

EPR: Housing Review

Trading Title: J & A Moon

Site: Yarrow Hey

Review Date: 24/10/2025 Next Review Date: October 2026

Item of housing	Description of standard	Which buildings meet the standards?	Improvement Plan
Drinkers and troughs (all buildings)	Drinkers and troughs should be designed to prevent leakage (wastage).	All buildings meet these standards.	N/A
Sows – Slurry/ FYM system	- Slurry systems for sows should comprise either: - a partly-slatted floor with a reduced area manure pit; or - a fully or partly-slatted floor with vacuum system for frequent slurry removal. - Solid floor systems should comprise: - scraped areas that prevent ponding or build up of urine; - dung passages and bedded areas sloped to drain urine and prevent ponding.	Sow buildings are a mixture of FYM, partially slatted and fully slatted (gilts). FYM buildings have scraped areas (passageways) and are managed to avoid pooling and build up of urine. FYM is deeply bedded to reduce ammonia emissions. Partially and fully slatted buildings operate with frequent slurry removal; manure is regularly removed from slatted stores and exported off the holding. Slats are designed to ensure manure and urine is transferred easily and quickly to the store. Channels are designed to effectively transfer manure and urine to	N/A

		slatted storage. They do not store slurry.	
Farrowing sows including piglets – Slurry system	• Slurry systems for farrowing sows including piglets should comprise a part or fully- slatted floor with: ▪ a combination of water and manure channel; or ▪ a flushing system with manure gutters; or ▪ a manure pan underneath. • Farrowing pens should provide a slurry channel at the rear of the sow, away from the feeding area.	All farrowing sheds are fully or partially slatted. Farrowing pens have a channel at the rear of the sow away from the feeding area. 2 farrowing houses are on a manure pan and three farrowing houses are on manure channels.	
Weaners - Slurry system	• Slurry systems for weaners should comprise a pen: ▪ or flatdeck with a fully-slatted or partly-slatted floor with a vacuum system for frequent slurry removal; ▪ or flatdeck with a fully-slatted floor beneath which there is a concrete sloped floor to separate faeces or urine; or ▪ with a partly-slatted floor (two climate system); or	All weaners are in a fully slatted shed. Partially and fully slatted buildings operate with frequent slurry removal; manure is regularly removed from slatted stores and exported off the holding. Slats are designed to ensure manure and urine is transferred easily and quickly	N/A

	▪ with a partly-slatted floor and a sloped or convex solid floor; or ▪ with a partly-slatted floor and a shallow manure pit and channel for spoiled drinking water; or ▪ with a partly-slatted floor with triangular slats and a manure channel with sloped side walls.	to the store. Channels are designed to effectively transfer manure and urine to slatted storage. They do not store slurry.	
Growers / finishers - Slurry / FYM system	• Slurry systems for growers/finishers should comprise: ▪ a fully-slatted floor with vacuum system for frequent removal; or ▪ a partly-slatted floor with a reduced manure pit, including slanted walls and a vacuum system; or ▪ a partly-slatted floor with a central convex solid floor at the front of the pen, a manure gutter with slanted sidewalls and sloped manure pit.	Growers / finishers sheds are a mixture of FYM and fully slatted sheds. FYM buildings have scraped areas (passageways) and are managed to avoid pooling and build up of urine. FYM is deeply bedded to reduce ammonia emissions. Partially and fully slatted buildings operate with frequent slurry removal; manure is regularly removed from slatted stores and exported off the holding. Slats are designed to ensure manure and urine is transferred easily and quickly to the store. Channels are designed to effectively transfer manure and urine to	

		slatted storage. They do not store slurry.	
Slurry management and dunging behaviour	• Dunging and lying areas should be clearly differentiated to ensure that the lying areas are kept clean and dry. • Scraped areas should be operated to prevent ponding or build up of urine. • Dunging areas should be cleaned out by scraping at least three times a week. • Deep straw systems, bedded areas and straw yards should have sufficient straw or other bedding material to keep the lying area clean and dry, and to bind nitrogen to reduce ammonia emissions. • Floors should be kept free from urine or slurry puddles, either through: ▪ the provision of additional bedding material to soak it up, or ▪ management to address puddles as they arise – scraping or washing down.	• FYM buildings have scraped areas (passageways) and are managed to avoid pooling and build up of urine. • Dunging areas on partially slatted housing or where there are passageways are scraped at least 3x per week. • Grower/finishers, weaners and sows on deep straw systems, and bedded areas have sufficient straw or paper bedding material to keep the lying area clean and dry, and to bind nitrogen to reduce ammonia emissions, and to avoid urine and slurry puddles. • Lying and dunging areas are kept separate	

Ventilation	• Draughts should be avoided in lying areas. • Draughts under slatted flooring should be minimised by dividing the airspace with plastic sheet. • Dunging areas in naturally ventilated buildings should be sited beneath air inlets. • Lying areas should be sited under baffled inlets in low-pressure fan ventilated buildings.	Draughts are reduced with plastic sheeting and dunging areas are sited under air inlets.	
Temperature	• The minimum temperature such that pigs do not need to huddle together should be maintained. • Where artificial heating is provided to weaners, controls should be used to match heating needs to minimise energy wastage.	All buildings meet these standards. Maintenance and upgrades are regularly made to keep these standards up to date.	N/A – ongoing maintenance only as required. As a part of the normal operations of the enterprise.
General management	• Drinkers and troughs should be operated to prevent leakage • Floors and walls should be kept clean. Keep pigs clean to help keep walls clean. • Cracks and damaged areas of walls should be repaired	All buildings meet these standards. Maintenance and upgrades are regularly made to keep these standards up to date.	N/A – ongoing maintenance only as required. As a part of the normal operations of the enterprise.