatment	Metal recovery, incineration or landfill				
2.2 Contributing scenario co		ure for: PROC2, PROC3, PROC4				
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%				
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid				
	Vapour pressure	0.06 hPa				
Amount used	Worker contact is generally and sampling/analysis ever	very low as most operations are remotely controlled nts are of short duration.				
	Frequency of use	220 days/year				
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min				
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted				
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day				
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²				
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases					
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC2)					



Sulphuric Acid >=96%

I		Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3, PROC4)
		Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)
		Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.
		Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible
П	Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system(PROC2, PROC4)
П	measures to control dispersion	Provide local exhaust ventilation (LEV).(PROC2)
Ш	from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PROC2)
		Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance
	Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases,	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised
	dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks
	Conditions and measures related	Tromoso modi protocuro cicumig (race, e) e protocuem, memori, dina dela gierree,
I	to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	boots and protective coverall)
Ц	and nealth evaluation	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC4		Fresh water	PEC	0.025µg/L	0.01000
ERC4		Marine water	PEC	0.0036µg/L	0.01424
ERC4		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.0021µg/kg	0.00106
ERC4		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0003µg/kg	0.00015
ERC4		Soil	PEC	0.112µg/kg	
ERC4		Air	PEC	0.0004µg/m³	
ERC6b		Fresh water	PEC	0.026ng/L	0.00001
ERC6b		Marine water	PEC	0.0037ng/L	0.00001
ERC6b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.0000µg/kg	0.00000
ERC6b		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0000µg/kg	0.00000
ERC6b		Soil	PEC	0.0001µg/kg	
ERC6b		Air	PEC	0.0000µg/m³	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC2	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.092ng/m3	
PROC3	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.42µg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.014mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes



Sulphuric Acid >=96%

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



1. Short title of Exposure Sc	1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 5: Use as processing aid				
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites				
Sectors of end-use	SU4: Manufacture of food products SU5: Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur SU6b: Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals SU11: Manufacture of rubber products SU23: Electricity, steam, gas water supply and sewage treatment				
Chemical product category	PC20: Products such as pagents	h-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization			
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring				
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids				
Activity	Note: this Exposure Scena the quality grade of the sul	rio is only relevant for an appropriated use according to stance delivered			
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmenta	al exposure for: ERC6b			
2.1 Contributing scenario co	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%			
-	Concentration of the Substance in	•			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%			
Product characteristics Amount used Frequency and duration of use	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article Annual amount per site	Concentration of substance in product: 98% 100000 ton(s)/year			
Product characteristics Amount used Frequency and duration of use Environment factors not	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article Annual amount per site Continuous exposure Flow rate of receiving	Concentration of substance in product: 98% 100000 ton(s)/year 365 days/year			
Product characteristics Amount used Frequency and duration of use Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article Annual amount per site Continuous exposure Flow rate of receiving surface water	Concentration of substance in product: 98% 100000 ton(s)/year 365 days/year 18,000 m3/d			
Product characteristics Amount used Frequency and duration of use Environment factors not influenced by risk management Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article Annual amount per site Continuous exposure Flow rate of receiving surface water Dilution Factor (River) Dilution Factor (Coastal	Concentration of substance in product: 98% 100000 ton(s)/year 365 days/year 18,000 m3/d 10			
Product characteristics Amount used Frequency and duration of use Environment factors not influenced by risk management Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article Annual amount per site Continuous exposure Flow rate of receiving surface water Dilution Factor (River) Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	Concentration of substance in product: 98% 100000 ton(s)/year 365 days/year 18,000 m3/d 10 100 Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation			
Product characteristics Amount used Frequency and duration of use Environment factors not influenced by risk management Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article Annual amount per site Continuous exposure Flow rate of receiving surface water Dilution Factor (River) Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	Concentration of substance in product: 98% 100000 ton(s)/year 365 days/year 18,000 m3/d 10 100 Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely			
Product characteristics Amount used Frequency and duration of use Environment factors not influenced by risk management Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article Annual amount per site Continuous exposure Flow rate of receiving surface water Dilution Factor (River) Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas) Air Water Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Concentration of substance in product: 98% 100000 ton(s)/year 365 days/year 18,000 m3/d 10 100 Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely			
Product characteristics Amount used Frequency and duration of use Environment factors not influenced by risk management Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article Annual amount per site Continuous exposure Flow rate of receiving surface water Dilution Factor (River) Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas) Air Water Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Concentration of substance in product: 98% 100000 ton(s)/year 365 days/year 18,000 m3/d 10 100 Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely efficient with almost total neutralisation achieved			



2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13				
Description	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0.06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker contact is generally and sampling/analysis ever	very low as most operations are remotely controlled nts are of short duration.		
	Frequency of use	220 days/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted		
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²		
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases			
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)			
	Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3, PROC4)			
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC9, PROC13)			
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4)			
	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system	m(except PROC8a, PROC13)		
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide local exhaust vention Complete segregation (PRC	lation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b)		
Tom source towards the worker		authorised personal shall handle the substance		
Organizational massures to	Substance-handling proced	dures shall be well documented and strictly		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases,	supervised	•		
dispersion and exposure		ng and transfer of materials to road tankers are		
	trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			
Conditions and measures related		othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves,		
to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	boots and protective coverall)			

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC6b		Fresh water	PEC	0.0059µg/L	0.00236
ERC6b		Marine water	PEC	0.0009µg/L	0.00344
ERC6b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.0005µg/kg	0.00026
ERC6b		Marine sediment	PEC	0.074ng/kg	0.00004



Sulphuric Acid >=96%

	ERC6b	 Soil	PEC	0.027µg/kg	
I	ERC6b	 Air	PEC	0.0000µg/m³	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR	
PROC1	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0094ng/m3		
PROC2	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.092ng/m3		
PROC3	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.42µg/m³		
PROC4	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.014mg/m³	mg/m³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.023mg/m³		
PROC8b	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.0048µg/m³		
PROC9	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.0028mg/m³		
PROC13	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.016mg/m ³		

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



Short title of Exposure Scenario 6: Use in electrolytic processes SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial				
Main User Groups	sites			
Sectors of end-use	SU14: Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys SU15: Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment SU17: General manufacturing, e.g. machinery, equipment, vehicles, other transport equipment			
Chemical product category	PC14: Metal surface treatmeroducts	nent products, including galvanic and electroplating		
Process categories	PC20: Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC5: Industrial use result ERC6b: Industrial use of re	ring in inclusion into or onto a matrix eactive processing aids		
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC5, ERC6b		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 95-98%		
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2306 ton(s)/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year		
Environment factors not	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d		
influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River) Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	10 100		
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d		
	Sludge Treatment	Metal recovery, incineration or landfill		
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC13	ontrolling worker exposi	ure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC8b, PROC9,		
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 95-98%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0.06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker exposure should be	e low and controlled		
	Frequency of use	220 days/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
Human factors not influenced by	Intermittent contact is expe			
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		



Sulphuric Acid >=96%

	Exposed skin surface 480 cm ²		
	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)		
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC9, PROC13)		
Other operational conditions	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PROC1, PROC2)		
affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.		
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system(except PROC13)		
measures to control dispersion	Provide local exhaust ventilation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC8b)		
from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PROC1, PROC2)		
	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance		
Organisational measures to	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly		
prevent /limit releases,	supervised		
dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are		
	trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the		
	worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks		
Conditions and measures related			
to personal protection, hygiene boots and protective coverall)			
and health evaluation	Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC13)		

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC5		Fresh water	PEC	0.0681µg/L	0.02724
ERC5		Marine water	PEC	0.0099µg/L	0.03948
ERC5		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.0059µg/kg	0.00294
ERC5		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0008µg/kg	0.00043
ERC5		Soil	PEC	0.309µg/kg	
ERC5		Air	PEC	0.0011µg/m³	
ERC6b		Fresh water	PEC	0.136ng/L	0.00005
ERC6b		Marine water	PEC	0.0197ng/L	0.00008
ERC6b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.0118ng/kg	0.00001
ERC6b		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0017ng/kg	0.00000
ERC6b		Soil	PEC	0.618ng/kg	
ERC6b		Air	PEC	0.0022ng/m3	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0094ng/m3	



Sulphuric Acid >=96%

PROC2	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.092ng/m3	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.0048µg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.0028mg/m³	
PROC13	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.47mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



1. Short title of Exposure Sc etching	enario 7: Use in the pro	cess of surface treatments, purification and		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Sectors of end-use	SU2a: Mining (without offshore industries) SU14: Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys SU15: Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment SU16: Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products, electrical equipment			
Chemical product category	PC14: Metal surface treatn products PC15: Non-metal-surface t	nent products, including galvanic and electroplating		
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of re	eactive processing aids		
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmental	l exposure for: ERC6b		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Amount used	Annual amount per site	10000 ton(s)/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year		
For the contract for the contract	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d		
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10		
a.a.a.gaa.	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100		
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant		
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d		
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill		
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC		ure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,		
Droduct characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0.06 hPa		
Amount used Worker exposure considered to be negligible due to the specialized systems and closed nature of the production process				
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Sulphuric Acid >=96%

II		Frequency of use	220 days/year		
	Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
		Intermittent contact is expe	cted		
		Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
	Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²		
	risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases			
П		Outdoors not close to buildi	ings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)		
		Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3, PROC4)			
		Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC9, PROC13)			
	Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4)			
	-	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control			
		room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
l		Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
П	Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system(except PROC8a, PROC13)			
П	measures to control dispersion		ation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b)		
Н	from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PRC			
		Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance			
	Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases,	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised			
	dispersion and exposure		ng and transfer of materials to road tankers are		
		trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			
H	Conditions and measures related		othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves,		
	to personal protection, hygiene				
Ц	and health evaluation				

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC6b		Fresh water	PEC	0.591ng/L	0.00024
ERC6b		Marine water	PEC	0.0856ng/L	0.00034
ERC6b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.051ng/kg	0.00003
ERC6b		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0074ng/kg	0.00000
ERC6b		Soil	PEC	2.68ng/kg	
ERC6b		Air	PEC	0.0096ng/m3	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0094ng/m3	
PROC2	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-	0.0920ng/m3	



Sulphuric Acid >=96%

		term - systemic		
PROC3	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.42µg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.014mg/m³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.023mg/m³	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.0048µg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.0028mg/m³	
PROC13	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.016mg/m ³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



1. Short title of Exposure Sc	enario 8: Use in gas trea	atment	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU8: Manufacture of bulk,	large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)	
Chemical product category	PC20: Products such as phagents	n-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization	
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, cor	cess, no likelihood of exposure ntinuous process with occasional controlled exposure tance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to dedicated facilities	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC7: Industrial use of sub	ostances in closed systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC7	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Amount used	Annual amount per site	30000 ton(s)/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year	
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Water	Spent acid solutions are neutralized to circumneutral pH prior to discharge	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site			
0 15	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d	
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill	
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling worker exposu	ure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC8b	
5	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	0.06 hPa	
Amount used	Worker exposure should be	e low and controlled	
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe		
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
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Sulphuric Acid >=96%

	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²	
	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
	Outdoors not close to build	ings	
	Process may involve high t	emperature (50 - 150°C)	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.		
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery syste	m	
measures to control dispersion	Provide local exhaust venti	lation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC8b)	
from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PRO	DC1, PROC2)	
	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases,	Substance-handling proced supervised	dures shall be well documented and strictly	
dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks		
Conditions and measures related	Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves,		
to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	boots and protective coverall)		

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

H						
	Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
	ERC7		Fresh water	PEC	0.0886µg/L	0.03544
	ERC7		Marine water	PEC	0.0128µg/L	0.05120
	ERC7		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.0076µg/kg	0.00383
	ERC7		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0011µg/kg	0.00056
	ERC7		Soil	PEC	0.0029mg/kg	
	ERC7		Air	PEC	0.0014µg/m³	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0094ng/m3	
PROC2	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.092ng/m3	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0048µg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario



Sulphuric Acid >=96%

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



1. Short title of Exposure Sc	enario 9: Use in produc	tion of sulphuric acid contained batteries		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses sites	s of substances as such or in preparations at industrial		
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC2: Formulation of prep ERC5: Industrial use result	arations ing in inclusion into or onto a matrix		
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC2, ERC5		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2500 ton(s)/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year		
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d		
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10		
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100		
Conditions and massures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d		
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill		
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling worker exposi	ure for: PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC9		
Droduct above storictics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0.06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker exposure should be	e low and controlled		
	Frequency of use	220 days/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expe			
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 480 cm² Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exp is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented cases		corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure		
	Indoors, any sized room, w	rith good natural ventilation		
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material. Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as			
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases,	possible Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly			
	- acciding proced	and of their account of the articles		



Sulphuric Acid >=96%

dispersion and exposure	supervised
	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks
Conditions and measures related	
to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	boots and protective coverall)

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

20020 12.1 10.2					
Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC2		Fresh water	PEC	0.0369µg/L	0.01476
ERC2		Marine water	PEC	0.0054µg/L	0.02144
ERC2		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.0032µg/kg	0.00160
ERC2		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0005µg/kg	0.00023
ERC2		Soil	PEC	0.166µg/kg	
ERC2		Air	PEC	0.0006µg/m³	
ERC5		Fresh water	PEC	0.0788µg/L	0.03152
ERC5		Marine water	PEC	0.0107µg/L	0.04280
ERC5		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.0064µg/kg	0.00319
ERC5		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0009µg/kg	0.00046
ERC5		Soil	PEC	0.335µg/kg	
ERC5		Air	PEC	0.0012µg/m³	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC2	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	1.4μg/m³	
PROC3	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.014mg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0012mg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.0012mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that

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Sulphuric Acid >=96%	
risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.	
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1. Short title of Exposure Sc	enario 10: Use in recycl	ing of sulphuric acid contained batteries		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of sub	stances		
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC1		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%		
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2500 ton(s)/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year		
Environment factors not	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d		
influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10		
a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100		
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant		
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d		
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill		
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC2, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a				
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0.06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker exposure considere	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems.		
	Frequency of use	220 days/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted		
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²		
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposur is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in cases			
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation			
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
Technical conditions and	Provide local exhaust venti	lation (LEV).		
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Sulphuric Acid >=96%

	measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker				
Ш	Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Substance-handling procedures shall be well docused supervised Workers involved in sampling and transfer of mate trained in the procedures and protective equipmen	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance			
		Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly			
		supervised			
		Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are			
		trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the			
		worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			
I	Conditions and measures related	Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves,			
I	to personal protection, hygiene	boots and protective coverall)			
I	and health evaluation				

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC1		Fresh water	PEC	0.0074µg/L	0.00295
ERC1		Marine water	PEC	0.0011µg/L	0.00428
ERC1		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.0638ng/kg	0.00032
ERC1		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0093ng/kg	0.00005
ERC1		Soil	PEC	0.0335µg/kg	
ERC1		Air	PEC	0.0001µg/m³	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC2	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.0012mg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic 0.004mg/m³		
PROC5	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.013mg/m³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.006mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

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1. Short title of Exposure Sc	enario 11: Use in mainte	enance of sulphuric acid contained batteries			
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)				
Process categories	PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available				
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8b: Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC9b: Wide dispersive outdoor use of substances in closed systems				
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8b, ERC9b					
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%			
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2500 ton(s)/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
Environment factors not	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d			
influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
, 3	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
O disi	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d			
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill			
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	ure for: PROC19			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%			
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid			
	Vapour pressure	2.14 hPa			
Amount used					
	Frequency of use	220 days/year			
requency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min			
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted			
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day			
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²			
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases				
Other operational conditions	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation				
affecting workers exposure	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible				
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases,	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised				
dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation					



3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC8b		Fresh water	PEC	0.001µg/L	0.00424
ERC8b		Marine water	PEC	0.333ng/L	0.00133
ERC8b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0.914ng/kg	0.00046
ERC8b		Marine sediment	PEC	0.0288ng/kg	0.00001
ERC8b		Soil	PEC	0.671ng/kg	
ERC8b		Air	PEC	0.002ng/m3	
ERC9b		Fresh water	PEC	0.003µg/L	0.01340
ERC9b		Marine water	PEC	1.85ng/L	0.00740
ERC9b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	2.89ng/kg	0.00140
ERC9b	-	Marine sediment	PEC	0.16ng/kg	0.00008
ERC9b		Soil	PEC	0.003µg/kg	
ERC9b		Air	PEC	0.12ng/m3	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
	90th percentile value	Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.002mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.